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**Kim et al.**

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(54) **CONDENSED CYCLIC COMPOUND AND ORGANIC LIGHT-EMITTING DEVICE INCLUDING THE SAME**

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**C07F 7/08** (2006.01)  
**H01L 51/50** (2006.01)

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CPC ..... **H01L 51/0094** (2013.01); **C07F 7/0807**  
(2013.01); **H01L 51/0067** (2013.01); **H01L 51/0085** (2013.01); **H01L 51/5016** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None  
See application file for complete search history.

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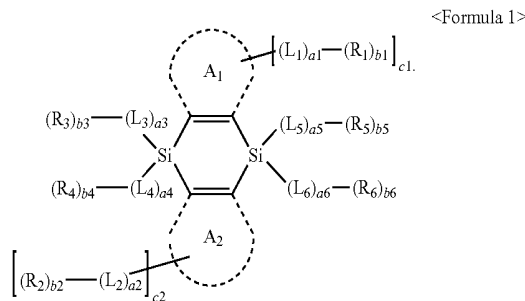
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A condensed cyclic compound and an organic light-emitting device, the condensed cyclic compound being represented by Formula 1:



**15 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets**

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190
150
110

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FIG. 1

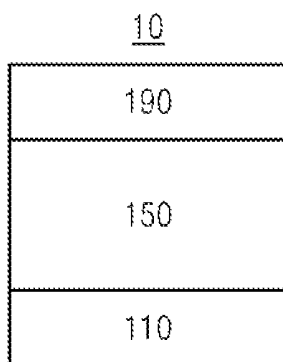


FIG. 2

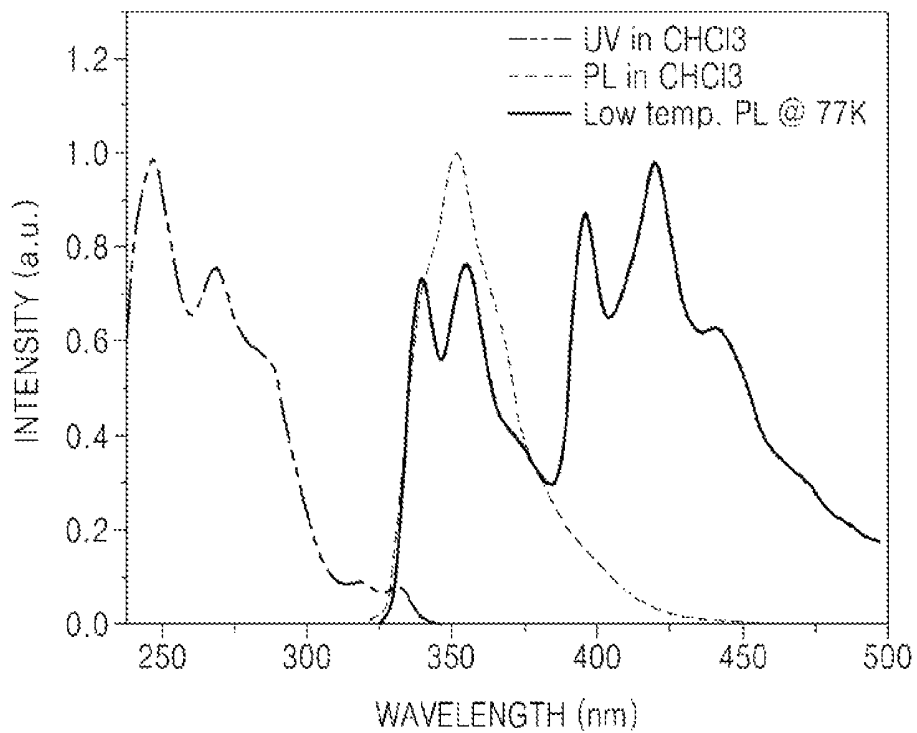
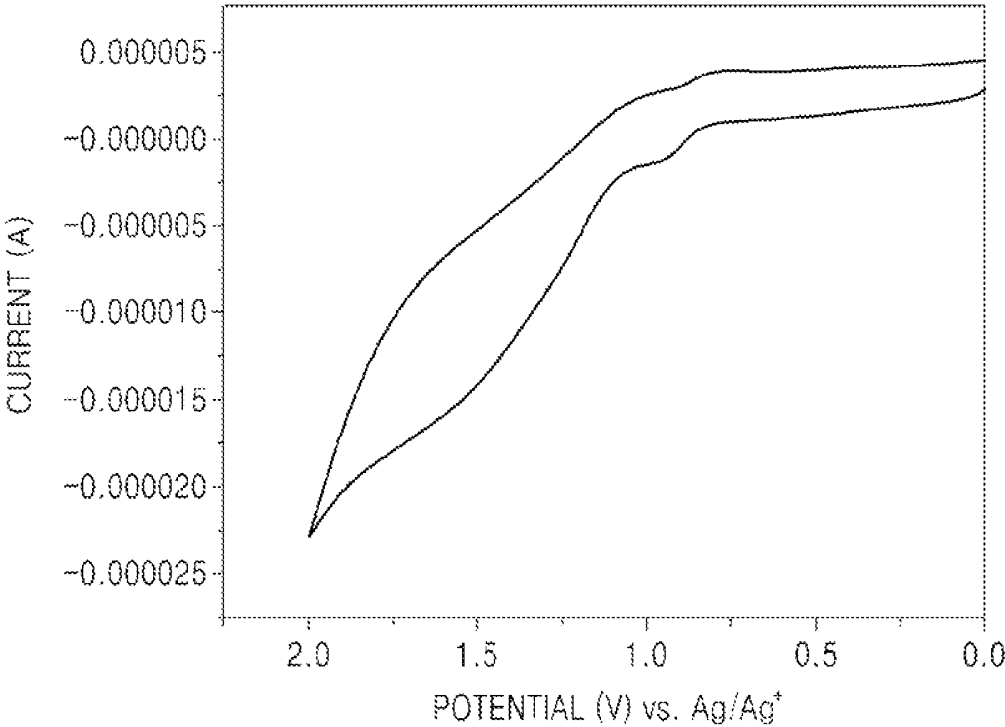


FIG. 3



**CONDENSED CYCLIC COMPOUND AND  
ORGANIC LIGHT-EMITTING DEVICE  
INCLUDING THE SAME**

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED  
APPLICATION

Korean Patent Application No. 10-2014-0100696, filed on Aug. 5, 2014, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, and entitled: "Condensed Cyclic Compound and Organic Light-Emitting Device Comprising the Same," is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

1. Field

Embodiments relate to a condensed cyclic compound and an organic light-emitting device including the same.

2. Description of the Related Art

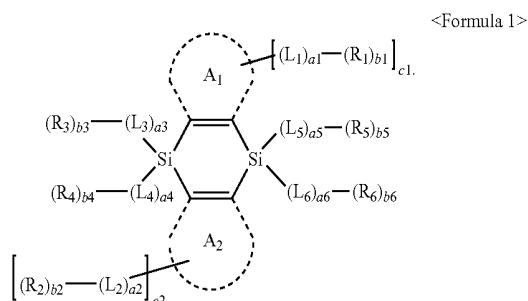
Organic light-emitting devices (OLEDs), which are self-emitting devices, may have advantages such as wide viewing angles, excellent contrast, quick response, high brightness, excellent driving voltage characteristics, and can provide multicolored images.

An organic light-emitting device may have a structure in which a first electrode, a hole transport region, an emission layer, an electron transport region, and a second electrode are sequentially disposed in this order on a substrate. Holes injected from the first electrode may move to the emission layer via the hole transport region, while electrons injected from the second electrode may move to the emission layer via the electron transport region. Carriers such as the holes and electrons may recombine in the emission layer to generate excitons. When the excitons drop from an excited state to a ground state, light may be emitted.

SUMMARY

Embodiments are directed to a condensed cyclic compound and an organic light-emitting device including the same.

According to one or more embodiments, there is provided a condensed cyclic compound represented by Formula 1:



wherein, in Formula 1,

A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> are each independently a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aromatic ring or a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaromatic ring, wherein A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> are not benzene at the same time;

L<sub>1</sub> to L<sub>6</sub> are each independently selected from a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylene

group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroarylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a substituted or unsubstituted divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group;

a1 to a6 are each independently selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;

R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q<sub>1</sub>)(Q<sub>2</sub>), —B(Q<sub>3</sub>)(Q<sub>4</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>5</sub>)(Q<sub>6</sub>)(Q<sub>7</sub>);

b1 to b6 are each independently selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;

c1 and c2 are each independently selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;

wherein at least one substituent of the substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylene group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkylene group, the substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylene group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenylene group, the substituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylene group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroarylene group, the substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, the substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, the substituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, the substituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, the substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, the substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, the substituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, the substituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, the substituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group is selected from

a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group;

a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocy-

cloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q<sub>11</sub>)(Q<sub>12</sub>), —B(Q<sub>13</sub>)(Q<sub>14</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>15</sub>)(Q<sub>16</sub>)(Q<sub>17</sub>);

a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group;

a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q<sub>21</sub>)(Q<sub>22</sub>), —B(Q<sub>23</sub>)(Q<sub>24</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>25</sub>)(Q<sub>26</sub>)(Q<sub>27</sub>); and

—N(Q<sub>31</sub>)(Q<sub>32</sub>), —B(Q<sub>33</sub>)(Q<sub>34</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>35</sub>)(Q<sub>36</sub>)(Q<sub>37</sub>),

wherein Q<sub>1</sub> to Q<sub>7</sub>, Q<sub>11</sub> to Q<sub>17</sub>, Q<sub>21</sub> to Q<sub>27</sub>, and Q<sub>31</sub> to Q<sub>37</sub> are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

According to one or more embodiments, an organic light-emitting device includes: a first electrode; a second electrode disposed opposite to the first electrode; and an organic layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode and including an emission layer, wherein the organic layer includes at least one of the above-described condensed cyclic compounds of Formula 1.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Features will be apparent to those of skill in the art by describing in detail exemplary embodiments with reference to the attached drawings in which:

FIG. 1 illustrates a schematic view of a structure of an organic light-emitting device according to an embodiment;

FIG. 2 illustrates UV absorption and photoluminescence (PL) spectra of Compound 5 obtained in Synthesis Example 1, and low-temperature PL spectrum thereof; and

FIG. 3 illustrates a cyclic voltammetry curve of Compound 5 of Synthesis Example 1.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

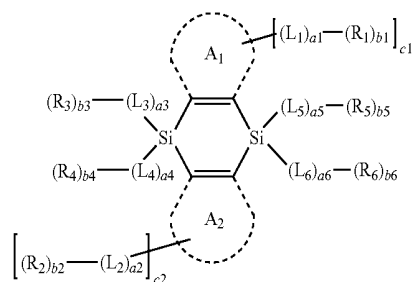
Example embodiments will now be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings; however, they may be embodied in different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein. Rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey exemplary implementations to those skilled in the art.

In the drawing figures, the dimensions of layers and regions may be exaggerated for clarity of illustration. Like reference numerals refer to like elements throughout.

As used herein, the term “and/or” includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. Expressions such as “at least one of,” when preceding a list of elements, modify the entire list of elements and do not modify the individual elements of the list.

According to an embodiment, there is provided a condensed cyclic compound represented by Formula 1:

<Formula 1>



In Formula 1,

A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> may be each independently a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aromatic ring or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaromatic ring. In an implementation, A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> may not both be a benzene at the same time.

In Formula 1, A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> may be condensed rings each sharing carbon with an adjacent 6-membered ring (e.g., the 6 membered ring that includes silicon).

For example, A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> may be the same or differ from each other. When A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> are the same, A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> may not both be benzene.

In an implementation, the C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aromatic ring may be a benzene, a naphthalene, or an anthracene; and the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaromatic ring may be a pyridine, a pyridazine, a pyrimidine, a pyrazine, a triazine, a quinoline, an isoquinoline, a phthalazine, a naphthyridine, a quinoxaline, a quinazoline, a cinnoline, a benzothiophene, a benzofuran, a dibenzothiophene, or a dibenzofuran.

In an implementation, A<sub>1</sub> may be a benzene, a naphthalene, or an anthracene; and A<sub>2</sub> may be a naphthalene or an anthracene.

In an implementation, A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> may be each independently a pyridine, a pyridazine, a pyrimidine, a pyrazine, a triazine, a quinoline, an isoquinoline, a phthalazine, a naphthyridine, a quinoxaline, a quinazoline, a cinnoline, a benzothiophene, a benzofuran, a dibenzothiophene, or a dibenzofuran.

In an implementation,  $A_1$  may be a benzene, a naphthalene, an anthracene, a pyridine, a pyridazine, a pyrimidine, a pyrazine, a triazine, a quinoline, an isoquinoline, a phthalazine, a naphthyridine, a quinoxaline, a quinazoline, or a cinnoline; and  $A_2$  may be a naphthalene, an anthracene, a pyridine, a pyridazine, a pyrimidine, a pyrazine, a triazine, a quinoline, an isoquinoline, a phthalazine, a naphthyridine, a quinoxaline, a quinazoline, or a cinnoline. However, embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

In Formula 1,  $L_1$  to  $L_6$  may be each independently selected from a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroarylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a substituted or unsubstituted divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

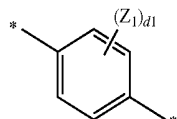
In an implementation,  $L_1$  to  $L_6$  in Formula 1 may be each independently selected from:

a phenylene group, a pentalenylene group, an indenylene group, a naphthylene group, an azulenylene group, a heptalenylene group, an indacenylene group, an acenaphthylenylene group, a fluorenylene group, a spiro-fluorenylene group, a benzofluorenylene group, a dibenzofluorenylene group, a phenalenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylene group, a fluoranthenylene group, a triphenylenylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a naphthacenylene group, a picenylene group, a perylenylene group, a pentaphenylene group, a hexacenylene group, a pentacenylene group, a rubicenylene group, a coronenylene group, an ovalenylene group, a pyrrolylene group, a thiophenylene group, a furanylene group, an imidazolylene group, a pyrazolylene group, a thiazolylene group, an isothiazolylene group, an oxazolylene group, an isooxazolylene group, a pyridinylene group, a pyrazinylene group, a pyrimidinylene group, a pyridazinylene group, an isoindolylene group, an indolylene group, an indazolylene group, a purinylene group, a quinolinylene group, an isoquinolinylene group, a benzoquinolinylene group, a phthalazinylene group, a naphthyridinylene group, a quinoxalinylene group, a quinazolinylene group, a cinnolinylene group, a carbazolylene group, a phenanthridinylene group, an acridinylene group, a phenanthrolinylene group, a phenazinylene group, a benzoimidazolylene group, a benzofuranylene group, a benzothiophenylene group, an isobenzothiazolylene group, a benzooxazolylene group, an isobenzooxazolylene group, a triazolylene group, a tetrazolylene group, an oxadiazolylene group, a triazinylene group, a dibenzofuranylene group, a dibenzothiophenylene group, a benzocarbazolylene group, a dibenzocarbazolylene group, a thiadiazolylene group, an imidazopyridinylene group, and an imidazopyrimidinylene group; and

a phenylene group, a pentalenylene group, an indenylene group, a naphthylene group, an azulenylene group, a heptalenylene group, an indacenylene group, an acenaphthylenylene group, a fluorenylene group, a spiro-fluorenylene group, a benzofluorenylene group, a dibenzofluorenylene group, a phenalenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylene group, a fluoranthenylene group, a triphenylenylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a naphthacenylene group, a picenylene group, a perylenylene group, a pentaphenylene group, a hexacenylene group, a pentacenylene group, a rubicenylene group, a coronenylene

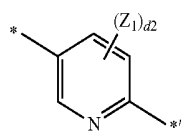
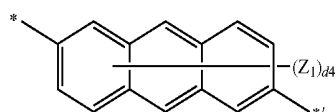
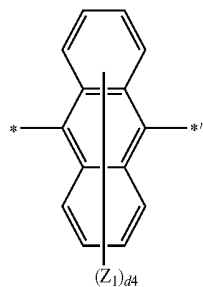
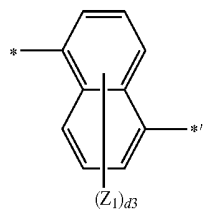
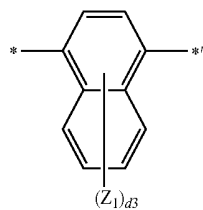
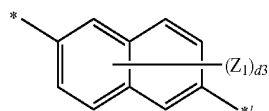
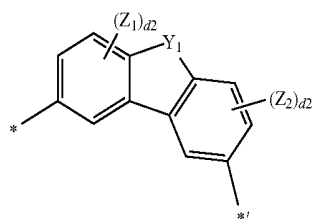
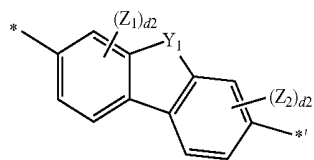
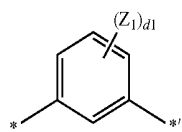
group, an ovalenylene group, a pyrrolylene group, a thiophenylene group, a furanylene group, an imidazolylene group, a pyrazolylene group, a thiazolylene group, an isothiazolylene group, an oxazolylene group, an isooxazolylene group, a pyridinylene group, a pyrazinylene group, a pyrimidinylene group, a pyridazinylene group, an isoindolylene group, an indolylene group, an indazolylene group, a purinylene group, a quinolinylene group, an isoquinolinylene group, a benzoquinolinylene group, a phthalazinylene group, a naphthyridinylene group, a quinoxalinylene group, a quinazolinylene group, a cinnolinylene group, a carbazolylene group, a phenanthridinylene group, an acridinylene group, a phenanthrolinylene group, a phenazinylene group, a benzoimidazolylene group, a benzofuranylene group, a benzothiophenylene group, an isobenzothiazolylene group, a benzooxazolylene group, an isobenzooxazolylene group, a triazolylene group, a tetrazolylene group, an oxadiazolylene group, a triazinylene group, a dibenzofuranylene group, a dibenzothiophenylene group, a benzocarbazolylene group, a dibenzocarbazolylene group, a thiadiazolylene group, an imidazopyridinylene group, and an imidazopyrimidinylene group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, an a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovalenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzooxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group.

In an implementation,  $L_1$  to  $L_6$  in Formula 1 may be each independently a group represented by one of Formulae 3-1 to 3-32:



Formula 3-1

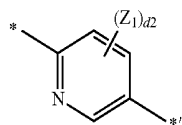
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8  
-continued

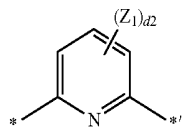
Formula 3-2

5



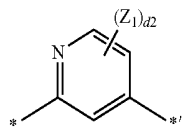
Formula 3-3

10



Formula 3-4

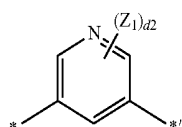
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20

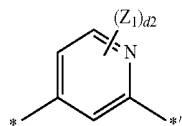
Formula 3-5

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Formula 3-6

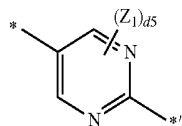
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Formula 3-7

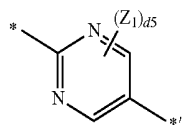
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Formula 3-8

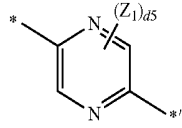
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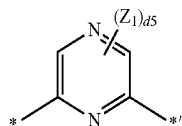
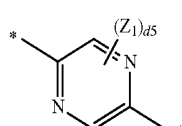
Formula 3-9

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Formula 3-10



Formula 3-11

Formula 3-12

Formula 3-13

Formula 3-14

Formula 3-15

Formula 3-16

Formula 3-17

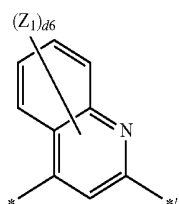
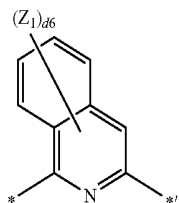
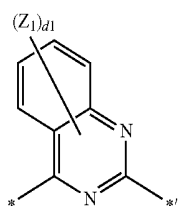
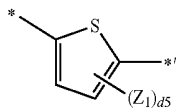
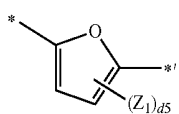
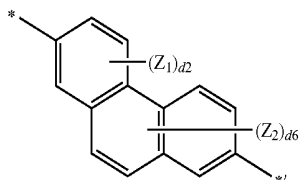
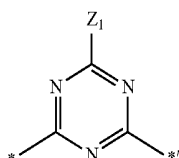
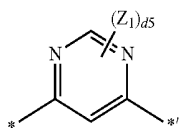
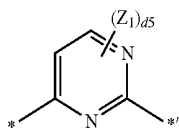
Formula 3-18

Formula 3-19

Formula 3-20

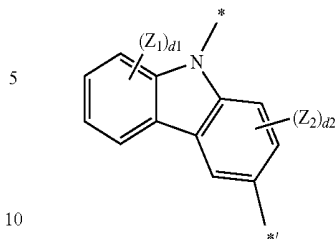
Formula 3-21

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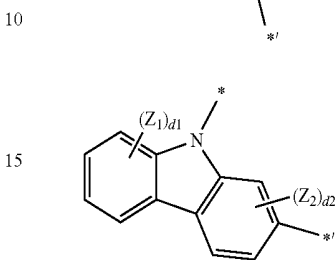


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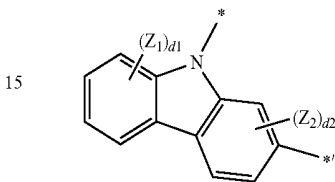
Formula 3-22



Formula 3-23



Formula 3-24



Formula 3-25

In Formulae 3-1 to 3-32,

Y<sub>1</sub> may be O, S, C(Z<sub>3</sub>)(Z<sub>4</sub>), N(Z<sub>5</sub>), or Si(Z<sub>6</sub>)(Z<sub>7</sub>);

Formula 3-26

Z<sub>1</sub> to Z<sub>7</sub> may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino groups, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group;

Formula 3-27

d<sub>1</sub> may be an integer selected from 1 to 4;d<sub>2</sub> may be an integer selected from 1 to 3;d<sub>3</sub> may be an integer selected from 1 to 6;d<sub>4</sub> may be an integer selected from 1 to 8;d<sub>5</sub> may be 1 or 2;d<sub>6</sub> may be an integer selected from 1 to 5; and

Formula 3-28

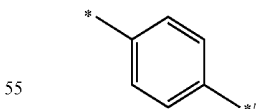
\* and \*' may be binding sites with adjacent atoms.

Formula 3-29

In an implementation, L<sub>1</sub> to L<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1 may be each independently a group represented by one of Formulae 4-1 to 4-23.

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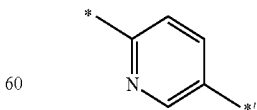
Formula 4-1



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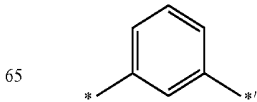
Formula 4-2

Formula 3-30



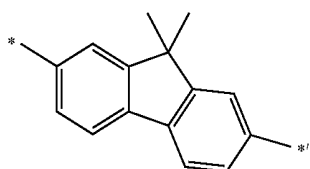
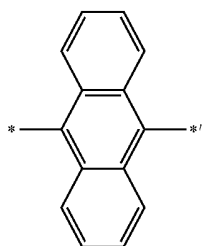
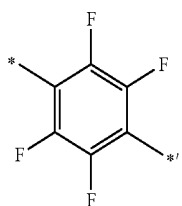
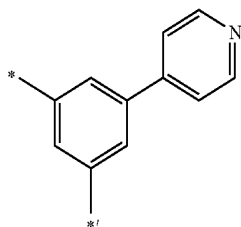
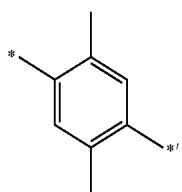
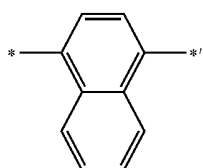
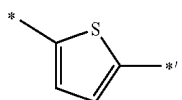
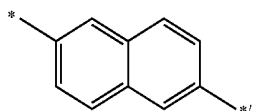
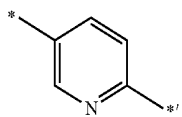
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Formula 4-3



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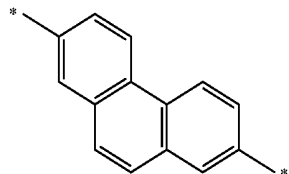
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-continued



**12**  
-continued

Formula 4-4

5

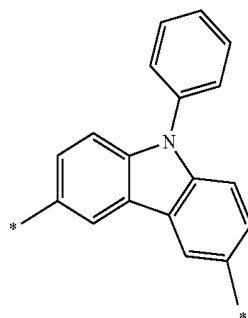


Formula 4-5

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Formula 4-6

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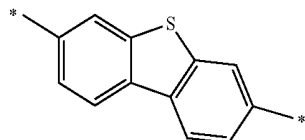


Formula 4-7

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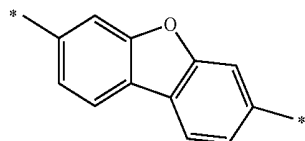
Formula 4-8

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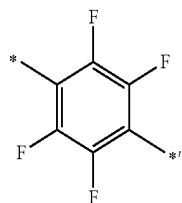
Formula 4-9

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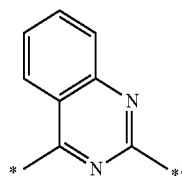
Formula 4-10

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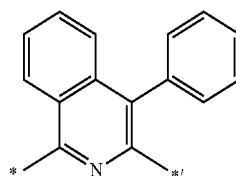
Formula 4-11

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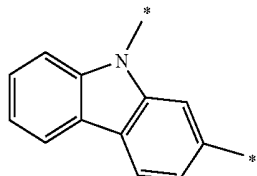


Formula 4-12

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Formula 4-13

Formula 4-14

Formula 4-15

Formula 4-16

Formula 4-17

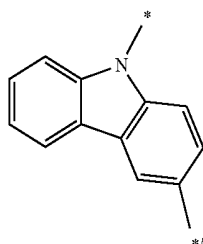
Formula 4-18

Formula 4-19

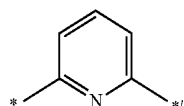
Formula 4-20

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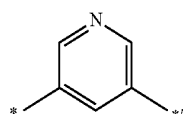
-continued



Formula 4-21



Formula 4-22



Formula 4-23

In Formulae 4-1 and 4-23, \* and \*' may be binding sites with adjacent atoms.

In Formula 1, a<sub>1</sub>, which indicates the number of L<sub>1</sub>s, may be selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3. In an implementation, a<sub>1</sub> may be 0 or 1. When a<sub>1</sub> is 0, \*(L<sub>1</sub>)<sub>a<sub>1</sub></sub>\*' may be a single bond. When a<sub>1</sub> is 2 or greater, two or more L<sub>1</sub>s may be the same or differ from each other. In Formula 1, a<sub>2</sub>, a<sub>3</sub>, a<sub>4</sub>, a<sub>5</sub>, and a<sub>6</sub> may be understood based on the description of a<sub>1</sub> and the structure of Formula 1.

In an implementation, a<sub>1</sub> to a<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1 may be each independently 0 or 1.

In Formula 1, R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q<sub>1</sub>)(Q<sub>2</sub>), —B(Q<sub>3</sub>)(Q<sub>4</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>5</sub>)(Q<sub>6</sub>)(Q<sub>7</sub>), wherein Q<sub>1</sub> to Q<sub>7</sub> may be the same as defined herein.

In an implementation, R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1 may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl

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group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, and —Si(Q<sub>5</sub>)(Q<sub>6</sub>)(Q<sub>7</sub>), wherein Q<sub>5</sub> to Q<sub>7</sub> may be the same as defined herein.

In an implementation, R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1 may be each independently selected from:

a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group;

a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovalenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzooxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranlyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzosilolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group;

a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovalenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranlyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzooxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranlyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl

group, a dibenzosilolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenylyl group, a pentacenylyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovalenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzooxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzosilolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group; and

—Si(Q<sub>5</sub>)(Q<sub>6</sub>)(Q<sub>7</sub>), wherein Q<sub>5</sub> to Q<sub>7</sub> may be the same as defined herein.

In an implementation, R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1 may be each independently selected from:

a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group;

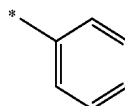
a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group; and

azolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group; and

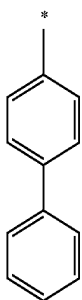
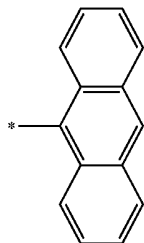
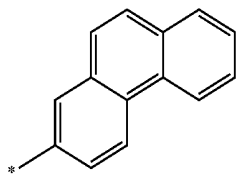
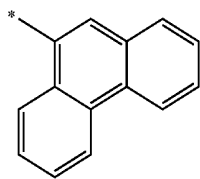
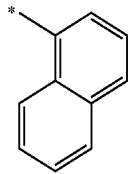
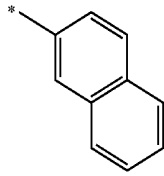
a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group.

In an implementation, R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1 may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, and a group represented by one of Formulae 6-1 to 6-49.

Formula 6-1



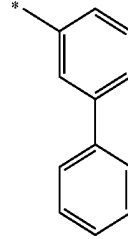
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-continued



**18**  
-continued

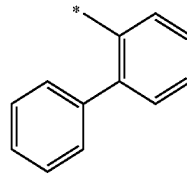
Formula 6-2

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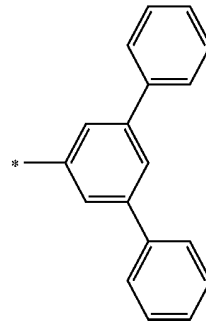
Formula 6-3 10

15



Formula 6-4

20

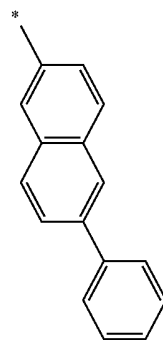


Formula 6-5 25

30

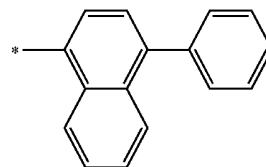
Formula 6-6

35



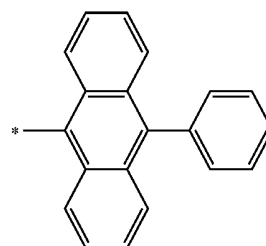
Formula 6-7 45

50



Formula 6-8 55

60



65

Formula 6-9

Formula 6-10

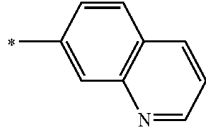
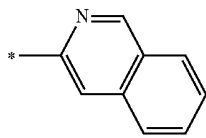
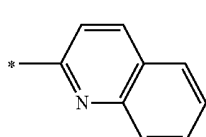
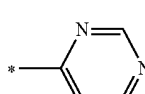
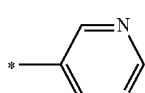
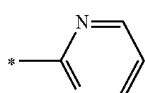
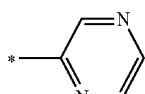
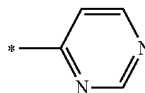
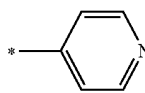
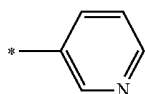
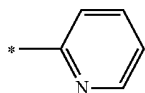
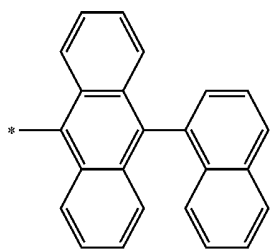
Formula 6-11

Formula 6-12

Formula 6-13

Formula 6-14

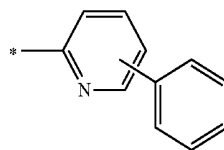
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**20**  
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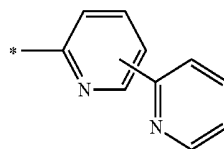
Formula 6-15

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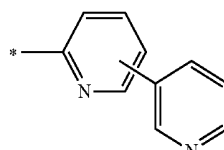
Formula 6-16

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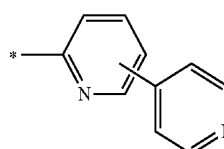
Formula 6-17

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Formula 6-18

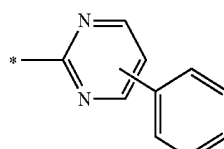
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Formula 6-19

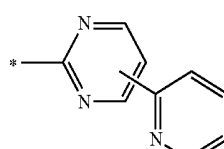
Formula 6-20

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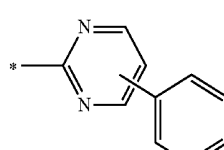
Formula 6-21

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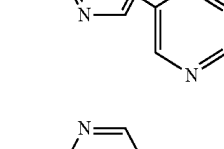
Formula 6-22

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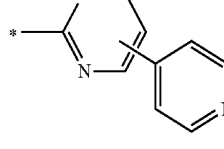
Formula 6-23

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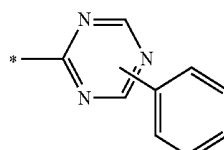
Formula 6-24

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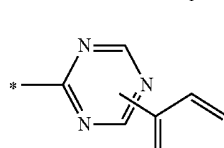
Formula 6-25

55



Formula 6-26

60



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Formula 6-27

Formula 6-28

Formula 6-29

Formula 6-30

Formula 6-31

Formula 6-32

Formula 6-33

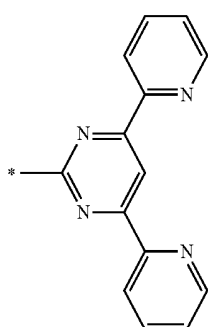
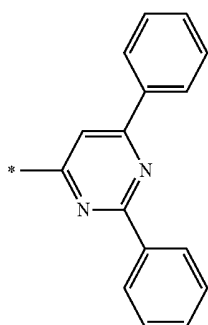
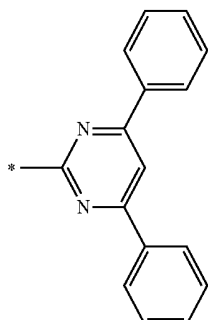
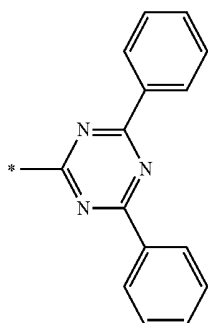
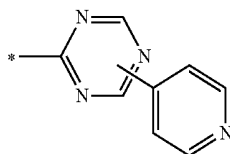
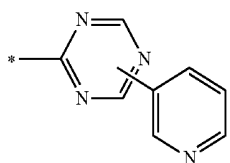
Formula 6-34

Formula 6-35

Formula 6-36

21

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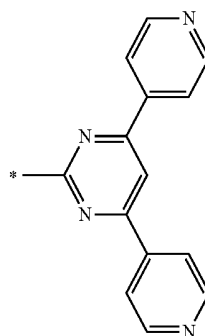


22

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Formula 6-37

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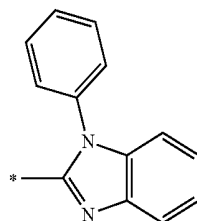


Formula 6-38

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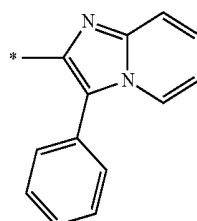
Formula 6-39

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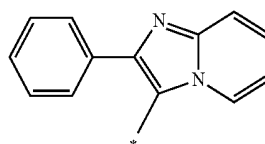
Formula 6-40

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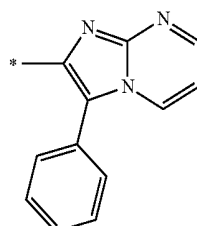


Formula 6-41

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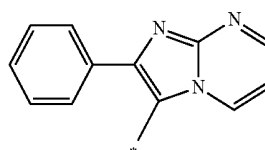
45



50

Formula 6-42

55



60

Formula 6-43

Formula 6-44

Formula 6-45

Formula 6-46

Formula 6-47

Formula 6-48

Formula 6-49

In Formulae 6-1 to 6-49, \* may be a binding site with an adjacent atom.

In Formula 1, b<sub>1</sub>, which indicates the number of R<sub>1</sub>s, may be selected from 0, 1, 2 and 3. In an implementation, b<sub>1</sub> may be 1 or 2. When b<sub>1</sub> is 2 or greater, two or more R<sub>1</sub>s may be the same or differ from each other. In Formula 1, b<sub>2</sub>, b<sub>3</sub>, b<sub>4</sub>,

23

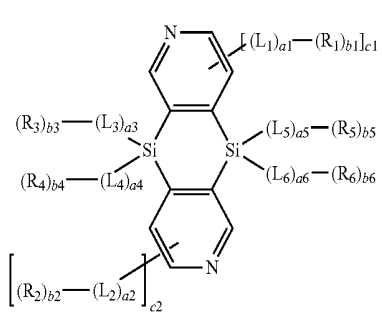
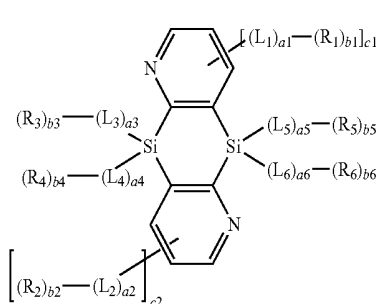
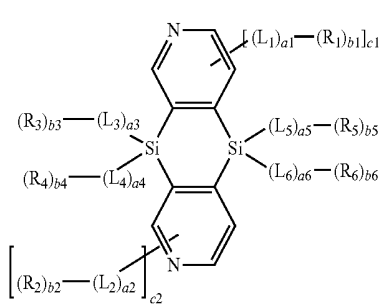
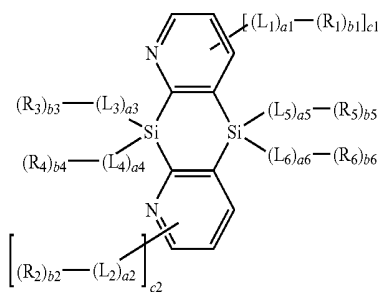
b5, and b6 may be understood based on the description of b1 and the structure of Formula 1.

In Formula 1, c1, which indicates the number of  $^*-(L_1)_{a1}-(R_1)_{b1}$ s, may be selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3. In an implementation, c1 may be 0 or 1. When c1 is 0, A<sub>1</sub> may be an unsubstituted ring. When c1 is 2 or greater, two or more  $^*-(L_1)_{a1}-(R_1)_{b1}$  may be the same or differ from each other. In Formula 1, c2 may be understood based on the description of c1 and the structure of Formula 1.

In an implementation, in Formula 1, c1 and c2 may be 0, a3 to a6 may be 0, and b3 to b6 may be 1.

In an implementation, in Formula 1, when c1 and c2 are 0, a3 to a6 are 0, and b3 to b6 are 1, R<sub>3</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> may be the same or differ from each other.

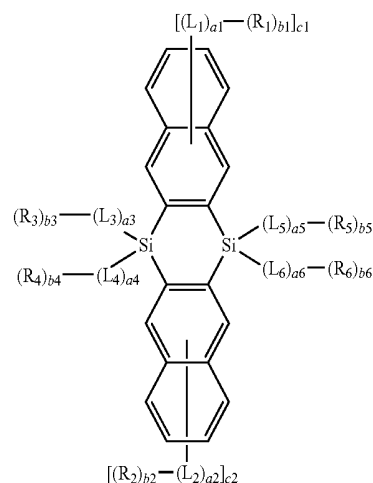
In an implementation, the condensed cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be represented by one of Formulae 1A to 1E.



24

-continued

<Formula 1E>



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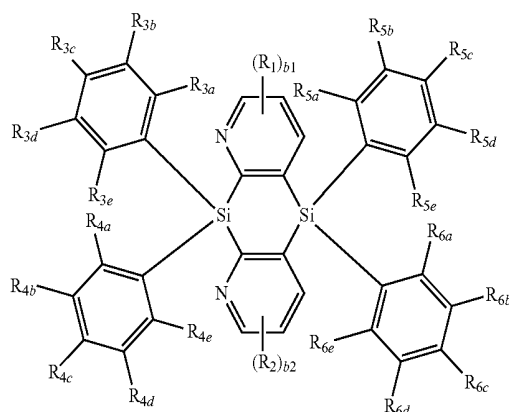
In Formulae 1A to 1E, L<sub>1</sub> to L<sub>6</sub>, a1 to a6, R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub>, b1 to b6, c1, and c2 may be the same as those defined above herein.

In an implementation, in Formulae 1A to 1E, L<sub>1</sub> to L<sub>6</sub> may be each independently a group represented by one of Formulae 4-1 to 4-23; and a1 to a6 may be each independently 0 or 1.

In an implementation, in Formulae 1A to 1E, R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, and a group represented by one of Formulae 6-1 to 6-49; and b1 to b6 may be 1.

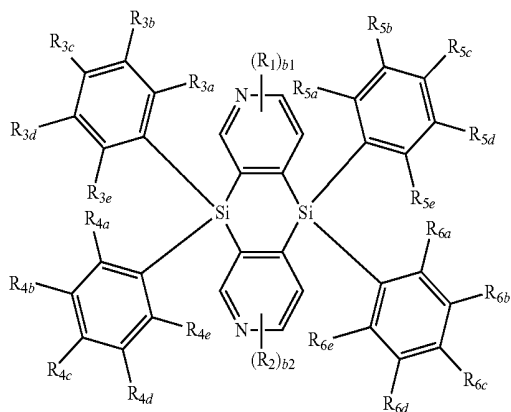
In an implementation, the condensed cyclic compound of Formula 1 may be represented by one of Formulae 1A(1) to 1A(5), Formulae 2A(1) to 2A(5), Formula 3A(1), and Formula 4A(1).

<Formula 1A(1)>



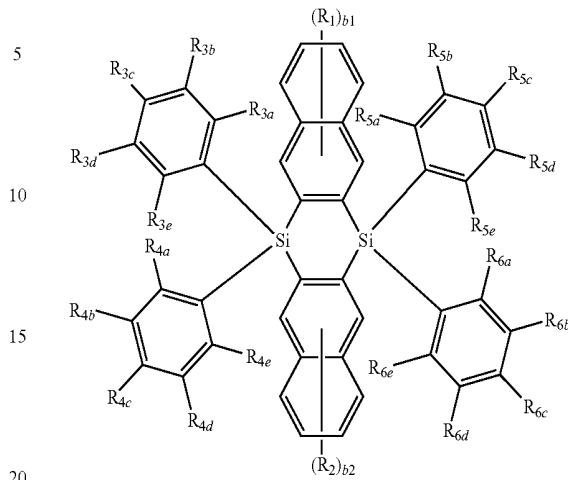
**25**  
-continued

<Formula 1A(2)>



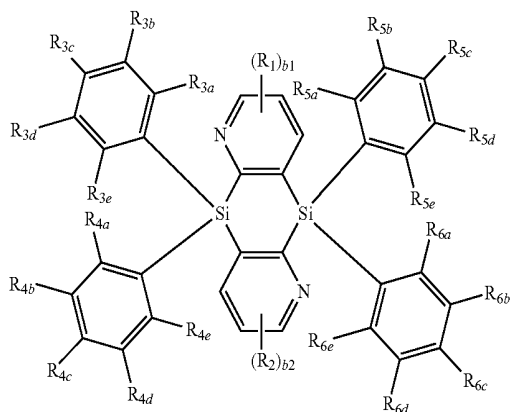
**26**  
-continued

<Formula 1A(5)>

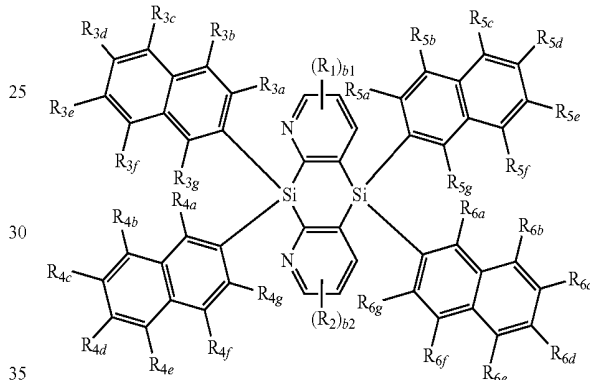
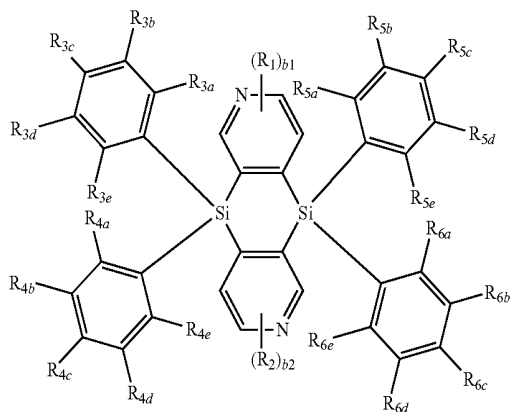


<Formula 2A(1)>

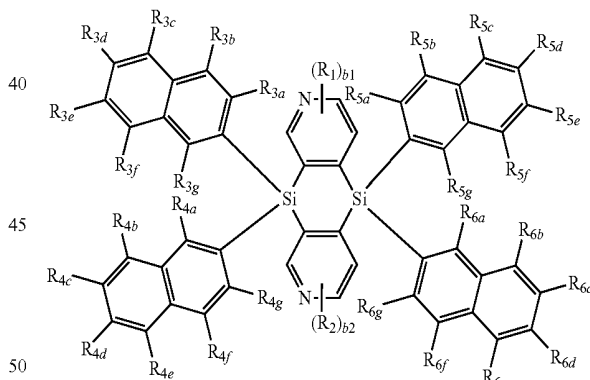
<Formula 1A(3)>



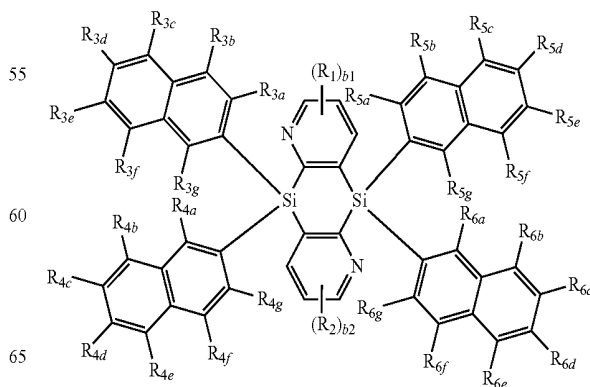
<Formula 1A(4)>



<Formula 2A(2)>

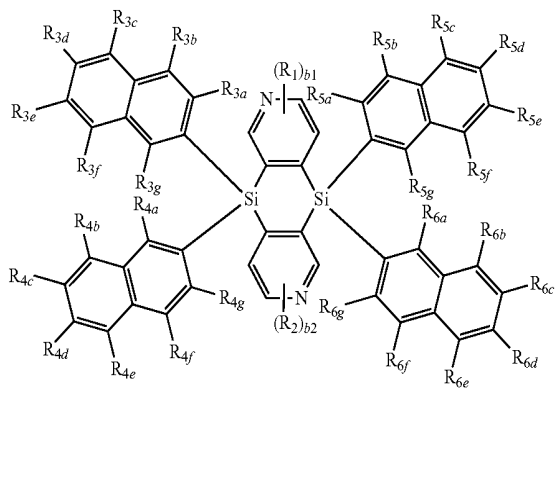


<Formula 2A(3)>



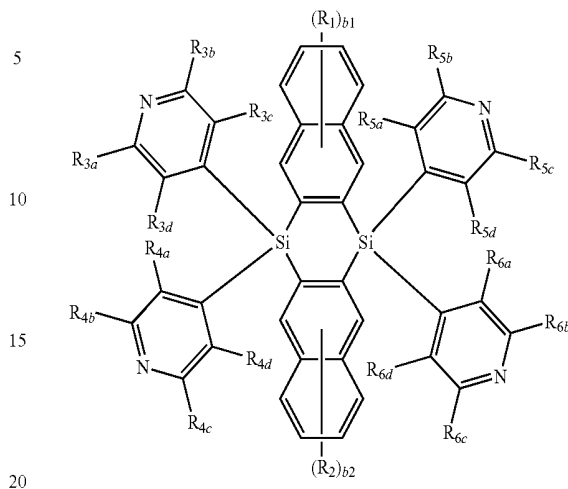
27  
-continued

<Formula 2A(4)>

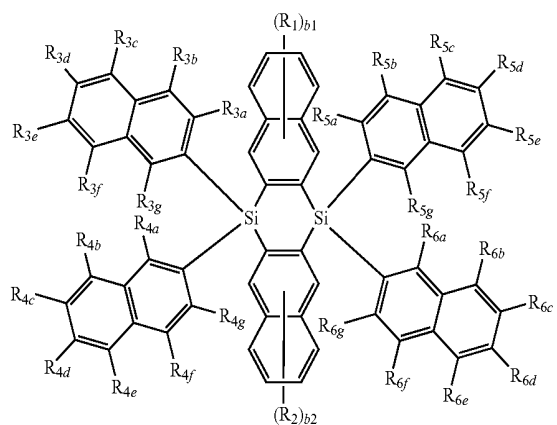


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-continued

<Formula 4A(1)>



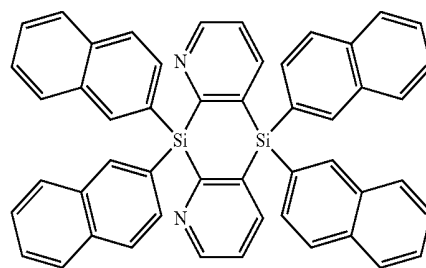
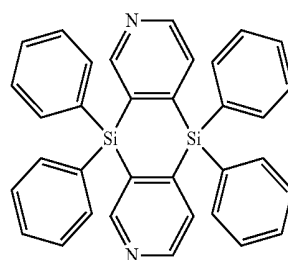
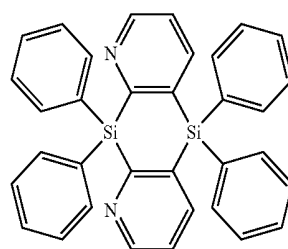
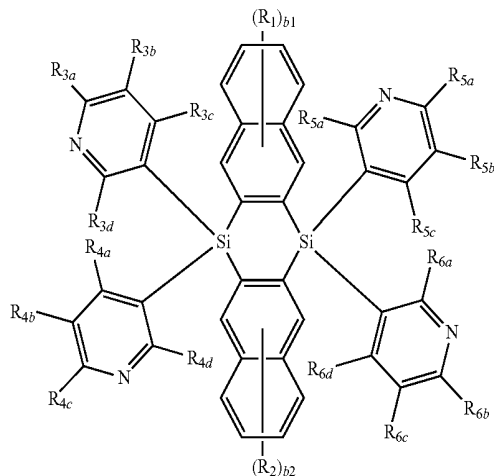
<Formula 2A(5)>



In Formulae 1A(1) to 1A(5), Formulae 2A(1) to 2A(5), Formula 3A(1), and Formula 4A(1), R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, b<sub>1</sub>, and b<sub>2</sub> may be the same as those defined herein, R<sub>3a</sub> to R<sub>3g</sub> may be each independently selected from the same groups as those defined for R<sub>3</sub> herein, R<sub>4a</sub> to R<sub>4g</sub> may be each independently selected from the same groups as those defined for R<sub>4</sub> herein, R<sub>5a</sub> to R<sub>5g</sub> may be each independently selected from the same groups as those defined for R<sub>5</sub> herein, and R<sub>6a</sub> to R<sub>6g</sub> may be each independently selected from the same groups as those defined for R<sub>6</sub> herein.

In an implementation, the condensed cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be one of Compounds 1 to 7.

<Formula 3A(1)>



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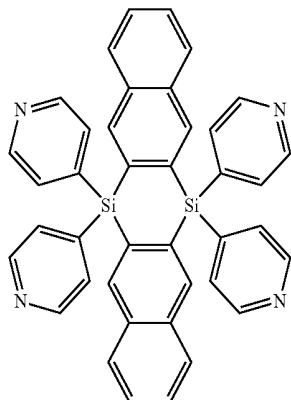
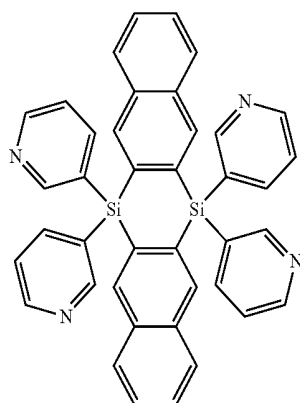
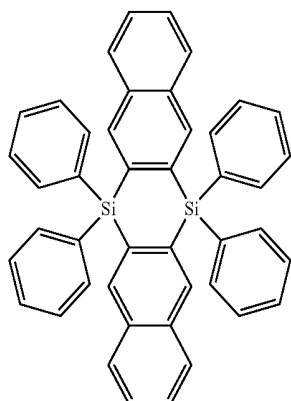
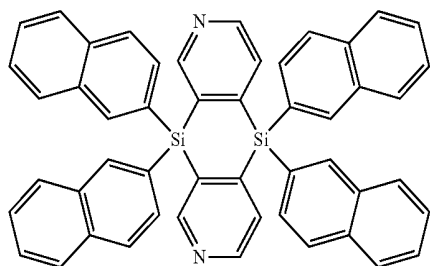
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The condensed cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may include a core represented by Formula 1', and thus may have a high triplet energy level (T1) and may be suitable as a material for organic light-emitting devices, e.g., as a phosphorescent host.

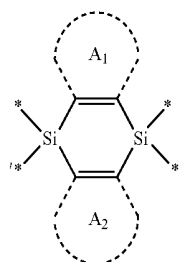
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&lt;Formula 1'&gt;

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In Formula 1,  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  may not be benzene at the same time. For example, if a condensed cyclic compound of Formula 1 were to include both  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  as benzene at the same time (e.g., Compound A of Comparative Example 1, below) may have a relatively high glass transition temperature ( $T_g$ ), a relatively high triplet energy level (T1), and poor energy transfer characteristics, and thus may not be suitable for use as a material for organic light-emitting devices, e.g., as a phosphorescent host.

The condensed cyclic compound of Formula 1 may be synthesized using a suitable organic synthesis method. Methods of synthesizing the condensed cyclic compound of Formula 1 may be understood, e.g., based on the examples that will be described below.

The condensed cyclic compound of Formula 1 may be used or included between a pair of electrodes of an organic light-emitting device. In an implementation, the condensed cyclic compound of Formula 1 may be included in an electron transport region, e.g., in an electron transport layer.

According to another embodiment, an organic light-emitting device may include a first electrode, a second electrode opposite to the first electrode, and an organic layer between the first electrode and the second electrode, the organic layer including an emission layer. The organic layer may include at least one condensed cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 described above.

As used herein, “(for example, the organic layer) including at least one condensed cyclic compound means that “(the organic layer) including one of the condensed cyclic compounds of Formula 1, or at least two different condensed cyclic compounds of Formula 1.”

In an implementation, the organic layer may include only Compound 1 as the condensed cyclic compound. In this regard, Compound 1 may be present in the emission layer of the organic light-emitting device. In an implementation, the organic layer may include Compounds 1 and 2 as the condensed cyclic compounds. In this regard, Compounds 1 and 2 may be present both in the same layer (for example, in the emission layer) or may be present in different layers (for example, in the emission layer and the electron transport layer, respectively).

The organic layer may include, e.g., i) a hole transport region between the first electrode (anode) and the emission layer and including at least one of a hole injection layer, a hole transport layer, a buffer layer, and an electron blocking layer; and ii) an electron transport region between the emission layer and the second electrode (cathode) and including at least one of a hole blocking layer, an electron transport layer, and an electron injection layer. The emission layer may include the condensed cyclic compound of Formula 1.

As used herein, the term “organic layer” refers to a single layer and/or a plurality of layers disposed between the first

and second electrodes of the organic light-emitting device. A material in the "organic layer" is not limited to an organic material.

FIG. 1 illustrates a schematic sectional view of an organic light-emitting device **10** according to an embodiment. Referring to FIG. 1, the organic light-emitting device **10** may include a first electrode **110**, an organic layer **150**, and a second electrode **190**.

Hereinafter, a structure of an organic light-emitting device according to an embodiment and a method of manufacturing the same will now be described with reference to FIG. 1.

A substrate (not shown) may be disposed under the first electrode **110** or on the second electrode **190** in FIG. 1. The substrate may be a glass or transparent plastic substrate with good mechanical strength, thermal stability, transparency, surface smoothness, ease of handling, and water resistance.

For example, the first electrode **110** may be formed by depositing or sputtering a first electrode-forming material on the substrate. When the first electrode **110** is an anode, a material having a high work function may be used as the first electrode-forming material to facilitate hole injection. The first electrode **110** may be a reflective electrode, a semi-transmissive electrode, or a transmissive electrode. Transparent and conductive materials such as indium oxide (ITO), indium zinc oxide (IZO), tin oxide (SnO<sub>2</sub>), and zinc oxide (ZnO) may be used to form the first electrode. When the first electrode **110** is a semi-transmissive electrode or a reflective electrode, at least one material selected from magnesium (Mg), aluminum (Al), aluminum-lithium (Al—Li), calcium (Ca), magnesium-indium (Mg—In), and magnesium-silver (Mg—Ag) may be used as a material for forming the first electrode.

The first electrode **110** may have a single-layer structure or a multi-layer structure including a plurality of layers. For example, the first electrode **110** may have a three-layered structure of ITO/Ag/ITO.

The organic layer **150** may be disposed on the first electrode **110**. The organic layer **150** may include an emission layer (EML).

The organic layer **150** may include a hole transport region between the first electrode and the EML, and an electron transport region between the EML and the second electrode.

For example, the hole transport region may include at least one of a hole injection layer (HIL), a hole transport layer (HTL), a buffer layer, and an electron blocking layer (EBL).

For example, the electron transport region may include at least one of a hole blocking layer (HBL), an electron transport layer (ETL), and an electron injection layer (EIL).

The hole transport region may have a single-layered structure including a single material, a single-layered structure including a plurality of different materials, or a multi-layered structure including a plurality of layers including different materials.

In an implementation, the hole transport region may have a single-layered structure including a plurality of different materials, or a multi-layered structure of HIL/HTL, HIL/HTL/buffer layer, HIL/buffer layer, HTL/buffer layer, or HIL/HTL/EBL, wherein these layers forming a multi-layered structure are sequentially disposed on the first electrode **110** in the order stated above.

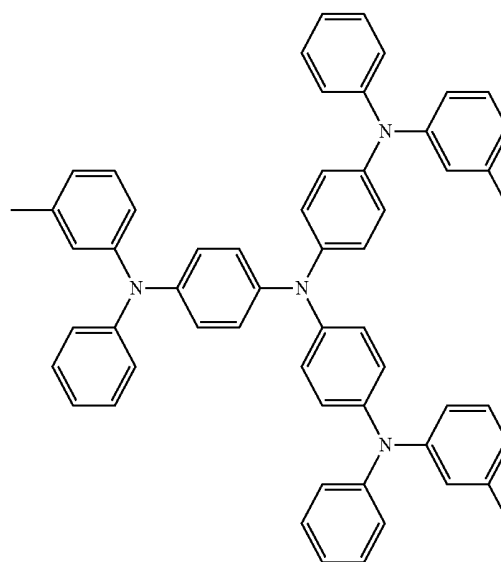
When the hole transport region includes a HIL, the HIL may be formed on the first electrode **110** by using any of a variety of methods, e.g., by using vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) deposition, inkjet printing, laser printing, laser induced thermal imaging (LITI), or the like.

When the HIL is formed using vacuum deposition, the deposition conditions may vary depending on a compound that is used to form the HIL and the structure of the HIL. For example, the deposition conditions may include a deposition temperature of about 100° C. to about 500° C., a degree of vacuum of about 10<sup>-8</sup> to about 10<sup>-3</sup> torr, and a deposition rate of about 0.01 to about 100 Å/sec.

When the HIL is formed using spin coating, the coating conditions may vary depending on a compound that is used to form the HIL and the structure of the HIL. For example, the coating conditions may include a coating rate of about 2,000 rpm to about 5,000 rpm and a heat treatment temperature of about 80° C. to about 200° C.

When the hole transport region includes a HTL, the HTL may be formed on the first electrode **110** or the HIL by using any of a variety of methods, e.g., by using vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) deposition, inkjet printing, laser printing, laser induced thermal imaging (LITI), or the like. When the HTL is formed using vacuum deposition or spin coating, the conditions for deposition and coating for forming the HTL may be similar to the above-described deposition and coating conditions for forming the HIL, and accordingly will not be described in detail.

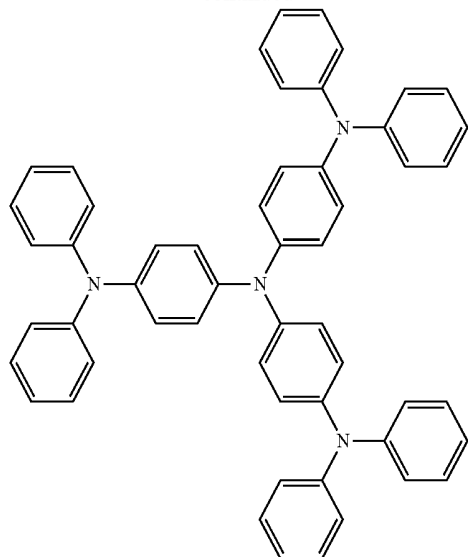
In an implementation, the hole transport region may include at least one of m-MTDATA, TDATA, 2-TNATA, NPB, β-NPB, TPD, Spiro-TPD, Spiro-NPB, α-NPB, TAPC, HMTPD, DNTPD, 4,4',4"-tris(N-carbazolyl)triphenylamine (TCTA), polyaniline/dodecylbenzene sulfonic acid (Pani/DBSA), poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene)/poly(4-styrenesulfonate)(PEDOT/PSS), polyaniline/camphor sulfonic acid (Pani/CSA), polyaniline/poly(4-styrenesulfonate) (PANI/PSS), a compound represented by Formula 201 below, and a compound represented by Formula 202 below.



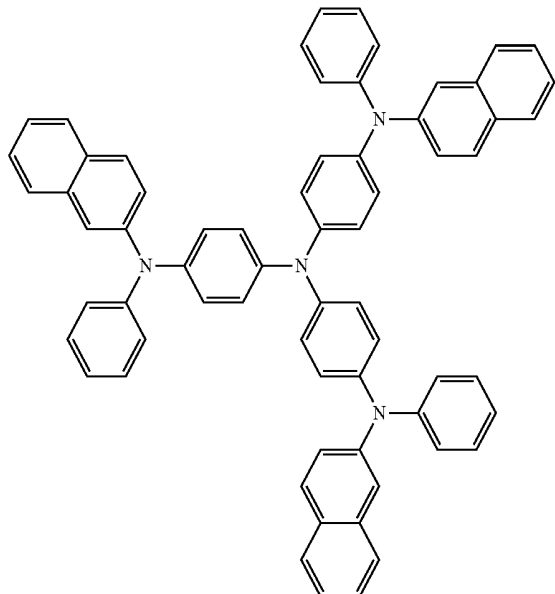
m-MTDATA

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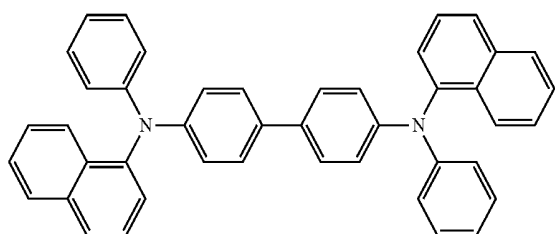
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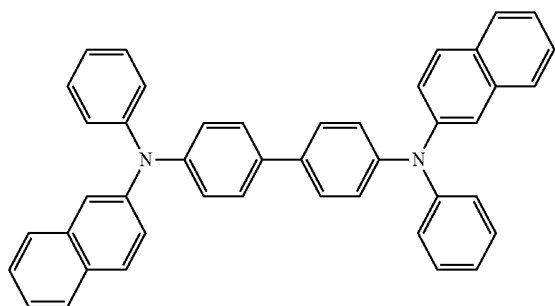
TDATA



2-TNATA



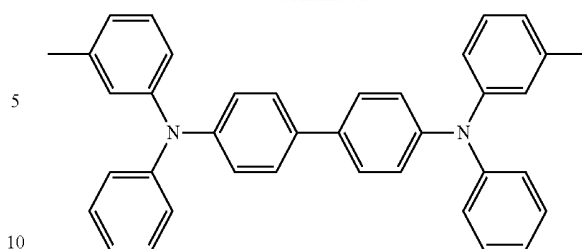
NPB



$\beta$ -NPB

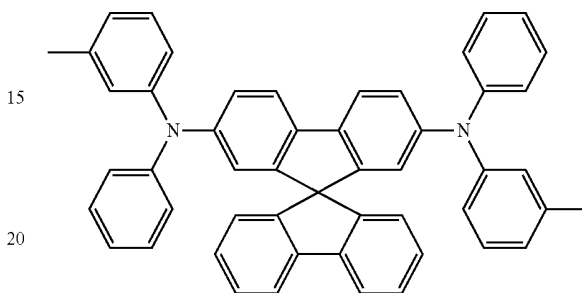
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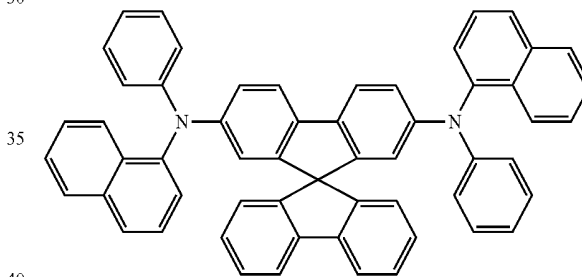
TPD



Spiro-TPD

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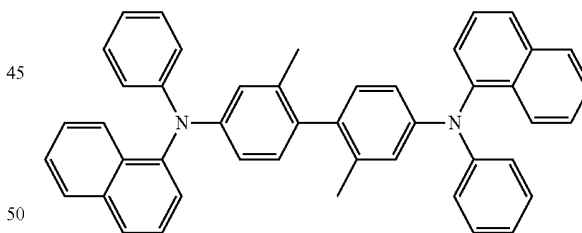
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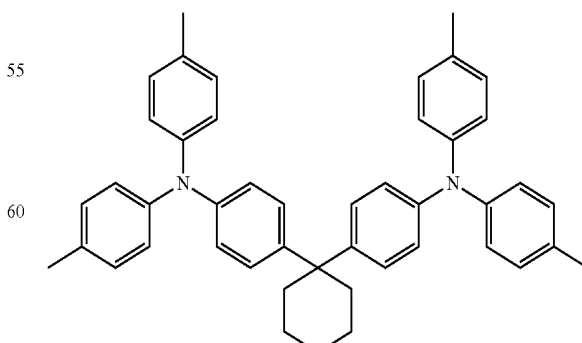
Spiro-NPB

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$\alpha$ -NPB

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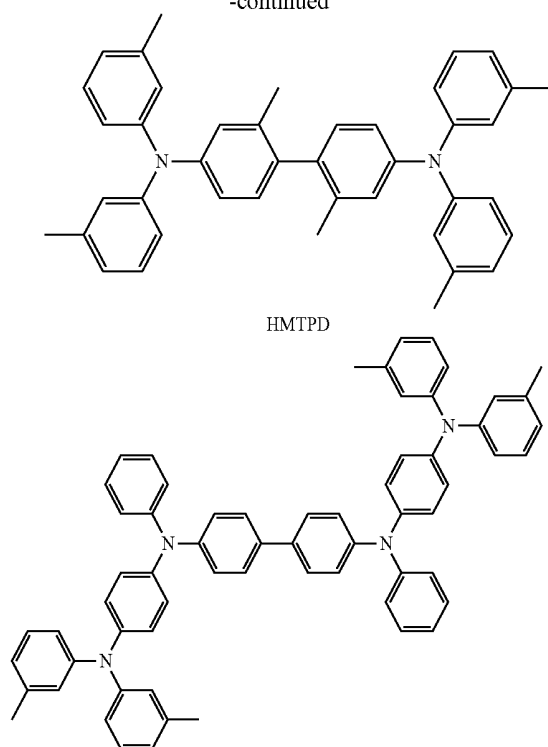


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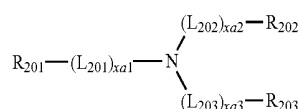
TAPC

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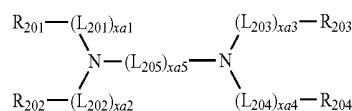
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DNTPD



&lt;Formula 201&gt;



&lt;Formula 202&gt;

In Formulae 201 and 202,

$\text{L}_{201}$  to  $\text{L}_{205}$  may be each independently defined as described above in conjunction with  $\text{L}_1$  to  $\text{L}_6$  in Formula 1;  $\text{xa1}$  to  $\text{xa4}$  may be each independently selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;

$\text{xa5}$  may be selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;

$\text{R}_{201}$  to  $\text{R}_{204}$  may be each independently selected from a substituted or unsubstituted  $\text{C}_3$ - $\text{C}_{10}$  cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $\text{C}_3$ - $\text{C}_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $\text{C}_6$ - $\text{C}_{60}$  aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $\text{C}_6$ - $\text{C}_{60}$  aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $\text{C}_6$ - $\text{C}_{60}$  arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_{60}$  heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

For example, in Formulae 201 and 202,

$\text{L}_{201}$  to  $\text{L}_{205}$  may be each independently selected from:

a phenylene group, a naphthylene group, a fluorenylene group, a spiro-fluorenylene group, a benzofluorenylene group, a dibenzofluorenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a pyridinylylene group, a pyrazinylylene group, a pyrimidinylylene group, a pyridazinylylene group, a quinolinylene group, an isoquinolinylene group, a quinox-

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alinylylene group, a quinazolinylene group, a carbazolylylene group, and a triazinylene group; and

a phenylene group, a naphthylene group, a fluorenylene group, a spiro-fluorenylene group, a benzofluorenylene group, a dibenzofluorenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a pyridinylylene group, a pyrazinylylene group, a pyrimidinylylene group, a pyridazinylylene group, a quinolinylene group, an isoquinolinylene group, a quinoxalinylylene group, a quinazolinylene group, a carbazolylylene group, and a triazinylene group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_{20}$  alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group,

$\text{xa1}$  to  $\text{xa4}$  may be each independently 0, 1, or 2;

$\text{xa5}$  may be 1, 2, or 3;

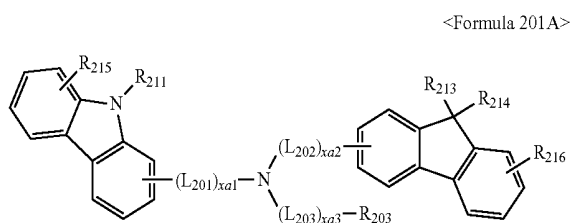
$\text{R}_{201}$  to  $\text{R}_{204}$  may be each independently selected from:

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group; and

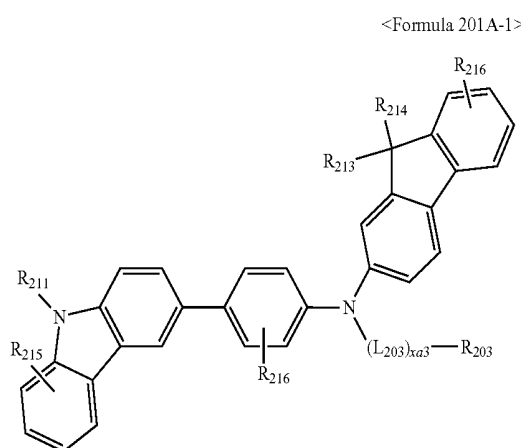
a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_{20}$  alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group. However, embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

The compound of Formula 201 may be represented by Formula 201A.

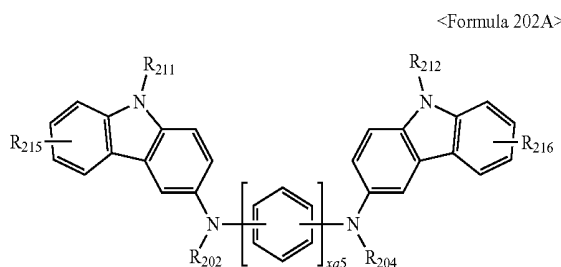
37



For example, the compound of Formula 201 may be represented by Formula 201A-1:



The compound of Formula 202 may be represented by Formula 202A:



In Formulae 201A, 201A-1, and 202A,

$L_{201}$  to  $L_{203}$ ,  $xa1$  to  $xa3$ ,  $xa5$ , and  $R_{202}$  to  $R_{204}$  may be defined as described in conjunction with Formula 201;

$R_{211}$  may be defined as described in conjunction with  $R_{203}$  in Formula 201;

$R_{213}$  to  $R_{216}$  may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkoxy group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryloxy group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylthio group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

In an implementation, in Formulae 201A, 201A-1, and 202A,

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$L_{201}$  to  $L_{203}$  may be each independently selected from:

a phenylene group, a naphthylene group, a fluorenylene group, a spiro-fluorenylene group, a benzofluorenylene group, a dibenzofluorenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a pyridinylylene group, a pyrazinylylene group, a pyrimidinylylene group, a pyridazinylylene group, a quinolinylylene group, an isoquinolinylylene group, a quinoxalinylylene group, a quinazolinylylene group, a carbazolylylene group, and a triazinylene group; and

a phenylene group, a naphthylene group, a fluorenylene group, a spiro-fluorenylene group, a benzofluorenylene group, a dibenzofluorenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a pyridinylylene group, a pyrazinylylene group, a pyrimidinylylene group, a pyridazinylylene group, a quinolinylylene group, an isoquinolinylylene group, a quinoxalinylylene group, a quinazolinylylene group, a carbazolylylene group, and a triazinylene group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinylyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group,

$xa1$  to  $xa3$  may be each independently 0 or 1,

$R_{203}$ ,  $R_{211}$ , and  $R_{212}$  may be each independently selected from:

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinylyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group; and

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinylyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{20}$  alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinylyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group;

R<sub>213</sub> and R<sub>214</sub> may be each independently selected from:  
a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group,

a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzo-fluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group,

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzo-fluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group; and

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzo-fluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzo-fluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group;

R<sub>215</sub> and R<sub>216</sub> may be each independently selected from:

a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group,

a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzo-fluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group,

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzo-fluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, and a triazinyl group, and

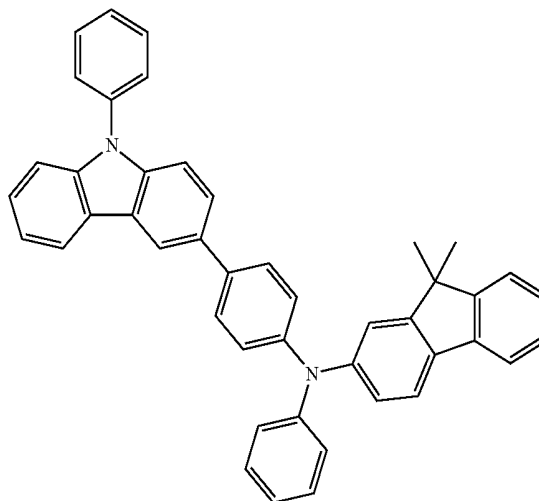
a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzo-fluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzo-fluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group; and

xa5 may be 1 or 2.

In Formulae 201A and 201A-1, R<sub>213</sub> and R<sub>214</sub> may be linked to each other to form a saturated or unsaturated ring.

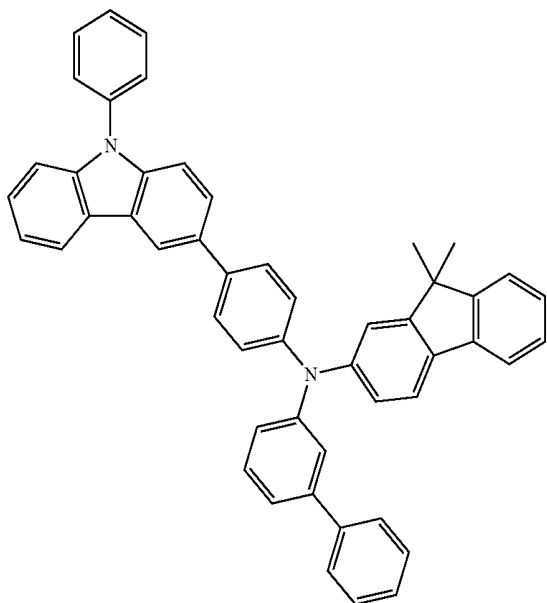
In an implementation, the compound represented by Formula 201 and/or the compound represented by Formula 202 may be compounds HT1 to HT20 illustrated below.

HT1



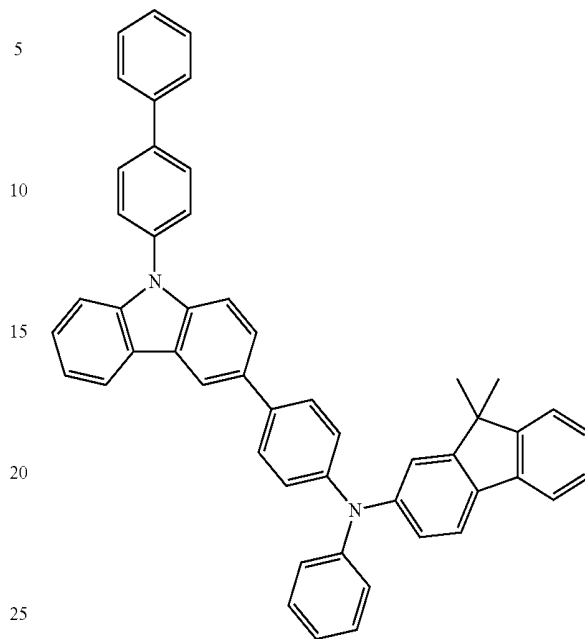
**41**  
-continued

HT2



**42**  
-continued

HT4



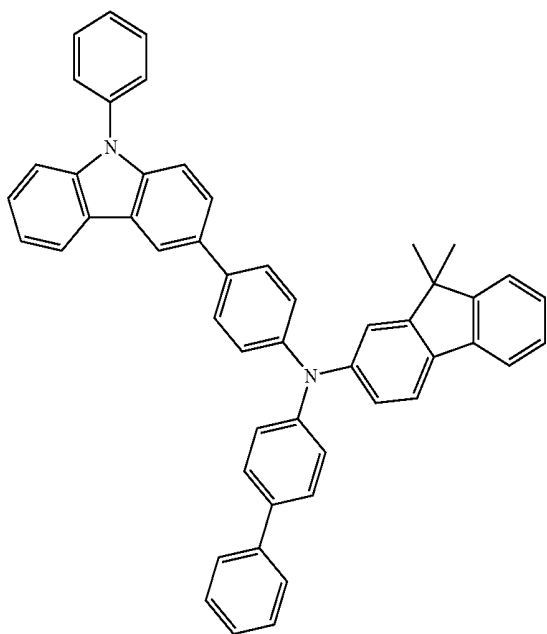
30

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HT3

HT5



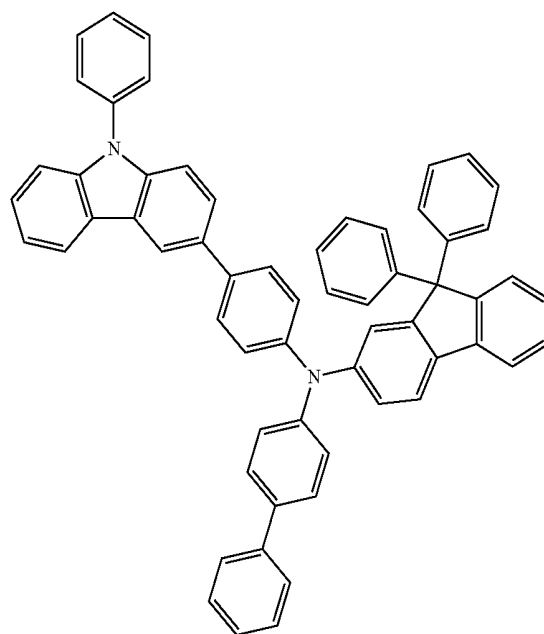
45

50

55

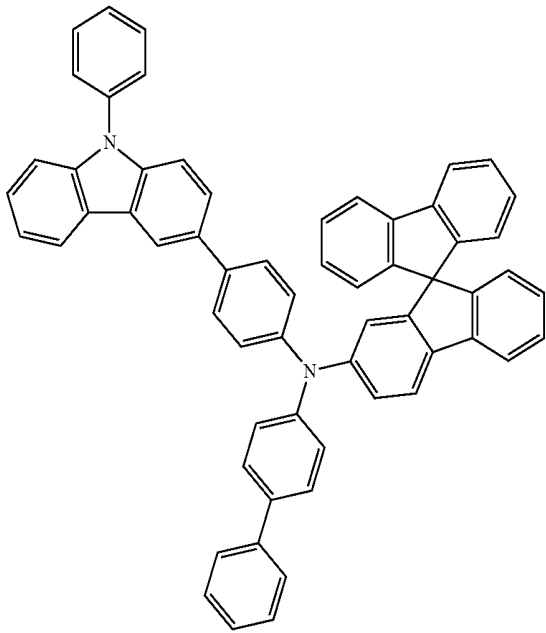
60

65



**43**  
-continued

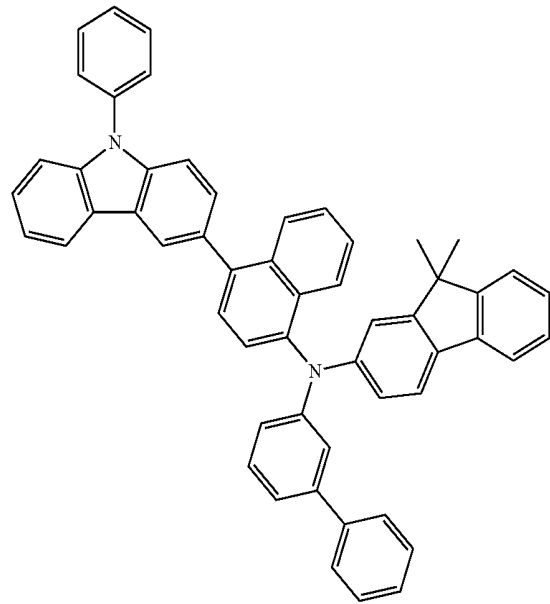
HT6



5  
10  
15  
20  
25

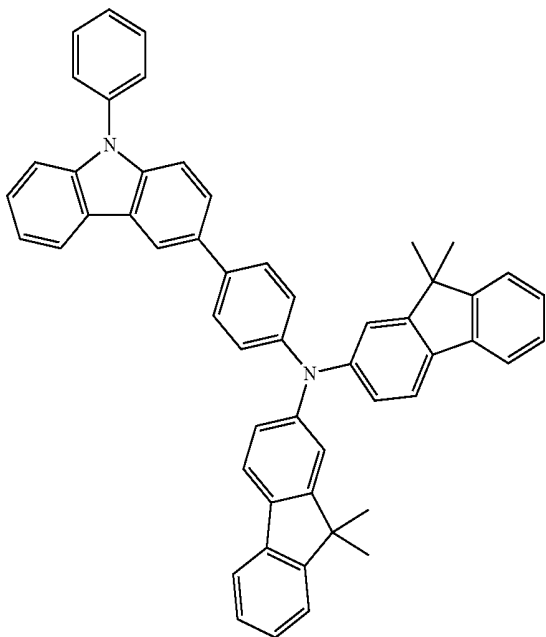
**44**  
-continued

HT8



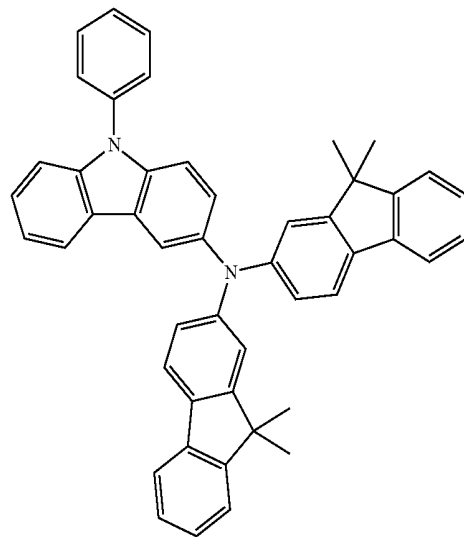
30  
35  
40

HT7



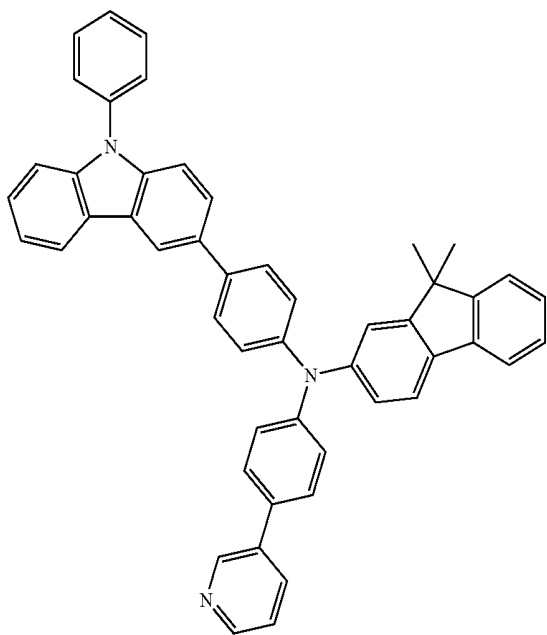
45  
50  
55  
60  
65

HT9



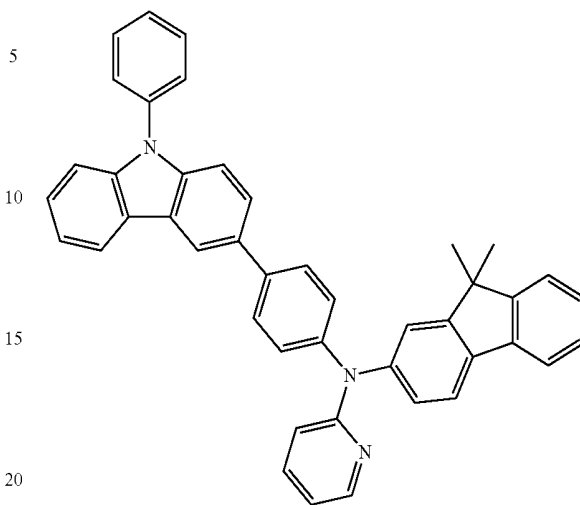
**45**  
-continued

HT10

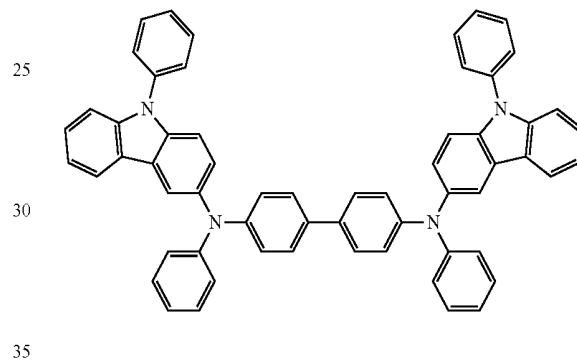


**46**  
-continued

HT12

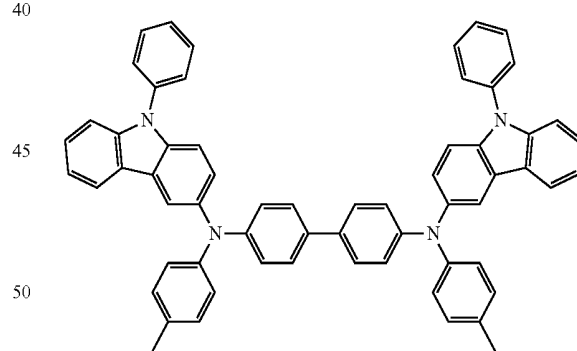
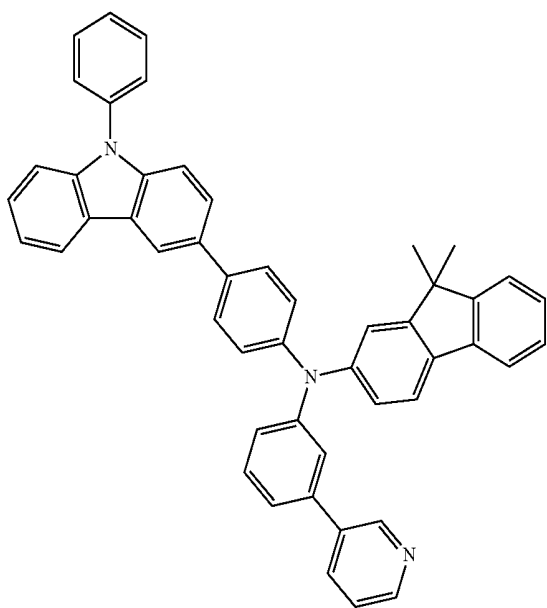


HT13

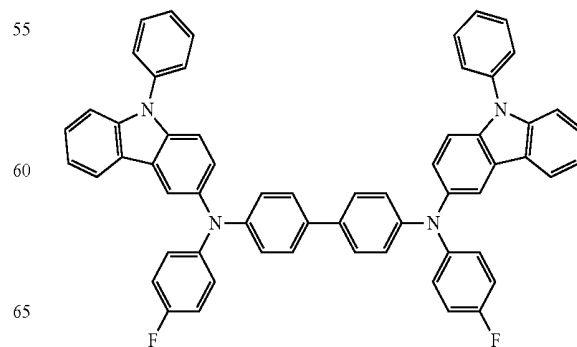


HT14

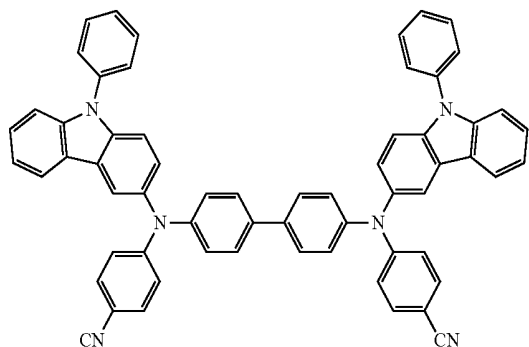
HT11



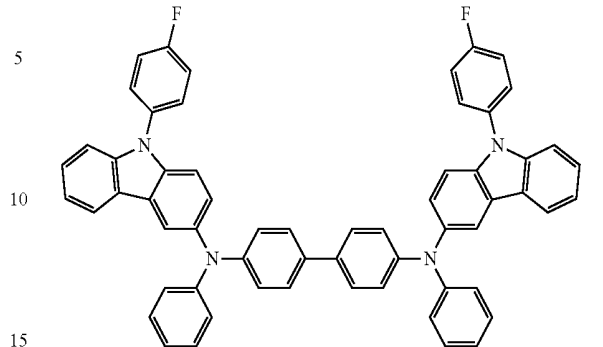
HT15



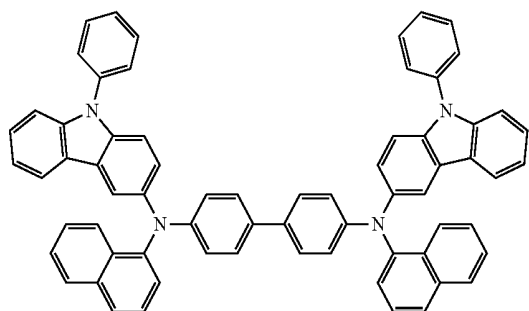
47  
-continued



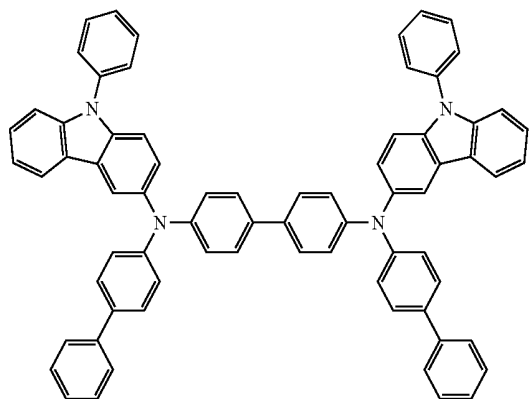
48  
-continued



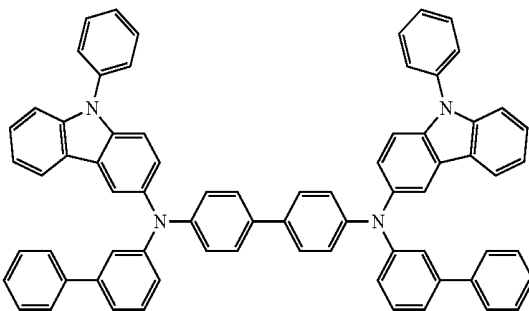
HT17



HT18



HT19



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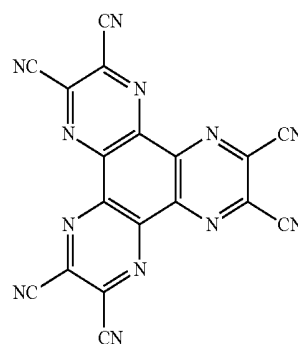
60

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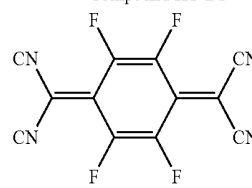
A thickness of the hole transport region may be about 100 Å to about 10,000 Å, e.g., about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å. When the hole transport region includes a HIL and a HTL, a thickness of the HIL may be about 100 Å to about 10,000 Å, e.g., about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å, and a thickness of the HTL may be about 50 Å to about 2,000 Å, e.g., about 100 Å to about 1,500 Å. When the thicknesses of the hole transport region, the HIL, and the HTL are within these ranges, satisfactory hole transport characteristics may be obtained without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

The hole transport region may further include a charge-generating material to help improve conductivity, in addition to the materials as described above. The charge-generating material may be homogeneously or inhomogeneously dispersed in the hole transport region.

The charge-generating material may be, e.g., a p-dopant. The p-dopant may include one of quinone derivatives, metal oxides, and cyano group-containing compounds. Non-limiting examples of the p-dopant may include quinone derivatives such as tetracyanoquinonodimethane (TCNQ), 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-tetracyano-1,4-benzoquinonodimethane (F4-TCNQ), and the like; metal oxides such as tungsten oxide, molybdenum oxide, and the like; and Compound HT-D1 below.



<Compound HT-D1>



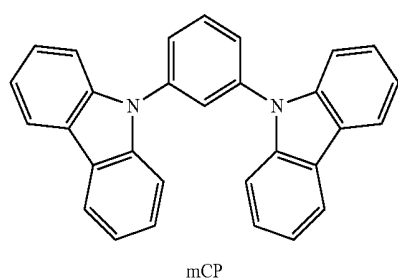
<F4-TCNQ>

The hole transport region may further include at least one of a buffer layer and an EBL, in addition to the HIL and HTL.

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described above. The buffer layer may help compensate for an optical resonance distance of light according to a wavelength of the light emitted from the EML, and thus may help improve light-emission efficiency. A material in the buffer layer may be a suitable material used in the hole transport region. The EBL may help block injection of electrons from the electron transport region.

For example, a material for forming the EBL may include mCP, below.



The EML may be formed on the first electrode **110** or the hole transport region by using any of a variety of methods, e.g., by using vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) deposition, inkjet printing, laser printing, laser induced thermal imaging (LITI), or the like. When the EML is formed using vacuum deposition or spin coating, the deposition and coating conditions for forming the EML may be similar to the above-described deposition and coating conditions for forming the HIL, and accordingly may not be described in detail.

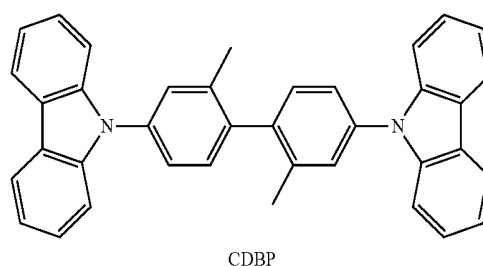
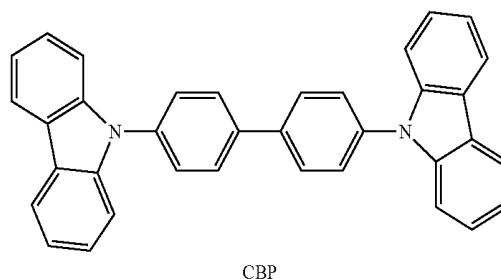
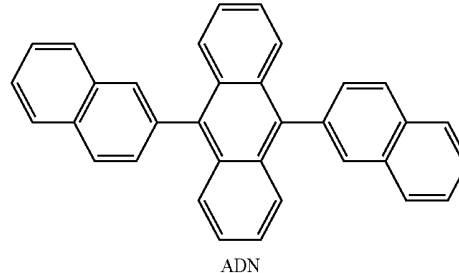
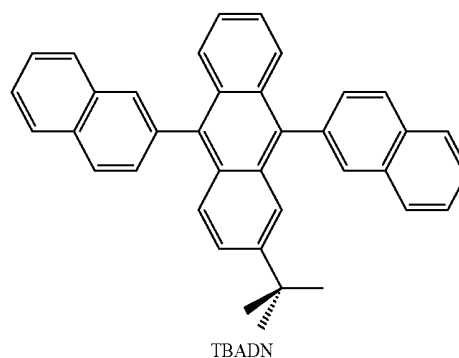
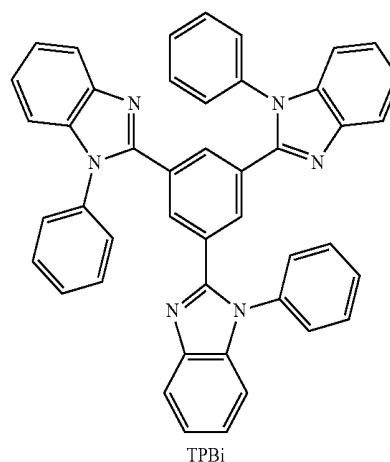
When the organic light-emitting device **10** is a full color organic light-emitting device, the EML may be patterned into a red emission layer, a green emission layer, and a blue emission layer to correspond to individual subpixels, respectively. In an implementation, the EML may have a structure in which a red emission layer, a green emission layer, and a blue emission layer are stacked upon one another, or a structure including a mixture of a red light-emitting material, a green light-emitting material, and a blue light-emitting material, and thus may emit white light.

The EML may include the condensed compound represented by Formula 1.

The EML may include a host and a dopant. The host may include the condensed cyclic compound represented by Formula 1.

The host may further include at least one of TPBi, TBADN, ADN (also referred to as "DNA"), CBP, CDBP, and TCP, in addition to the condensed cyclic compound of Formula 1.

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monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group,  $-N(Q_{411})(Q_{412})$ ,  $-Si(Q_{413})(Q_{414})(Q_{415})$ , and  $-B(Q_{416})(Q_{417})$ , and  $-N(Q_{421})(Q_{422})$ ,  $-Si(Q_{423})(Q_{424})(Q_{425})$ , and  $-B(Q_{426})(Q_{427})$ ;

$L_{401}$  may be an organic ligand;

xc1 may be 1, 2, or 3; and

xc2 may be 0, 1, 2, or 3,

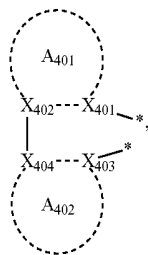
wherein  $Q_{401}$  to  $Q_{407}$ ,  $Q_{411}$  to  $Q_{417}$  and  $Q_{421}$  to  $Q_{427}$  may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group, and a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroaryl group.

For example, in Formula 401,  $L_{401}$  may be a monovalent, divalent, or trivalent organic ligand. For example,  $L_{401}$  in Formula 401 may be selected from a halogen ligand (for example, Cl or F), a diketone ligand (for example, acetylacetonate, 1,3-diphenyl-1,3-propanedionate, 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-3,5-heptanedionate, or hexafluoroacetonate), a carboxylic acid ligand (for example, picolinate, dimethyl-3-pyrazolecarboxylate, or benzoate), a carbon monoxide ligand, an isonitrile ligand, a cyano ligand, and a phosphorous ligand (for example, phosphine or phosphite). However, embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

When  $A_{401}$  in Formula 401 has at least two substituent groups, the at least two substituent groups of  $A_{401}$  may be linked to each other to form a saturated or unsaturated ring.

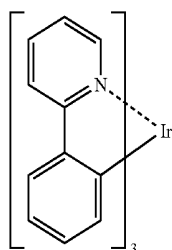
When  $A_{402}$  in Formula 401 has at least two substituent groups, the at least two substituent groups of  $A_{402}$  may be linked to each other to form a saturated or unsaturated ring.

When xc1 in Formula 401 is 2 or greater, a plurality of ligands



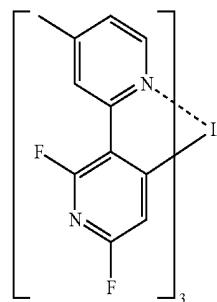
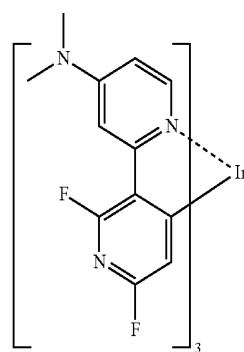
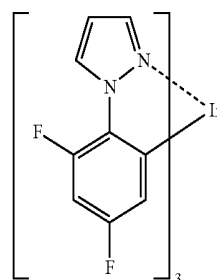
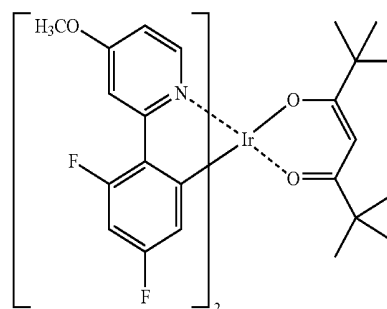
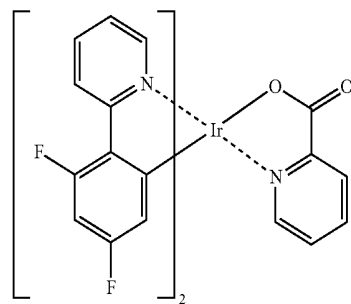
in Formula 401 may be identical to or different from each other. When xc1 in Formula 1 is 2 or greater,  $A_{401}$  and  $A_{402}$  may be linked to  $A_{401}$  and  $A_{402}$  of another adjacent ligand, respectively, directly or via a linking group (for example, a  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkylene group,  $-N(R')$  (where  $R'$  is a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl group or a  $C_6$ - $C_{20}$  aryl group), or  $C(=O)$ ).

In an implementation, the phosphorescent dopant may include at least one of Compounds PD1 to PD74.



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PD2

PD3

PD4

PD5

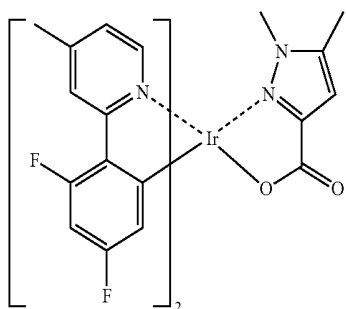
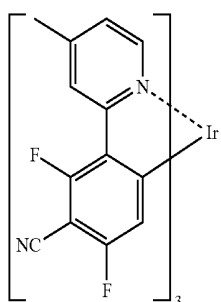
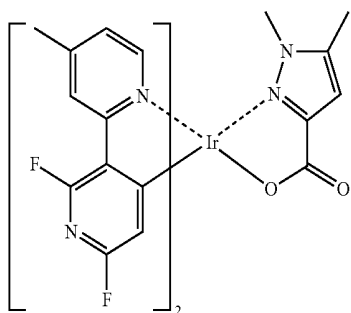
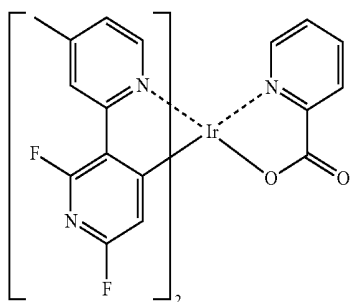
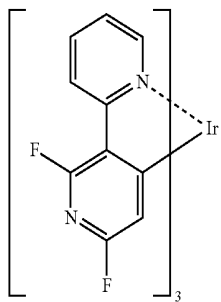
PD6

PD1

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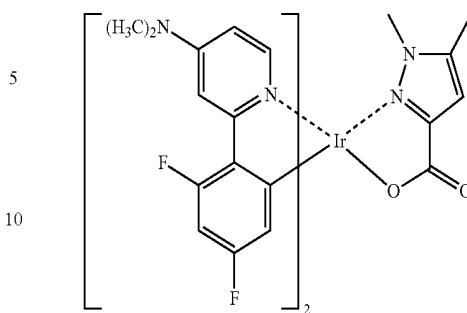
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PD7



PD8

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PD9

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PD10

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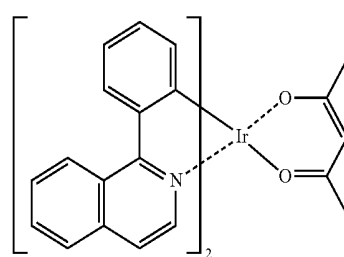
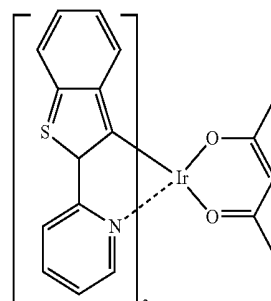
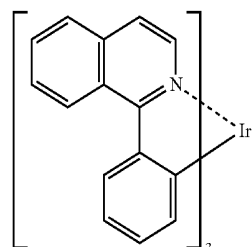
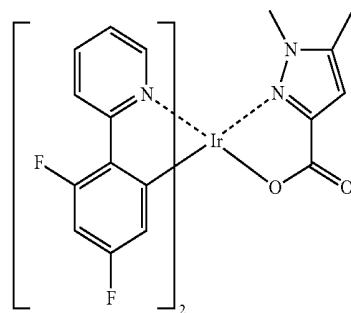
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PD11

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PD12

PD13

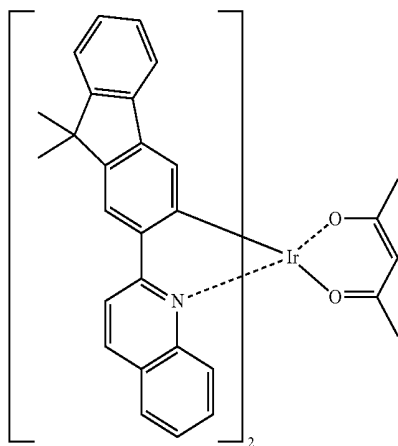
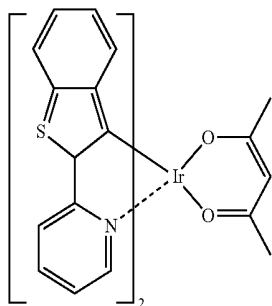
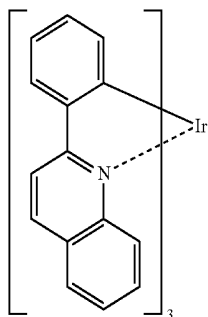
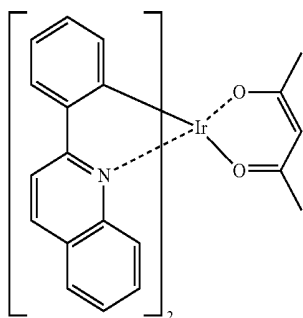
PD14

PD15

PD16

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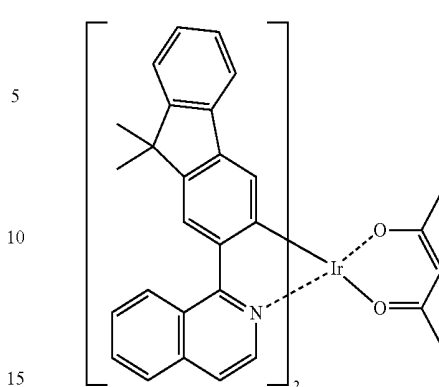
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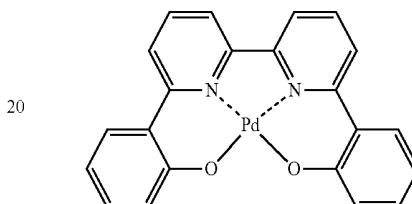
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PD17



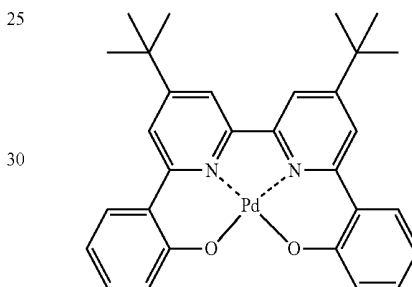
PD21

PD18



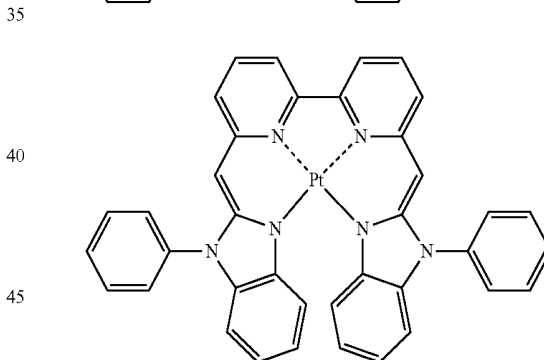
PD22

PD19



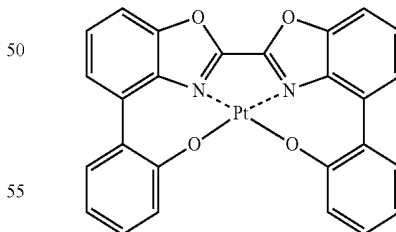
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PD20



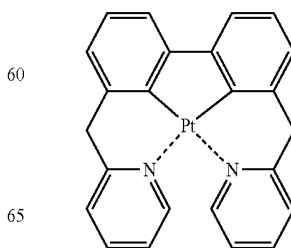
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PD20



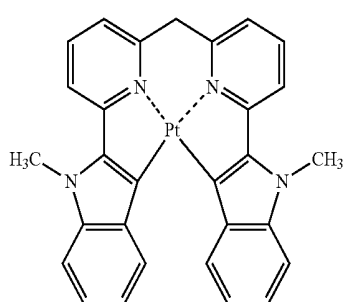
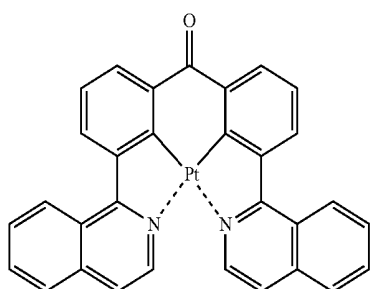
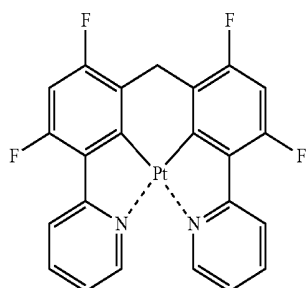
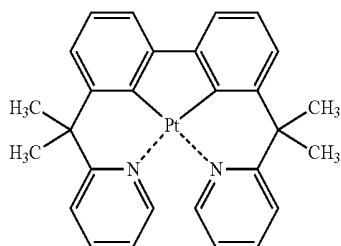
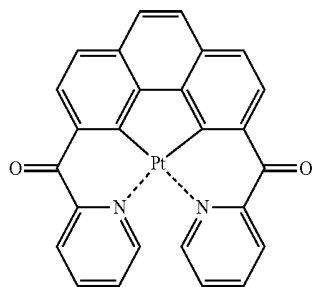
PD25

PD26



PD26

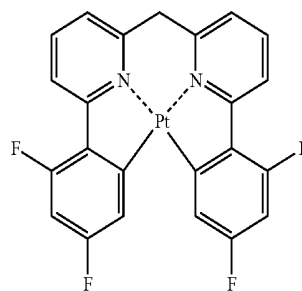
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**60**  
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PD27

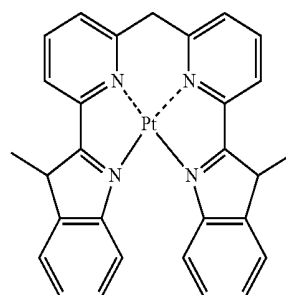
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PD28

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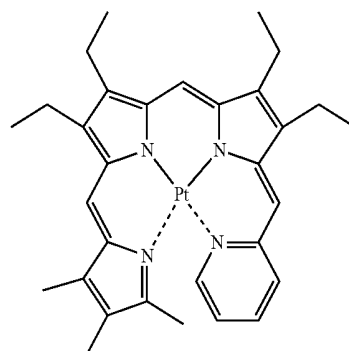


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PD29

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PD34



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PD30

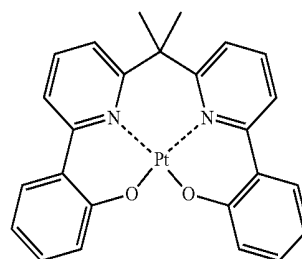
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PD35

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PD31

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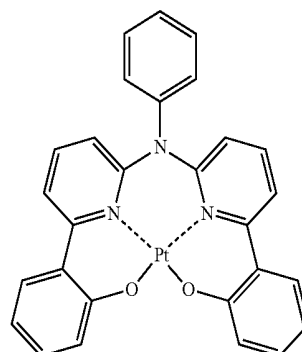


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PD36

PD32

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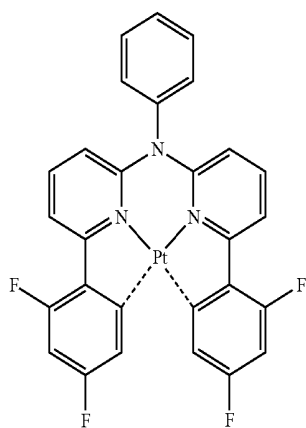
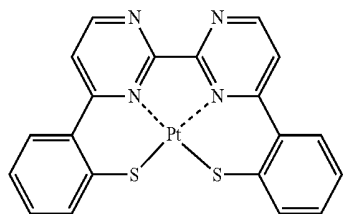
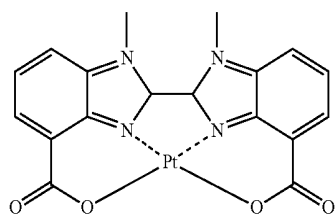
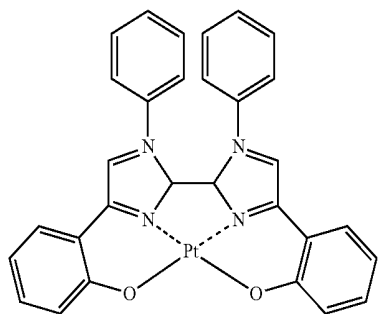
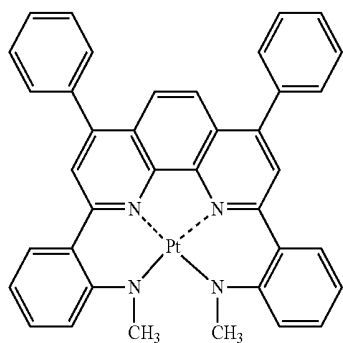
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PD37

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**61**

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**62**

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PD38

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PD39 15

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PD40

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PD41

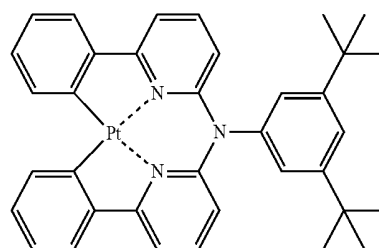
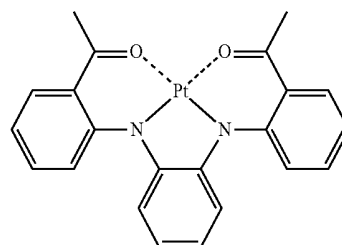
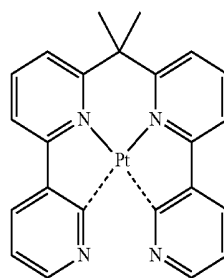
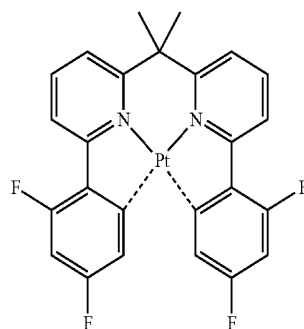
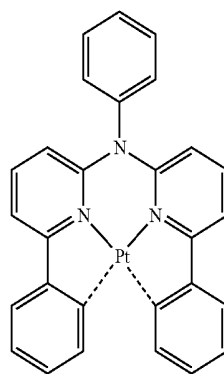
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PD42

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PD43

PD44

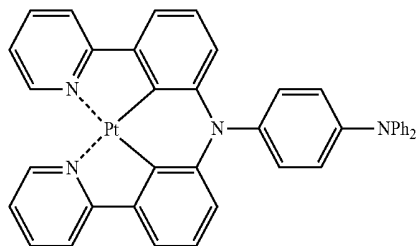
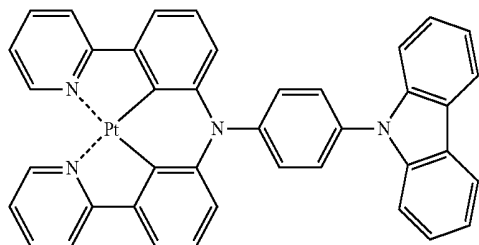
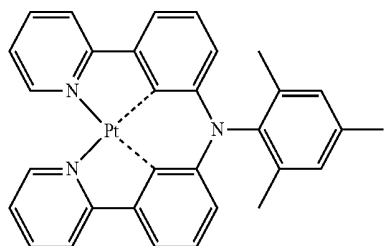
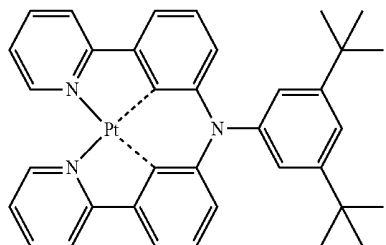
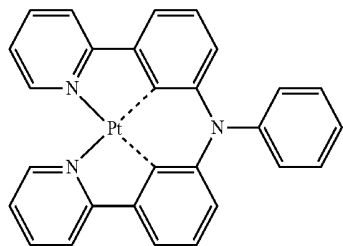
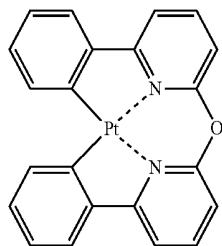
PD45

PD46

PD47

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PD48

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PD49

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PD51

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PD52

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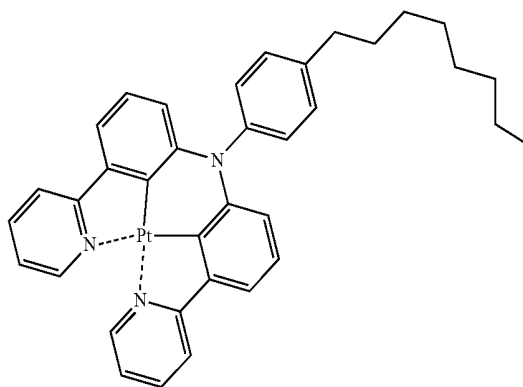
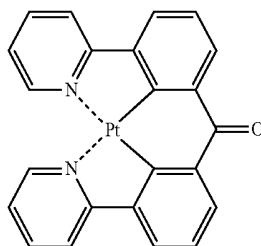
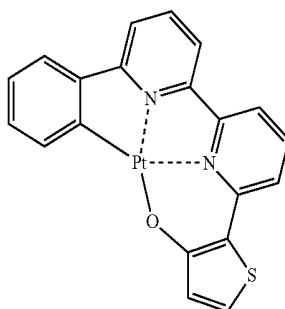
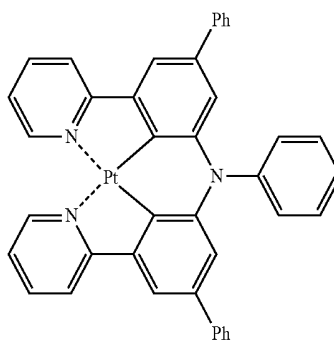
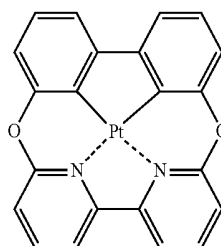
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PD53

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PD54

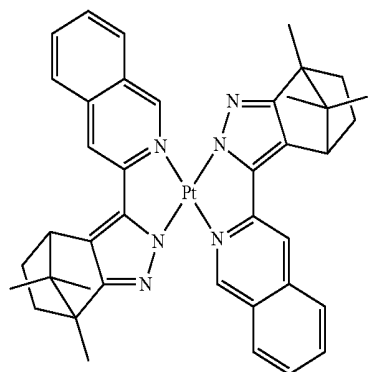
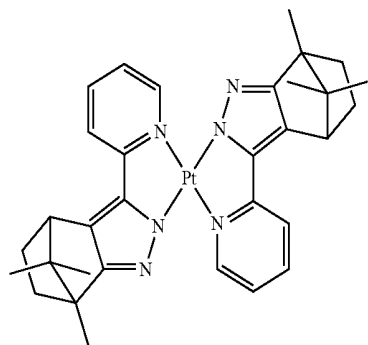
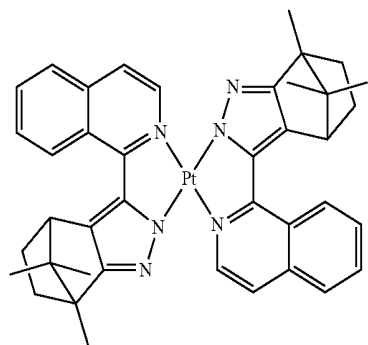
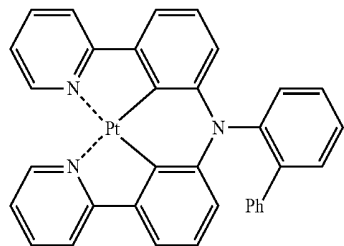
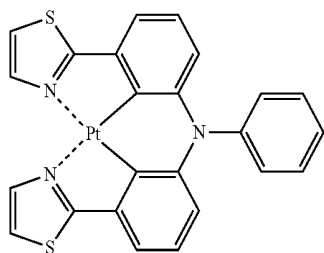
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PD56

PD57

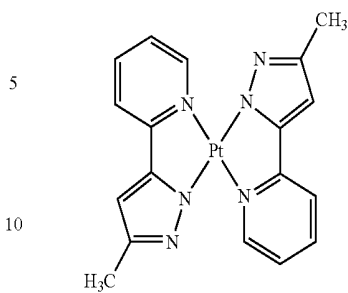
PD58

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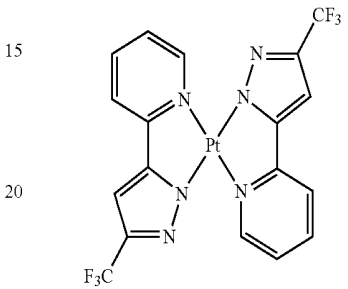


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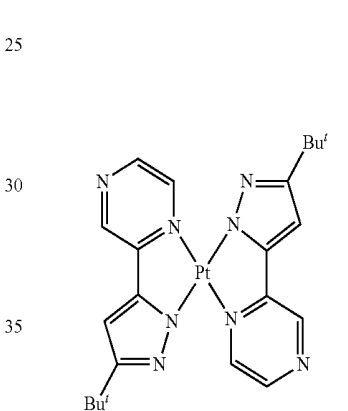
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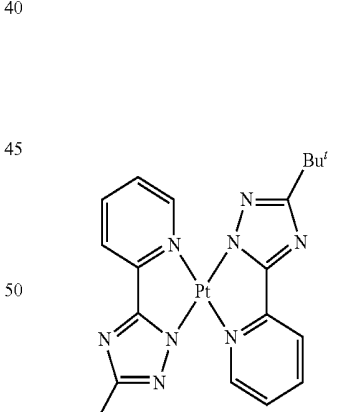
PD60



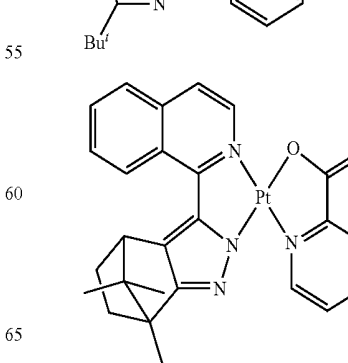
PD61



PD62



PD63



PD64

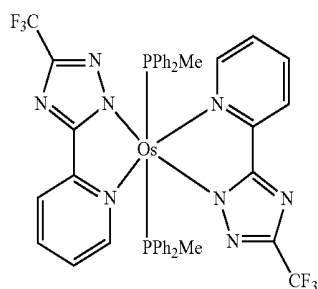
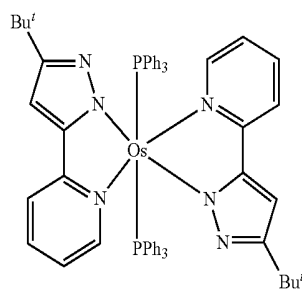
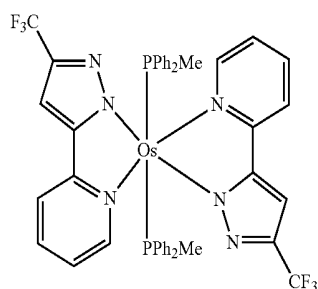
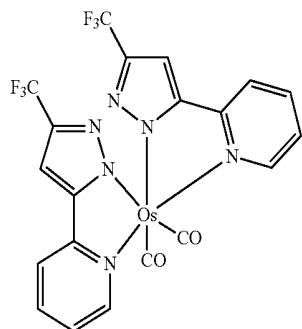
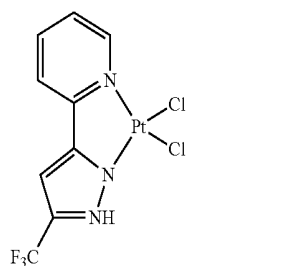
PD65

PD66

PD67

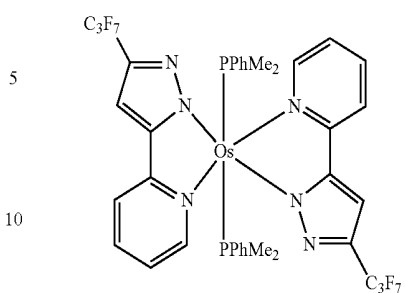
PD68

**67**  
-continued



**68**  
-continued

PD69



PD74

PD70

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In an implementation, the phosphorescent dopant may include PtOEP below.

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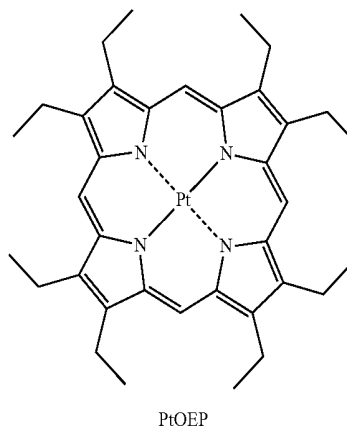
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PD71

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PD72

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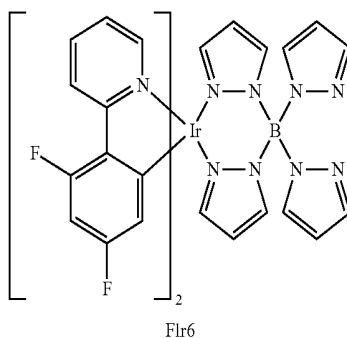
In an implementation, the phosphorescent dopant may include Flr6 below.

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PD73

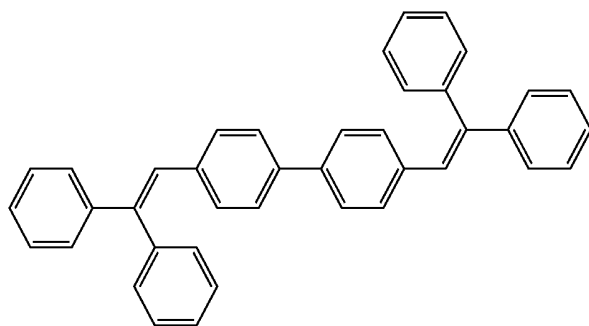
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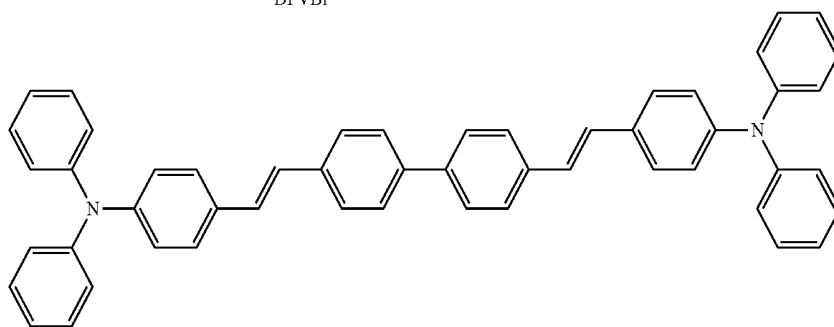


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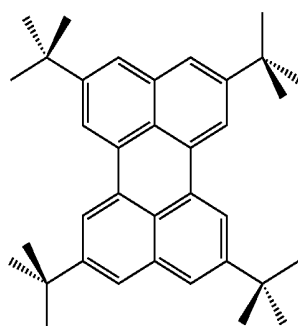
In an implementation, the fluorescent dopant may further include at least one of DPAVBi, BDAVBi, TBPe, DCM, DCJTb, Coumarin 6, and C545T.



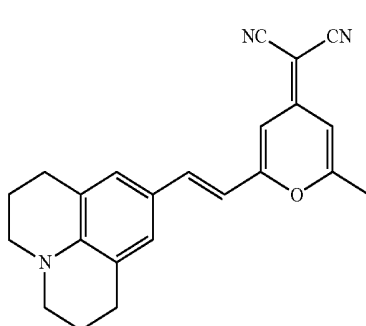
DPVBi



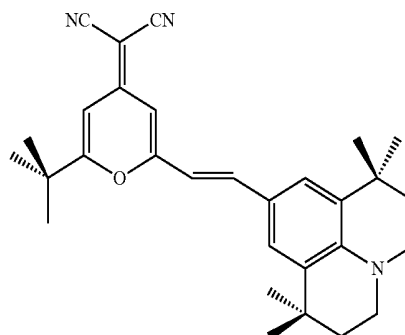
DPAVBi



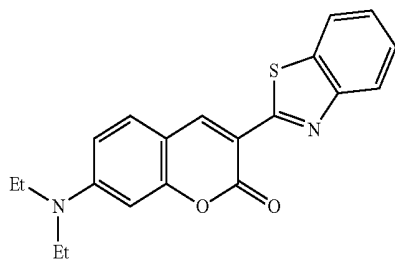
TBPc



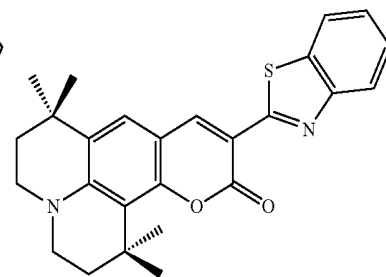
DCM



DCJTb



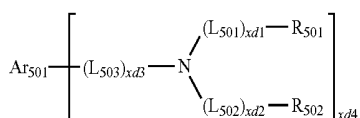
Coumarin 6



C545T

55

In an implementation, the fluorescent dopant may include a compound represented by Formula 501.



<Formula 501>

In Formula 501,

Ar<sub>501</sub> may be selected from:

a naphthalene, a heptalene, a fluorene, a spiro-fluorene, a benzofluorene, a dibenzofluorene, a phenalene, a phenanthrene, an anthracene, a fluoranthene, a triphenylene, a pyrene, a chrysene, a naphthacene, a picene, a perylene, a pentaphene, and an indenoanthracene,

a naphthalene, a heptalene, a fluorene, a spiro-fluorene, a benzofluorene, a dibenzofluorene, a phenalene, a phenanthrene, an anthracene, a fluoranthene, a triphenylene, a pyrene, a chrysene, a naphthacene, a picene, a perylene, a pentaphene, and an indenoanthracene, each substituted with

at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, and —Si(Q<sub>501</sub>)(Q<sub>502</sub>)(Q<sub>503</sub>), wherein Q<sub>501</sub> to Q<sub>503</sub> may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub>alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub>alkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group;

L<sub>501</sub> to L<sub>503</sub> may be the same as those for L<sub>201</sub> defined herein;

R<sub>501</sub> and R<sub>502</sub> may be each independently selected from:

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothio-phenyl group, and

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothio-phenyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a carbazolyl group, a triazinyl group, and a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group;

xd1 to xd3 may be each independently selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3; and

xb4 may be selected from 1, 2, 3, and 4.

The dopant may be included in the EML in an amount of, e.g., about 0.01 part by weight to about 15 parts by weight, based on 100 parts by weight of the host.

The thickness of the EML may be about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å, e.g., about 200 Å to about 600 Å. When the thickness of the EML is within these ranges, the EML may have good light emitting ability without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

Next, the electron transport region may be disposed on the EML.

The electron transport region may include, e.g., at least one of a HBL, an ETL, and an EIL.

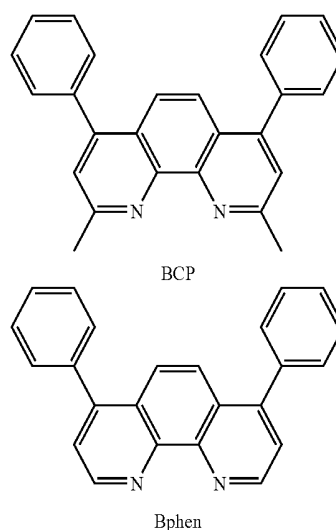
In an implementation, the electron transport region may have a structure including an ETL/EIL, or a HBL/ETL/EIL, wherein the layers forming a structure of the electron transport region may be sequentially stacked on the EML in the order stated above.

In an implementation, the organic layer **150** of the organic light-emitting device **10** may include the electron transport region between the EML and the second electrode **190**, and the condensed cyclic compound of Formula 1 may be in the electron transport region.

The electron transport region may include a HBL. When the EML includes a phosphorescent dopant, the HBL may help reduce and/or help prevent diffusion of triplet excitons or holes into the ETL from the EML.

When the electron transport region includes a HBL, the HBL may be formed on the EML by using any of a variety of methods, e.g., by using vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) deposition, inkjet printing, laser printing, laser induced thermal imaging (LITI), or the like. When the HBL is formed using vacuum deposition or spin coating, the deposition and coating conditions for forming the HBL may be similar to the above-described deposition and coating conditions for forming the HIL, and accordingly may not be described in detail.

In an implementation, the HBL may include at least one of BCP and Bphen. However, embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.



A thickness of the HBL may be about 20Å to about 1,000Å, e.g., about 30Å to about 300Å. When the thickness of the HBL is within these ranges, the HBL may have improved hole blocking ability without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

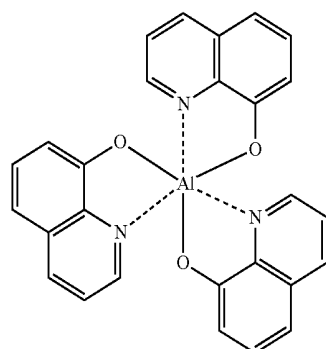
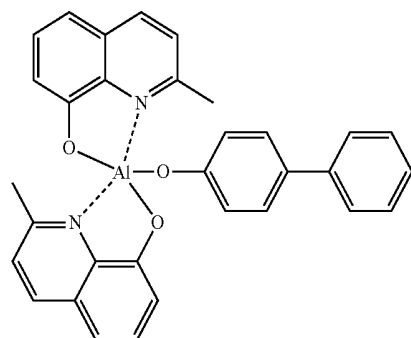
The electron transport region may include an ETL. The ETL may be formed on the EML or the HBL by using any of a variety of methods, e.g., by using vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) deposition, inkjet printing, laser printing, laser induced thermal imaging (LITI), or the like. When the ETL is formed using vacuum deposition or spin coating, the deposition and coating conditions for forming the ETL may be similar to the above-described deposition and coating conditions for forming the HIL, and accordingly may not be described in detail.

In an implementation, the organic layer **150** of the organic light-emitting device may include an electron transport

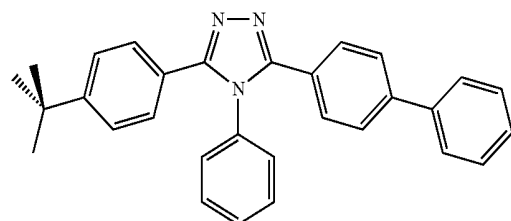
73

region between the EML and the second electrode **190**. The electron transport region may include at least one of the ETL and the EIL.

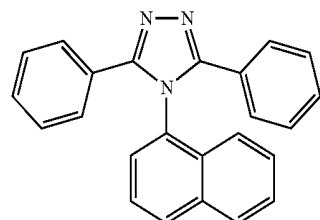
In an implementation, the ETL may include at least one of BCP, Bphen, Alq<sub>3</sub>, Balq, TAZ, NTAZ, TSPO1, and TmPyPb.

Alq<sub>3</sub>

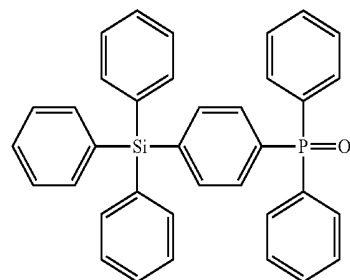
BALq



TAZ



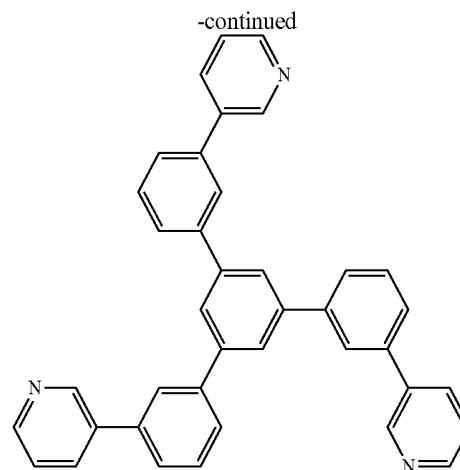
NTAZ



TSPO1

74

-continued



TmPyPb

In an implementation, the ETL may include at least one selected from a compound represented by Formula 601 and a compound represented by Formula 602.



In Formula 601, Ar<sub>601</sub> may be selected from:

a naphthalene, a heptalene, a fluorene, a spiro-fluorene, a benzofluorene, a dibenzofluorene, a phenalene, a phenanthrene, an anthracene, a fluoranthene, a triphenylene, a pyrene, a chrysene, a naphthacene, a picene, a perylene, a pentaphene, and an indenoanthracene; and

a naphthalene, a heptalene, a fluorene, a spiro-fluorene, a benzofluorene, a dibenzofluorene, a phenalene, a phenanthrene, an anthracene, a fluoranthene, a triphenylene, a pyrene, a chrysene, a naphthacene, a picene, a perylene, a pentaphene, and an indenoanthracene, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, and —Si(Q<sub>301</sub>)(Q<sub>302</sub>)(Q<sub>303</sub>) (wherein Q<sub>301</sub> to Q<sub>303</sub> may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group);

L<sub>601</sub> may be the same as defined for L<sub>201</sub> herein;

E<sub>601</sub> may be selected from:

a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthroli-nyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzo-

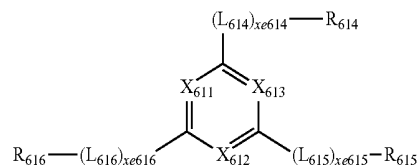
thiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group; and

a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coroneryl group, an ovarenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group;

xe1 may be selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3; and

xe2 may be selected from 1, 2, 3, and 4.

<Formula 602>



In Formula 602,

X<sub>611</sub> may be N or C-(L<sub>611</sub>)<sub>xe611</sub>-R<sub>611</sub>, X<sub>612</sub> may be N or C-(L<sub>612</sub>)<sub>xe612</sub>-R<sub>612</sub>, X<sub>613</sub> may be N or C-(L<sub>613</sub>)<sub>xe613</sub>-R<sub>613</sub>, and at least one of X<sub>611</sub> to X<sub>613</sub> may be N;

L<sub>611</sub> to L<sub>616</sub> may be the same as defined for L<sub>201</sub> herein;

R<sub>611</sub> to R<sub>616</sub> may be each independently selected from:

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group; and

a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group; and

xe611 to xe616 may be each independently selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3.

The compound of Formula 601 and the compound of Formula 602 may be each independently selected from Compounds ET1 to ET15:

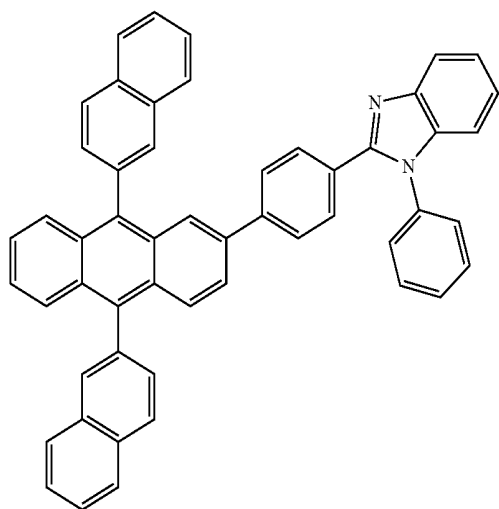
77

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ET1

ET4

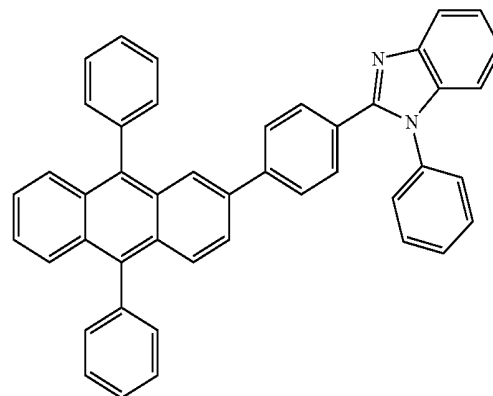


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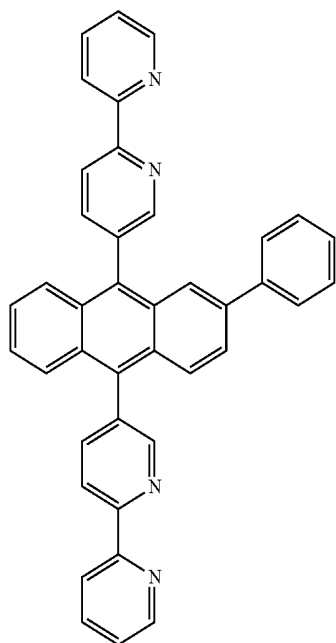
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ET2

ET5



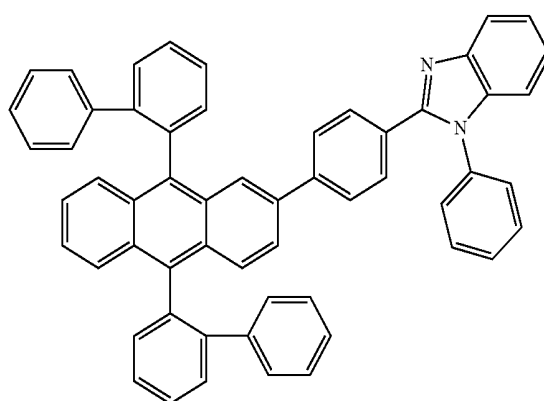
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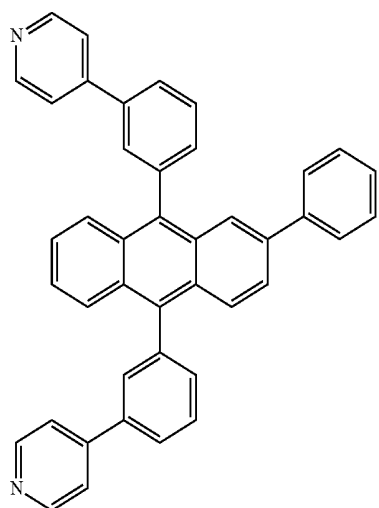
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ET3

ET6

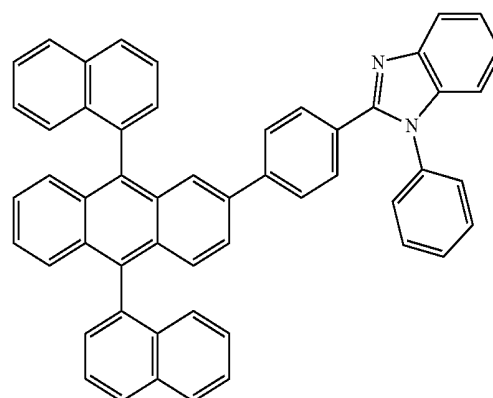


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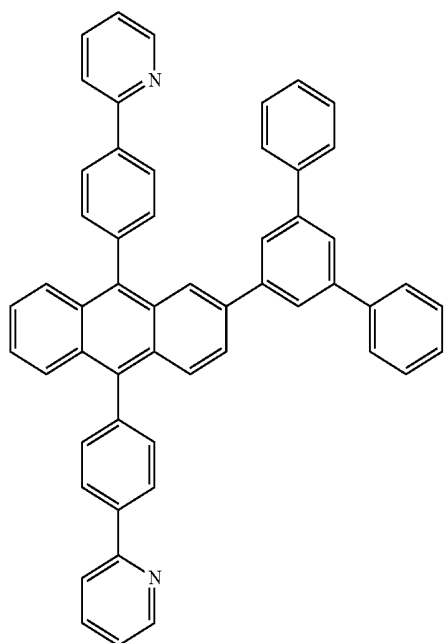
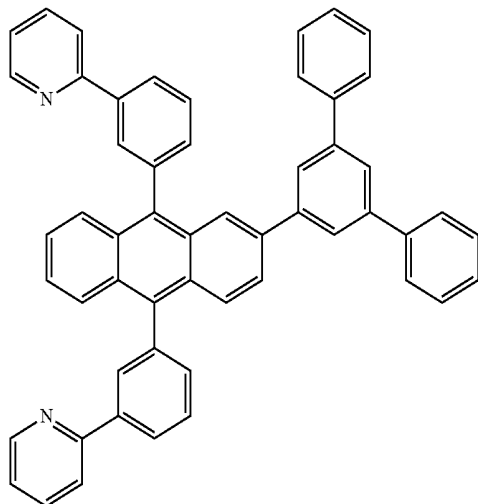
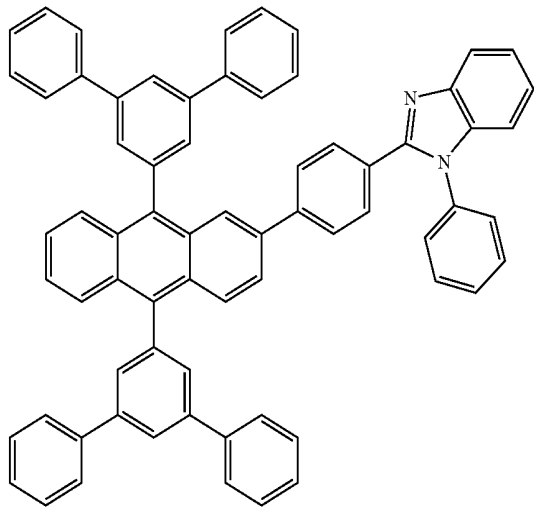
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60

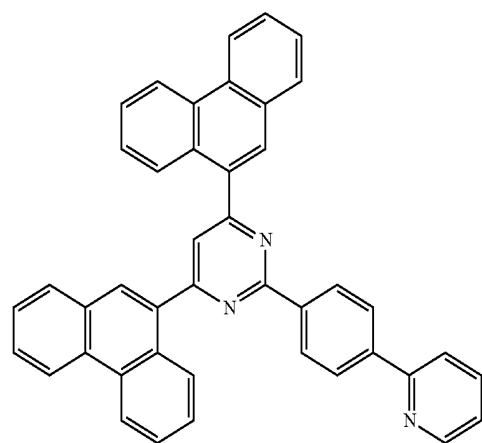
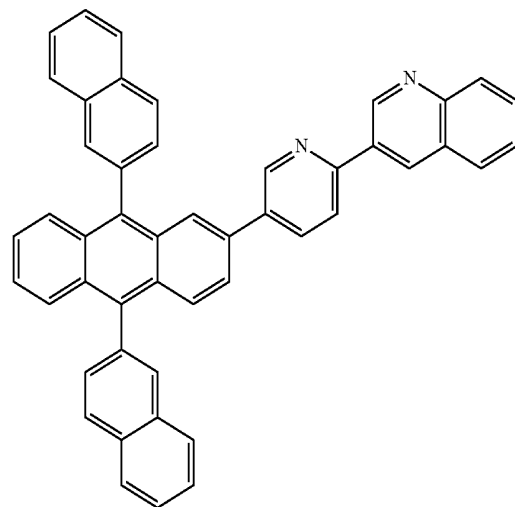
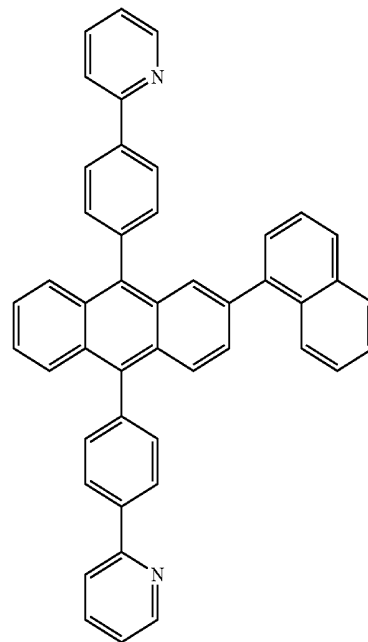
65



79  
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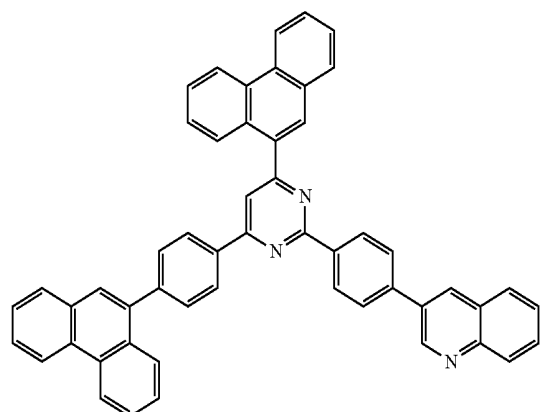


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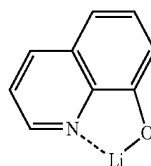
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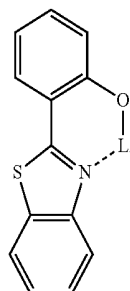
ET13

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ET-D1

10

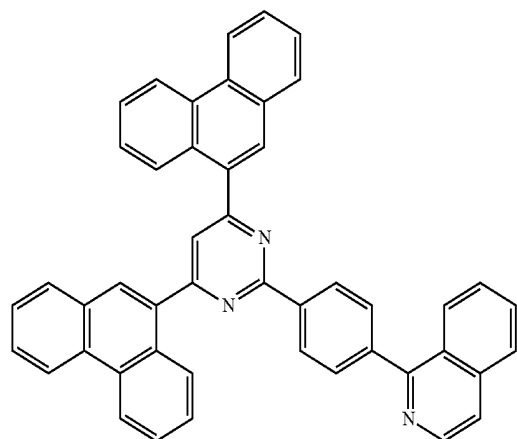


ET-D2

15

ET14

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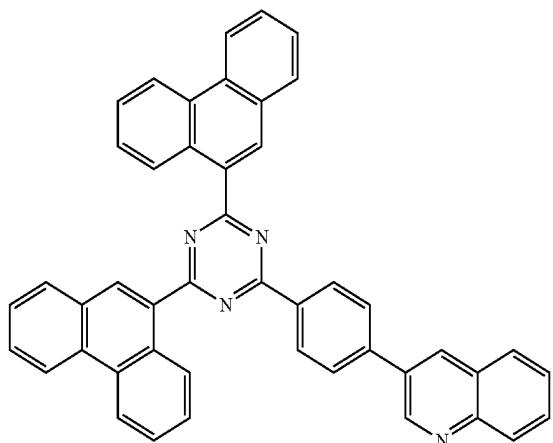


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ET15

40



50

A thickness of the ETL may be about 100Å to about 1,000 Å, e.g., about 150 Å to about 500 Å. When the thickness of the ETL is within these ranges, the ETL may have satisfactory electron transporting ability without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

In an implementation, the ETL may further include a metal-containing material, in addition to the above-described materials.

The metal-containing material may include a lithium (Li) complex. Non-limiting examples of the Li complex may include compound ET-D1 (lithium quinolate (LiQ)), or compound ET-D2.

The electron transport region may include an EIL that may facilitate injection of electrons from the second electrode **190**.

The EIL may be formed on the ETL by using any of a variety of methods, e.g., by using vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) deposition, inkjet printing, laser printing, laser induced thermal imaging (LITI), or the like. When the EIL is formed using vacuum deposition or spin coating, the deposition and coating conditions for forming the EIL may be similar to the above-described deposition and coating conditions for forming the HIL, and accordingly may not be described in detail.

The EIL may include at least one selected from LiF, NaCl, CsF, Li<sub>2</sub>O, BaO, and LiQ.

A thickness of the EIL may be about 1Å to about 100 Å, e.g., about 3Å to about 90Å. When the thickness of the EIL is within these ranges, the EIL may have satisfactory electron injection ability without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

The second electrode **190** may be disposed on the organic layer **150**, as described above. The second electrode **190** may be a cathode as an electron injecting electrode. A material for forming the second electrode **190** may be, e.g., a metal, an alloy, an electrically conductive compound, which have a low-work function, or a mixture thereof. Non-limiting examples of materials for forming the second electrode **190** may include lithium (Li), magnesium (Mg), aluminum (Al), aluminum-lithium (Al—Li), calcium (Ca), magnesium-indium (Mg—In), and magnesium-silver (Mg—Ag). In an implementation, a material for forming the second electrode **190** may be ITO or IZO. The second electrode **190** may be a reflective electrode, a semi-transmissive electrode, or a transmissive electrode.

Although the organic light-emitting device of FIG. 1 is described above, embodiments are not limited thereto.

As used herein, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group refers to a monovalent linear or branched aliphatic hydrocarbon group having 1 to 60 carbon atoms. Non-limiting examples of the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group are a methyl group, an ethyl group, a propyl group, an isobutyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, a pentyl group, an iso-amyl group, and a hexyl group. A C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkylene group refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group.

As used herein, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group refers to a monovalent group represented by —OA<sub>101</sub> (where A<sub>101</sub> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group as described above). Non-limiting

examples of the  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkoxy group are a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, and an isopropoxy group.

As used herein, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group refers to a hydrocarbon group including at least one carbon double bond in the middle or terminal of the  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group. Non-limiting examples of the  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group are an ethenyl group, a propenyl group, and a butenyl group. A  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkylene group refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group.

As used herein, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group refers to a hydrocarbon group including at least one carbon triple bond in the middle or terminal of the  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group. Non-limiting examples of the  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group are an ethynyl group and a propynyl group. A  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynylene group refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group.

As used herein, a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group refers to a monovalent, monocyclic saturated hydrocarbon group having 3 to 10 carbon atoms. Non-limiting examples of the  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group are a cyclopropyl group, a cyclobutyl group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, and a cycloheptyl group. A  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylene group refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group.

As used herein, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group refers to a monovalent monocyclic group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms in which at least one hetero atom selected from N, O, P, and S is included as a ring-forming atom. Non-limiting examples of the  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group are a tetrahydrofuryl group and a tetrahydrothiophenyl group. A  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkylene group refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group.

As used herein, a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group refers to a monovalent monocyclic group having 3 to 10 carbon atoms that includes at least one double bond in the ring but does not have aromaticity. Non-limiting examples of the  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group are a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, and a cycloheptenyl group. A  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylene group refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group.

As used herein, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group refers to a monovalent monocyclic group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms that includes at least one double bond in the ring and in which at least one hetero atom selected from N, O, P, and S is included as a ring-forming atom. Non-limiting examples of the  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group are a 2,3-hydrofuryl group and a 2,3-hydrothiophenyl group. A  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenylene group refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group.

As used herein, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group refers to a monovalent, aromatic carbocyclic group having 6 to 60 carbon atoms, and a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylene group refers to a divalent, aromatic carbocyclic group having 6 to 60 carbon atoms. Non-limiting examples of the  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group are a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, a pyrenyl group, and a chrysenyl group. When the  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group and the  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylene group include at least two rings, the rings may be fused to each other.

As used herein, a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroaryl group refers to a monovalent, aromatic carbocyclic group having 1 to 60 carbon atoms in which at least one hetero atom selected from N, O, P, and S is included as a ring-forming atom, and 1 to 60 carbon atoms. A  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroarylene group refers to a divalent, aromatic carbocyclic group having 1 to 60 carbon atoms in which at least one hetero atom selected from N, O,

P, and S is included as a ring-forming atom. Non-limiting examples of the  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroaryl group are a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a triazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, and an isoquinolinyl group. When the  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroaryl group and the  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroarylene group include at least two rings, the rings may be fused to each other.

As used herein, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryloxy group indicates  $-OA_{102}$  (where  $A_{102}$  is a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group as described above), and a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylthio group indicates  $-SA_{103}$  (where  $A_{103}$  is a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group as described above).

As used herein, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group refers to a monovalent group having at least two rings condensed to each other, in which only carbon atoms (for example, 8 to 60 carbon atoms) are exclusively included as ring-forming atoms and the entire molecule represents non-aromaticity. A non-limiting example of the monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group is a fluorenyl group. A divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group.

As used herein, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group refers to a monovalent group having at least two rings condensed to each other, in which carbon atoms (for example, 2 to 60 carbon atoms) and a hetero atom selected from N, O, P, and S are ring-forming atoms and the entire molecule represents non-aromaticity. A non-limiting example of the monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group is a carbazolyl group. A divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

As used herein, at least one substituent of the substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylene group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkylene group, the substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylene group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenylene group, the substituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylene group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroarylene group, the substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, the substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group, the substituted  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group, the substituted  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkoxy group, the substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group, the substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group, the substituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group, the substituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryloxy group, the substituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylthio group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroaryl group, the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group may be selected from:

a deuterium,  $-F$ ,  $-Cl$ ,  $-Br$ ,  $-I$ , a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group, and a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkoxy group,

a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group, and a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium,  $-F$ ,  $-Cl$ ,  $-Br$ ,  $-I$ , a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocy-

cloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q<sub>11</sub>)(Q<sub>12</sub>), —B(Q<sub>13</sub>)(Q<sub>14</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>15</sub>)(Q<sub>16</sub>)(Q<sub>17</sub>),

a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group,

a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q<sub>21</sub>)(Q<sub>22</sub>), —B(Q<sub>23</sub>)(Q<sub>24</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>25</sub>)(Q<sub>26</sub>)(Q<sub>27</sub>), and

—N(Q<sub>31</sub>)(Q<sub>32</sub>), —B(Q<sub>33</sub>)(Q<sub>34</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>35</sub>)(Q<sub>36</sub>)(Q<sub>37</sub>),

wherein Q<sub>11</sub> to Q<sub>17</sub>, Q<sub>21</sub> to Q<sub>27</sub>, and Q<sub>31</sub> to Q<sub>37</sub> may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

For example, at least one substituent of the substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkylene group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkylene group, the substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenylene group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenylene group, the substituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylene group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroarylene group, the substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, the substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, the substituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, the substituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, the substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, the substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, the substituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, the substituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, the substituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, the substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, the

substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group may be selected from:

a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group,

a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolyl group, an isoquinolyl group, a benzoquinolyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuran group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, an imidazopyrimidinyl group, —N(Q<sub>11</sub>)(Q<sub>12</sub>), —B(Q<sub>13</sub>)(Q<sub>14</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>15</sub>)(Q<sub>16</sub>)(Q<sub>17</sub>),

a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovarenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolyl group, an isoquinolyl group, a benzoquinolyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a

naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group,

a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovarenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovarenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a

quinazoliny group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, an imidazopyrimidinyl group, —N(Q<sub>21</sub>)(Q<sub>22</sub>), —B(Q<sub>23</sub>)(Q<sub>24</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>25</sub>)(Q<sub>26</sub>)(Q<sub>27</sub>), and —N(Q<sub>31</sub>)(Q<sub>32</sub>), —B(Q<sub>33</sub>)(Q<sub>34</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>35</sub>)(Q<sub>36</sub>)(Q<sub>37</sub>),

wherein Q<sub>11</sub> to Q<sub>17</sub>, Q<sub>21</sub> to Q<sub>27</sub>, and Q<sub>31</sub> to Q<sub>37</sub> may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovarenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group.

The acronym “Ph” used herein refers to a phenyl group, the acronym “Me” used herein refers to a methyl group, the acronym “Et” used herein refers to an ethyl group, and the acronym “ter-Bu” or “Bu” used herein refers to a tert-butyl group.

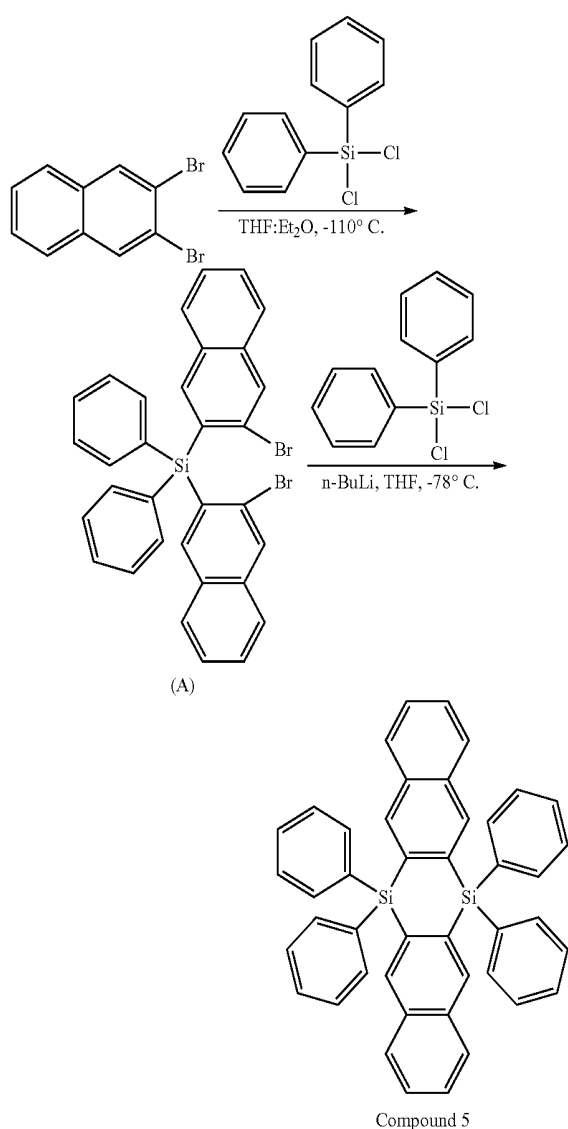
One or more embodiments, which include condensed cyclic compounds, and organic light-emitting devices including the same, will now be described in detail with reference to the following examples. In the following synthesis example(s), the expression that “‘B’ instead of ‘A’ was used” means that the amounts of ‘B’ and ‘A’ were the same in equivalent amounts.

The following Examples and Comparative Examples are provided in order to highlight characteristics of one or more embodiments, but it will be understood that the Examples and Comparative Examples are not to be construed as

limiting the scope of the embodiments, nor are the Comparative Examples to be construed as being outside the scope of the embodiments. Further, it will be understood that the embodiments are not limited to the particular details described in the Examples and Comparative Examples.

## EXAMPLES

## Synthesis Example 1: Synthesis of Compound 5 (TPDSiN)



## Synthesis of Compound (A)

5 g (17.5 mmol) of 2,3-dibromonaphthalene and 150 mL of a mixed solvent of anhydrous THF and Et<sub>2</sub>O (1:1) were put into a 500-mL 3-necked flask, and then cooled down to about -110° C. in a cooling bath (EtOH, Et<sub>2</sub>O/Liq-N<sub>2</sub> bath.), followed by slowly adding 7.2 mL (2.88 mmol) of n-BuLi (2.5 M) thereto. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred under a nitrogen atmosphere for about 30 minutes, and then a dilute solution of 2.2 g (8.75 mmol) of dichlorodiphenylsilane in 80 mL of a mixed solvent of anhydrous THF and

Et<sub>2</sub>O (1:1) was slowly dropwise added to the reaction mixture, followed by stirring at the same temperature for about 30 minutes. After slowly raising temperature to ambient temperature, the reaction mixture was stirred for 12 hours, followed by adding distilled water to terminate the reaction, extracting with diethyl ether three times (100 mL each time), drying with anhydrous magnesium sulfate (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), and removing the solvent with a rotary evaporator. The residue was separated by column chromatography (n-hexane/dichloromethane, 15:1) to obtain 1.15 g of Compound (A) as a white solid (Yield: 22%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 7.42-7.51 (m, 14H), 7.86-7.84 (m, 6H), 8.63 (s, 2H).

## Synthesis of Compound 5 (TPDSiN)

1.15 g (1.94 mmol) of Compound (A) and 50 mL of anhydrous THF were put into a 100-mL 3-necked flask, and then cooled down to about -78° C. in a cooling bath (EtOAc/Liq-N<sub>2</sub> bath.), followed by adding 1.6 mL (0.64 mmol) of n-BuLi (2.5 M) thereto. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred under a nitrogen atmosphere for about 1 hour, and then a dilute solution of 0.98 g (3.88 mmol) of dichlorodiphenylsilane in 20 mL of anhydrous THF was slowly dropwise added to the reaction mixture, followed by stirring at the same temperature for about 30 minutes. After slowly raising temperature to ambient temperature, the reaction mixture was stirred for 24 hours, followed by adding 30 mL of distilled water to terminate the reaction, extracting with Et<sub>2</sub>O three times (50 mL each time), drying with anhydrous magnesium sulfate (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), and removing the solvent with a rotary evaporator. The residue was separated by column chromatography (n-hexane/ethyl acetate, 20:1) to obtain 0.61 g of Compound 5 (TPDSiN) as a white solid (Yield: 51%).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 7.55-7.65 (m, 14H), 7.88-7.96 (m, 14H), 8.21 (d, 4H); HRMS (FAB+) m/z 616.21.

## Evaluation Example 1: Characteristics Evaluation of Compound 5

## Evaluation of Spectroscopic Characteristics of Compound 5

UV absorption and photoluminescence (PL) spectra of Compound 5, and low-temperature PL spectrum thereof were measured using the methods described in Table 1. The results are shown in FIG. 2.

TABLE 1

"UV_solution" spectrum	Compound 5 was dissolved in CHCl <sub>3</sub> to a concentration of 1 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> M, and then UV absorption spectrum thereof were measured at ambient temperature using a Shimadzu UV-350 Spectrometer.
"PL_solution" spectrum	A solution of Compound 5 in CHCl <sub>3</sub> to a concentration of 1 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> M was subjected to PL spectrum measurement at ambient temperature using an ISC PC1 Spectrofluorometer equipped with a Xenon lamp.
"PL_low temperature" spectrum	A solution of Compound 5 in CHCl <sub>3</sub> to a concentration of 1 × 10 <sup>-5</sup> M was subjected to PL spectrum measurement at a low temperature (77 K) using an ISC PC1 Spectrofluorometer equipped with a Xenon lamp.

Referring to FIG. 2, Compound 5 exhibited suitable spectroscopic characteristics for use as a material for organic light-emitting devices.

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Evaluation of Electrochemical Characteristics of Compound 5

Electrochemical characteristics of Compound 5 were measured using cyclic voltammetry (CV) (Electrolyte: 0.1 M Bu<sub>4</sub>NClO<sub>4</sub>/Solvent: CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/Electrode: 3-electrode system (working electrode: GC, reference electrode: Ag/AgCl, auxiliary electrode; Pt)). The results are shown in FIG. 3.

Referring to FIG. 3, Compound 5 exhibited suitable electrical electrochemical characteristics for use as a material for organic light-emitting devices.

Evaluation of HOMO and LUMO Energy Levels of Compound 5

A lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO) energy level of Compound 5 was calculated using a reduction onset in FIG. 3. A highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO) energy level of Compound 5 was calculated using an optical band gap (E<sub>g</sub>) based on the UV absorption edge in FIG. 2. The results are shown in Table 2. For comparison, data obtained from the UV absorption and PL spectra are also shown in Table 2. The HOMO and LUMO energy levels represent absolute values.

TABLE 2

UV (nm)	PL (nm)	E <sub>T</sub> (eV)	E <sub>g</sub> (eV)	HOMO (eV)	LUMO (eV)
250, 273, 327, 341	364	3.01	3.52	5.81	2.29

Referring to Table 2, Compound 5 was found to have a HOMO-LUMO energy gap that is suitable for used as a material, e.g., a host material, for organic light-emitting devices.

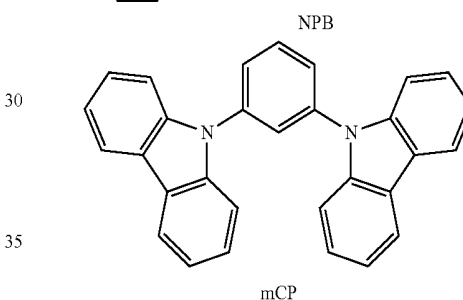
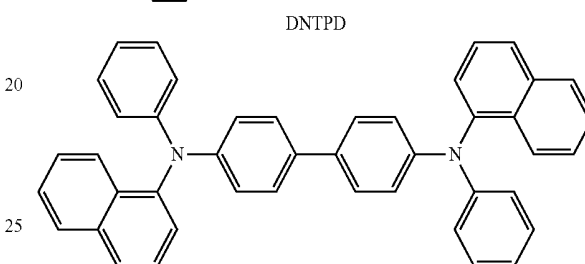
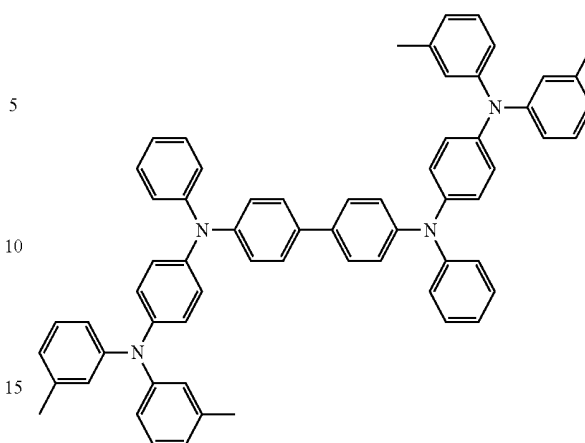
## Example 1

A 15 Ω/cm<sup>2</sup> (1,000 Å) ITO glass substrate (available from Corning Co., Ltd) was cut to a size of 50 mm×50 mm×0.7 mm and then sonicated in isopropyl alcohol and pure water each for 5 minutes, and then cleaned by irradiation of ultraviolet rays for 30 minutes and exposure to ozone. The resulting ITO glass substrate was mounted into a vacuum deposition apparatus.

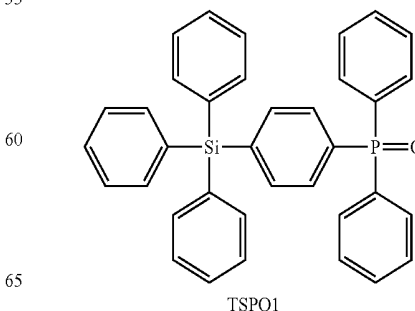
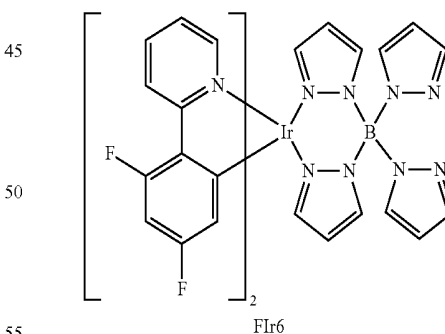
After DNTPD was deposited on the ITO anode to form an HIL having a thickness of about 600Å, NPB was deposited on the HIL to form a HTL having a thickness of about 100Å, mCP was deposited on the HTL to form an electron blocking layer (EBL) having a thickness of about 200Å, and then Compound 5 (host) and FIR6 (dopant) were co-deposited in a weight ratio of 90:10 to form an EML having a thickness of about 400Å on the EBL.

Next, TSPO1 was deposited on the EML to form a first ETL having a thickness of about 300Å, and then TmPyPb was deposited on the first ETL to form a second ETL having a thickness of about 250Å. Then, LiF was deposited on the second ETL to form an EIL having a thickness of about 10Å, and Al was then deposited on the EIL to form a cathode having a thickness of about 1000Å, thereby manufacturing an organic light-emitting device.

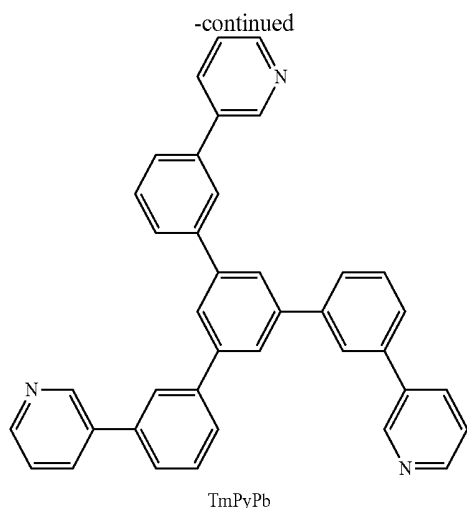
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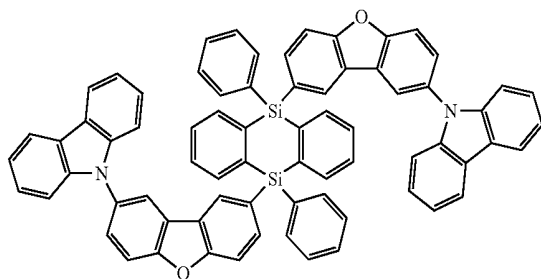
Example 2

An organic light-emitting device was manufactured in the same manner as in Example 1, except that Compound 1, instead of Compound 5, was used as a host to form the EML.

Comparative Example 1

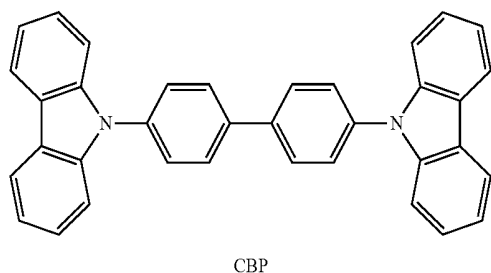
An organic light-emitting device was manufactured in the same manner as in Example 1, except that Compound A, below, instead of Compound 5, was used as a host to form the EML.

Compound A



Comparative Example 2

An organic light-emitting device was manufactured in the same manner as in Example 1, except that CBP, below, instead of Compound 5, was used as a dopant to form the EML.



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Evaluation Example 2

Driving voltages, current densities, luminances, efficiencies, and half-lifetimes of the organic light-emitting devices of Examples 1 and 2 and Comparative Examples 1 and 2 were evaluated using a Kethley Source-Measure Unit (SMU 236) and a PR650 (Spectroscan) Source Measurement Unit. (available from Photo Research, Inc.). The results are shown in Table 3.

TABLE 3

Example	Host of EML	Driving voltage (V)	Current density (mA/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Luminance (cd/m <sup>2</sup> )	Efficiency (cd/A)	CIE x
Example 1	Compound 5	6.5	4.16	500	12	0.18
Example 2	Compound 1	7.0	4.54	500	11	0.17
Comparative Example 1	Compound A	7.8	7.14	500	7	0.18
Comparative Example 2	CBP	7.5	8.33	500	6	0.19

Referring to Table 3, it may be seen that the organic light-emitting devices of Examples 1 and 2 had lower driving voltages and improved efficiency characteristics, as compared to the organic light-emitting devices of Comparative Examples 1 and 2.

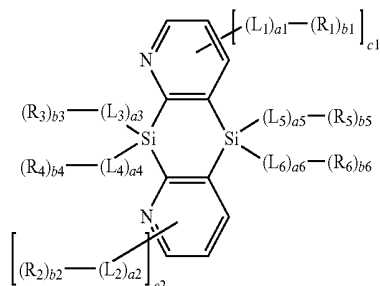
As described above, according to the one or more of the above embodiments, an organic light-emitting device including the condensed cyclic compounds of Formula 1 may have a low driving voltage, a high efficiency and a high luminance.

Example embodiments have been disclosed herein, and although specific terms are employed, they are used and are to be interpreted in a generic and descriptive sense only and not for purpose of limitation. In some instances, as would be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art as of the filing of the present application, features, characteristics, and/or elements described in connection with a particular embodiment may be used singly or in combination with features, characteristics, and/or elements described in connection with other embodiments unless otherwise specifically indicated. Accordingly, it will be understood by those of skill in the art that various changes in form and details may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention as set forth in the following claims.

What is claimed is:

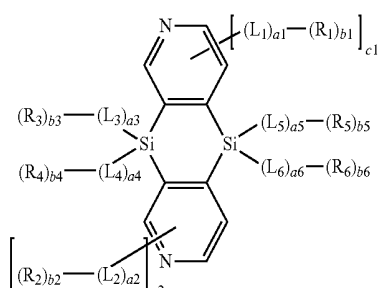
1. A condensed cyclic compound represented by one of Formulae 1A to 1C and 1E:

<Formula 1A>



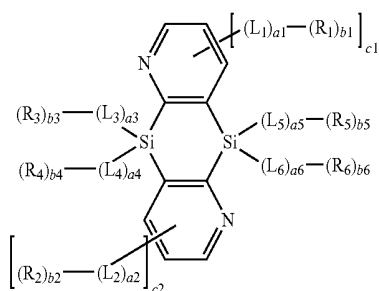
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-continued



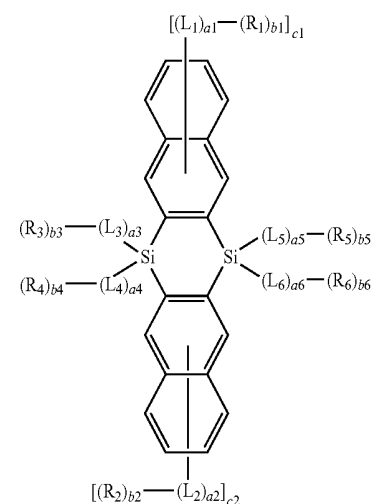
&lt;Formula 1B&gt;

5



&lt;Formula 1C&gt;

15



&lt;Formula 1E&gt;

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

60

65

wherein, in Formula 1A to 1C and 1E,

$L_1$  to  $L_6$  are each independently selected from a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroarylene group, a substituted or unsubstituted divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a substituted or unsubstituted divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group;

$a_1$  to  $a_6$  are each independently selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3;

$R_1$  to  $R_6$  are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium,  $-F$ ,  $-Cl$ ,  $-Br$ ,  $-I$ , a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group, a

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substituted or unsubstituted  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group,  $-N(Q_1)(Q_2)$ ,  $-B(Q_3)(Q_4)$ , and  $-Si(Q_5)(Q_6)(Q_7)$ ;

$b_1$  to  $b_6$  are each independently selected from 1, 2, and 3;  $c_1$  and  $c_2$  are each independently selected from 1, 2, and 3;

wherein at least one substituent of the substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkylene group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkylene group, the substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenylene group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenylene group, the substituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylene group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroarylene group, the substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, the substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, the substituted  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group, the substituted  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group, the substituted  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkoxy group, the substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group, the substituted  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group, the substituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group, the substituted  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$  aryloxy group, the substituted  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylthio group, the substituted  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heteroaryl group, the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group is selected from

a deuterium,  $-F$ ,  $-Cl$ ,  $-Br$ ,  $-I$ , a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group, and a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkoxy group;

a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  alkyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkenyl group, a  $C_2$ - $C_{60}$  alkynyl group, and a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium,  $-F$ ,  $-Cl$ ,  $-Br$ ,  $-I$ , a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine, a hydrazone, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryloxy group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylthio group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group,  $-N(Q_{11})(Q_{12})$ ,  $-B(Q_{13})(Q_{14})$ , and  $-Si(Q_{15})(Q_{16})(Q_{17})$ ;

a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkyl group, a  $C_3$ - $C_{10}$  cycloalkenyl group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{10}$  heterocycloalkenyl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryl group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  aryloxy group, a  $C_6$ - $C_{60}$  arylthio group, a  $C_1$ - $C_{60}$  heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed

polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group;

a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, each substituted with at least one of a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine, a hydrazone, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryloxy group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> arylthio group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q<sub>21</sub>)(Q<sub>22</sub>), —B(Q<sub>23</sub>)(Q<sub>24</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>25</sub>)(Q<sub>26</sub>)(Q<sub>27</sub>); and —N(Q<sub>31</sub>)(Q<sub>32</sub>), —B(Q<sub>33</sub>)(Q<sub>34</sub>), and —Si(Q<sub>35</sub>)(Q<sub>36</sub>)(Q<sub>37</sub>).

wherein Q<sub>1</sub> to Q<sub>7</sub>, Q<sub>11</sub> to Q<sub>17</sub>, Q<sub>21</sub> to Q<sub>27</sub>, and Q<sub>31</sub> to Q<sub>37</sub> are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkenyl group, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkynyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> alkoxy group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkyl group, a C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> cycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> heterocycloalkenyl group, a C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> aryl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

2. The condensed cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein L<sub>1</sub> to L<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1A to 1C and 1E are each independently selected from

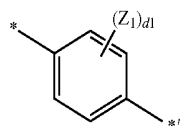
a phenylene group, a pentalenylene group, an indenylene group, a naphthylene group, an azulenylene group, a heptalenylene group, an indacenylene group, an acenaphthylene group, a fluorenylene group, a spiro-fluorenylene group, a benzofluorenylene group, a dibenzofluorenylene group, a phenalenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylene group, a fluoranthenylene group, a triphenylenylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a naphthacenylenylene group, a picenylene group, a perylenylene group, a pentaphenylene group, a hexacenylenylene group, a pentacenylenylene group, a rubicenylenylene group, a coronenylenylene group, an ovalenylenylene group, a pyrrolylenylene group, a thiophenylenylene group, a furanylenylene group, an imidazolylene group, a pyrazolylene group, a thiazolylene group, an isothiazolylene group, an oxazolylene group, an isooxazolylene group, a pyridinylene group, a pyrazinylene group, a pyrimidinylene group, a pyridazinylene group, an isoindolylene group, an indolylene group, an indazolylene group, a purinylene group, a quinolinylene group, an isoquinolinylene group, a benzoquinolinylene group, a phthalazinylene group, a naphthyridinylene group, a

quinoxalinylene group, a quinazolinylene group, a cinolinylene group, a carbazolylene group, a phenanthridinylene group, an acridinylene group, a phenanthrolinylene group, a phenazinylene group, a benzoimidazolylene group, a benzofuranylenylene group, a benzothiophenylene group, an isobenzothiazolylene group, a benzooxazolylene group, an isobenzooxazolylene group, a triazolylene group, a tetrazolylene group, an oxadiazolylene group, a triazinylene group, a dibenzofuranylenylene group, a dibenzothiophenylene group, a benzocarbazolylene group, a dibenzocarbazolylene group, a thiadiazolylene group, an imidazopyridinylene group, and an imidazopyrimidinylene group; and

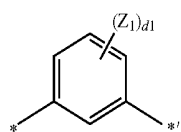
a phenylene group, a pentalenylene group, an indenylene group, a naphthylene group, an azulenylene group, a heptalenylene group, an indacenylene group, an acenaphthylene group, a fluorenylene group, a spiro-fluorenylene group, a benzofluorenylene group, a dibenzofluorenylene group, a phenalenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylene group, a fluoranthenylene group, a triphenylenylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a naphthacenylenylene group, a picenylene group, a perylenylene group, a pentaphenylene group, a hexacenylenylene group, a pentacenylenylene group, a rubicenylenylene group, a coronenylenylene group, an ovalenylenylene group, a pyrrolylenylene group, a thiophenylenylene group, a furanylenylene group, an imidazolylene group, a pyrazolylene group, a thiazolylene group, an isothiazolylene group, an oxazolylene group, an isooxazolylene group, a pyridinylene group, a pyrazinylene group, a pyrimidinylene group, a pyridazinylene group, an isoindolylene group, an indolylene group, an indazolylene group, a purinylene group, a quinolinylene group, an isoquinolinylene group, a benzoquinolinylene group, a phthalazinylene group, a naphthyridinylene group, a quinoxalinylene group, a quinazolinylene group, a cinolinylene group, a carbazolylene group, a phenanthridinylene group, an acridinylene group, a phenanthrolinylene group, a phenazinylene group, a benzoimidazolylene group, a benzofuranylenylene group, a benzothiophenylene group, an isobenzothiazolylene group, a benzooxazolylene group, an isobenzooxazolylene group, a triazolylene group, a tetrazolylene group, an oxadiazolylene group, a triazinylene group, a dibenzofuranylenylene group, a dibenzothiophenylene group, a benzocarbazolylene group, a dibenzocarbazolylene group, a thiadiazolylene group, an imidazopyridinylene group, and an imidazopyrimidinylene group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenylenyl

group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphe-  
nyl group, a hexaceny group, a pentaceny group, a  
rubiceny group, a coronenyl group, an ovalenyl group,  
a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, 5  
an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl  
group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an  
isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl  
group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an  
10 isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group,  
a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl  
group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group,  
a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a qui-  
15 nazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group,  
a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenan-  
throlinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl  
group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group,  
20 an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzooxazolyl group, an  
isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl  
group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a diben-  
zofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzo-  
25 carbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadi-  
azolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an  
imidazopyrimidinyl group.

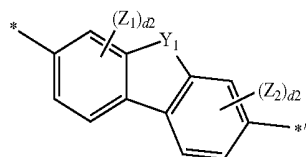
3. The condensed cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein  $L_1$  30  
to  $L_6$  in Formula 1A to 1C and 1E are each independently a  
group represented by one of Formulae 3-1 to 3-32:



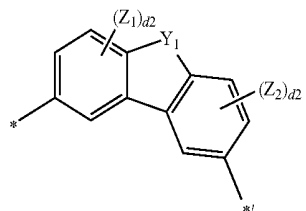
Formula 3-1 35



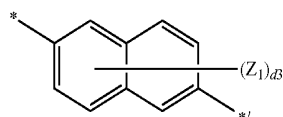
Formula 3-2 40



Formula 3-3 45

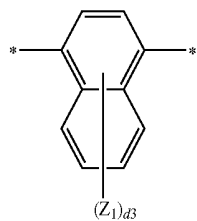


Formula 3-4 50

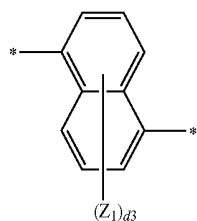


Formula 3-5 55

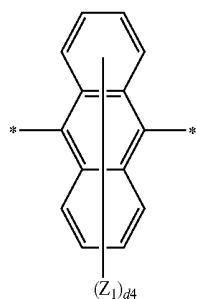
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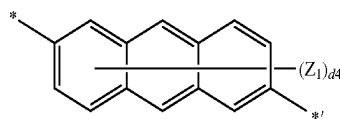
Formula 3-6



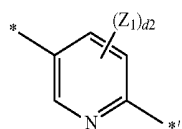
Formula 3-7



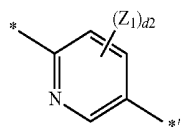
Formula 3-8



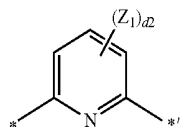
Formula 3-9



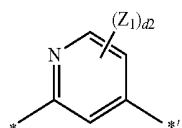
Formula 3-10



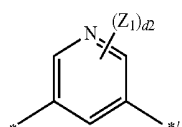
Formula 3-11



Formula 3-12



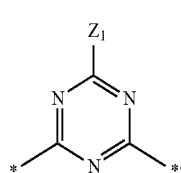
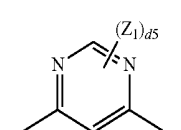
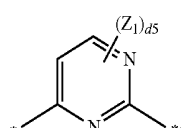
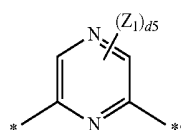
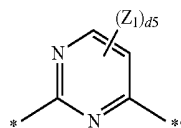
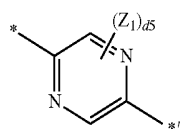
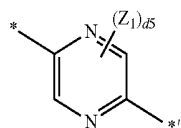
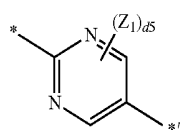
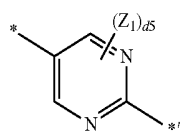
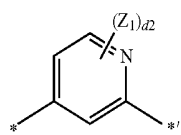
Formula 3-13



Formula 3-14

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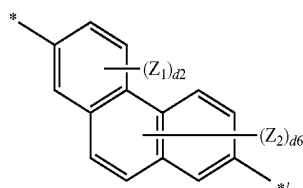
101  
-continued



102  
-continued

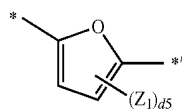
Formula 3-15

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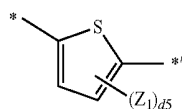
Formula 3-16

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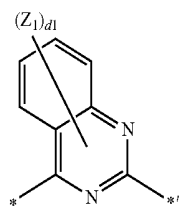
Formula 3-17

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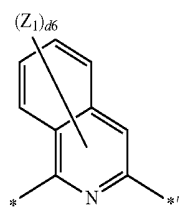
Formula 3-18

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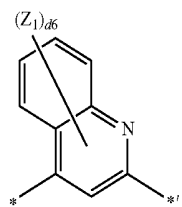
Formula 3-19

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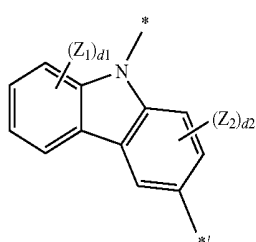
Formula 3-20

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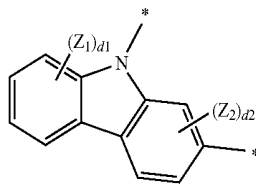
Formula 3-21

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Formula 3-22

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Formula 3-23

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Formula 3-24

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Formula 3-25

Formula 3-26

Formula 3-27

Formula 3-28

Formula 3-29

Formula 3-30

Formula 3-31

Formula 3-32

wherein, in Formulae 3-1 to 3-32,

$Y_1$  is O, S,  $C(Z_3)(Z_4)$ ,  $N(Z_5)$ , or  $Si(Z_6)(Z_7)$ ;

$Z_1$  to  $Z_7$  are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium,  $-F$ ,  $-Cl$ ,  $-Br$ ,  $-I$ , a hydroxyl group, a

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cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spirofluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a quinoxaliny group, a quinoxaliny group, a carbazolyl group, and a triazinyl group;

d1 is an integer selected from 1 to 4;

d2 is an integer selected from 1 to 3;

d3 is an integer selected from 1 to 6;

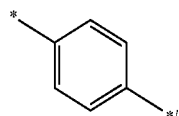
d4 is an integer selected from 1 to 8;

d5 is 1 or 2;

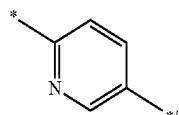
d6 is an integer selected from 1 to 5; and

\* and \*' are binding sites with adjacent atoms.

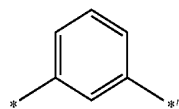
4. The condensed cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein L<sub>1</sub> to L<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1A to 1C and 1E are each independently a group represented by one of Formulae 4-1 to 4-23:



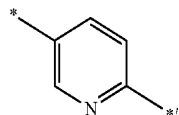
Formula 4-1



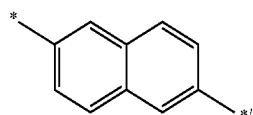
Formula 4-2



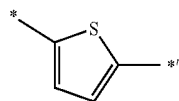
Formula 4-3



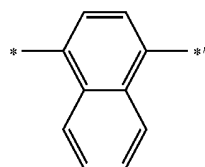
Formula 4-4



Formula 4-5



Formula 4-6

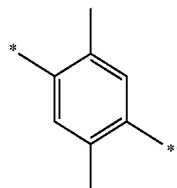


Formula 4-7

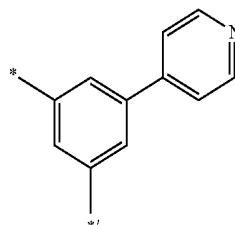
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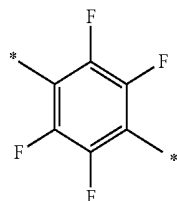
Formula 4-8



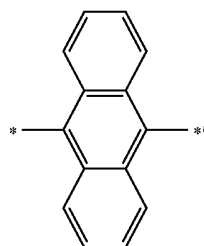
Formula 4-9



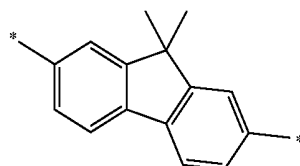
Formula 4-10



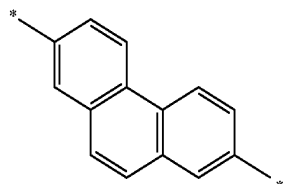
Formula 4-11



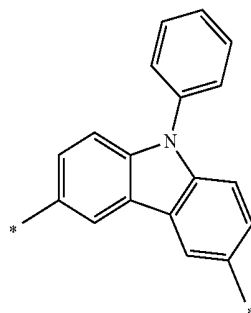
Formula 4-12



Formula 4-13

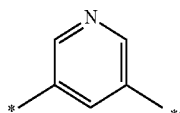
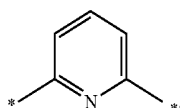
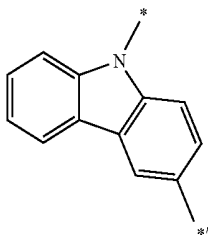
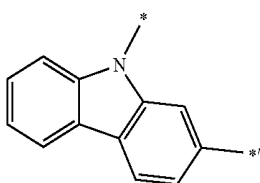
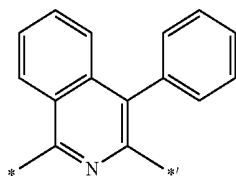
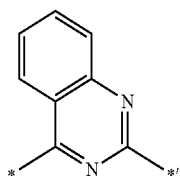
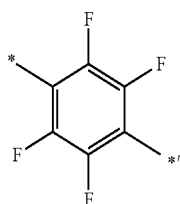
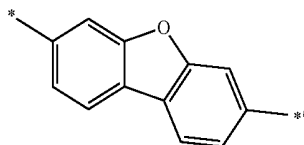
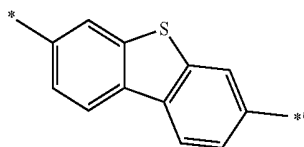


Formula 4-14



65

-continued



wherein, in Formulae 4-1 and 4-23, \* and \*<sup>1</sup> are binding sites with adjacent groups.

Formula 4-15

5. The condensed cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein a1 to a6 in Formula 1A to 1C and 1E are each independently 0 or 1.

Formula 4-16

6. The condensed cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1A to 1C and 1E are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, and —Si(Q<sub>5</sub>)(Q<sub>6</sub>)(Q<sub>7</sub>).

Formula 4-17

7. The condensed cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1A to 1C and 1E are each independently selected from

Formula 4-18

a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine, a hydrazone, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, and a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group;

Formula 4-19

a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthrenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovalenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuran group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzooxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuran group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzosilolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group;

Formula 4-20

a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthrenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovalenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuran group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzooxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuran group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzosilolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group;

Formula 4-21

a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthrenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovalenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuran group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzooxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuran group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzosilolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group;

Formula 4-22

a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthrenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group, a hexacenyl group, a pentacenyl group, a rubicenyl group, a coronenyl group, an ovalenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isooxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a phthalazinyl group, a naphthyridinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazolinyl group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthridinyl group, an acridinyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a phenazinyl group, a benzoimidazolyl group, a benzofuran group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzooxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuran group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzosilolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group;

Formula 4-23

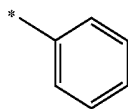
a phenyl group, a pentalenyl group, an indenyl group, a naphthyl group, an azulenyl group, a heptalenyl group, an indacenyl group, an acenaphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a spiro-fluorenyl group, a benzofluorenyl group, a dibenzofluorenyl group, a phenalenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthrenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a naphthacenyl group, a picenyl group, a perylenyl group, a pentaphenyl group,



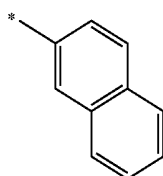
109

zoxazolyl group, an isobenzooxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, a thiadiazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group.

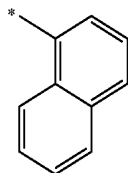
9. The condensed cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> to R<sub>6</sub> in Formula 1A to 1C and 1E are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl group, a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkoxy group and a group represented by one of Formulae 6-1 to 6-49:



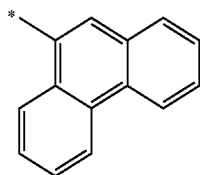
Formula 6-1



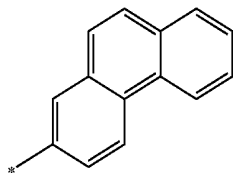
Formula 6-2



Formula 6-3



Formula 6-4



Formula 6-5

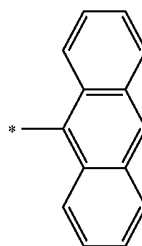


Formula 6-6

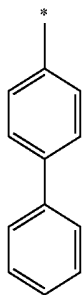
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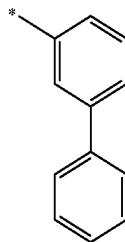
Formula 6-7



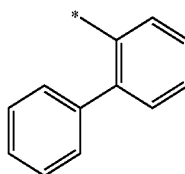
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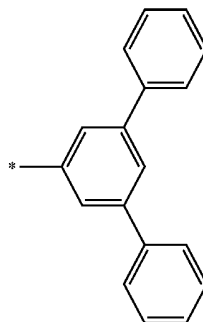
Formula 6-9



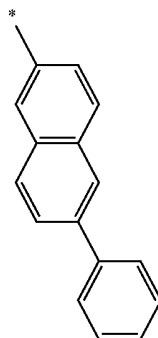
Formula 6-10



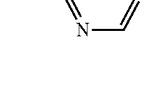
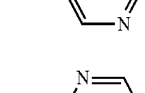
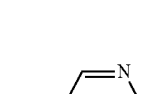
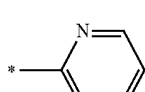
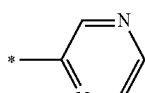
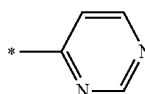
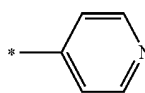
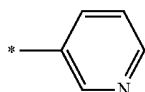
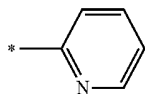
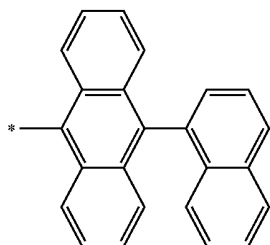
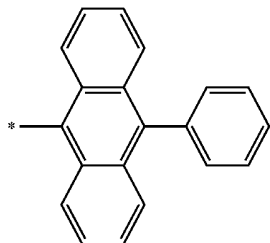
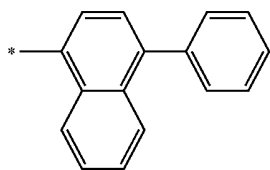
Formula 6-11



Formula 6-12



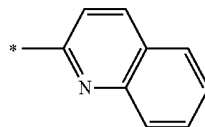
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**112**  
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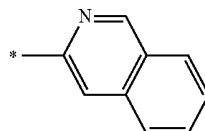
Formula 6-13

5

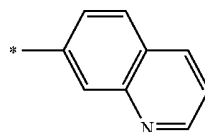


Formula 6-14

10

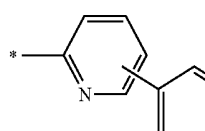


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Formula 6-15

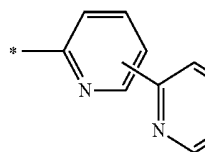
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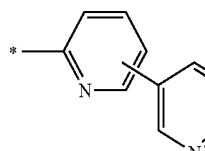
Formula 6-16

30



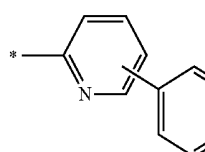
Formula 6-17

35



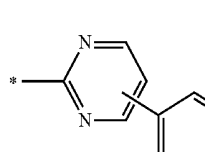
Formula 6-18

40



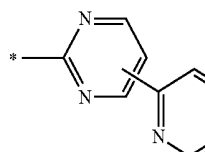
Formula 6-19

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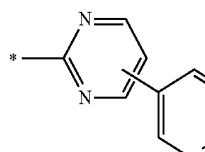
Formula 6-20

50



Formula 6-21

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Formula 6-22

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Formula 6-23

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Formula 6-24

Formula 6-25

Formula 6-26

Formula 6-27

Formula 6-28

Formula 6-29

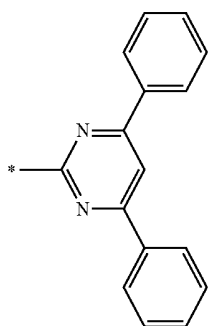
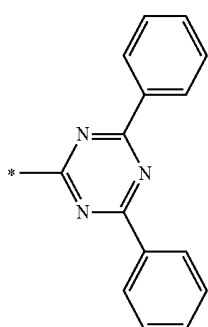
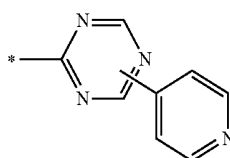
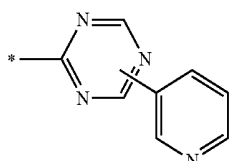
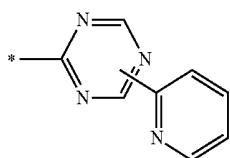
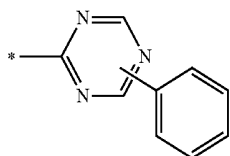
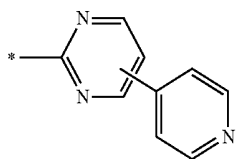
Formula 6-30

Formula 6-31

Formula 6-32

Formula 6-33

**113**  
-continued

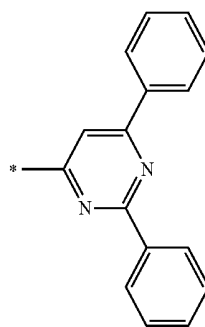


**114**

-continued

Formula 6-34

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Formula 6-35

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Formula 6-36

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Formula 6-37

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Formula 6-38

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Formula 6-39

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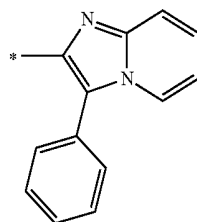
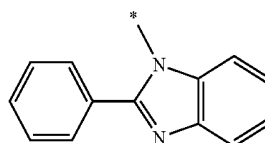
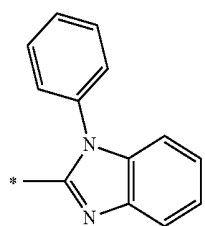
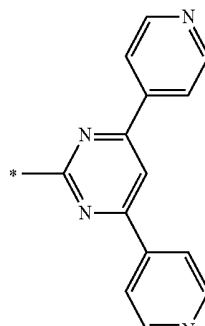
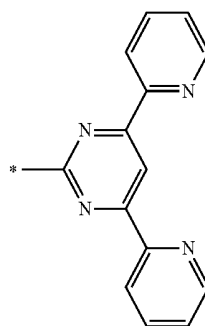
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Formula 6-40

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Formula 6-41

Formula 6-42

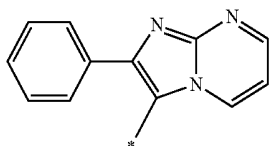
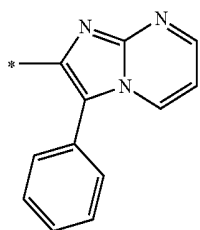
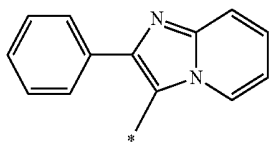
Formula 6-43

Formula 6-44

Formula 6-45

Formula 6-46

**115**  
-continued



wherein, in Formulae 6-1 to 6-49, \* is a binding site with an adjacent atom.

10. The condensed cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein the condensed cyclic compound is represented by one of Formulae 1A(1) to 1A(3), Formulae 1A(5), Formulae 2A(1) to 2A(5), Formula 3A(1), and Formula 4A(1):

**116**  
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Formula 6-47

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Formula 6-48

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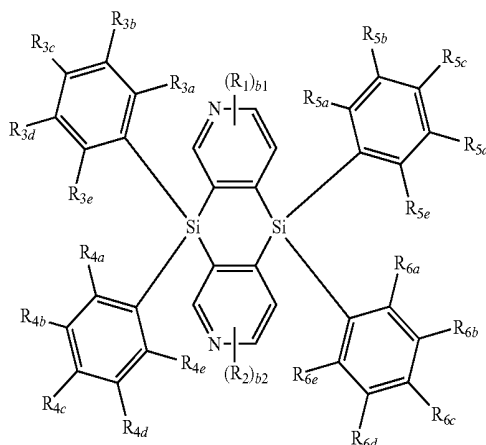
Formula 6-49

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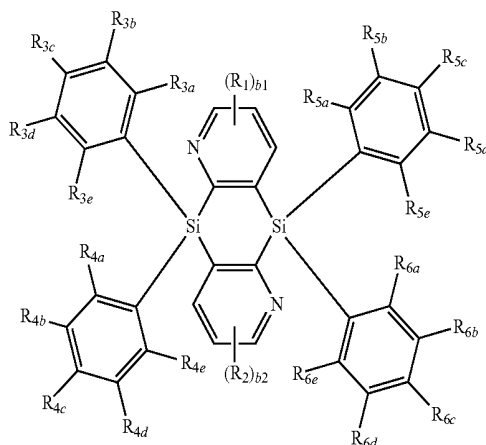
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<Formula 1A(2)>



<Formula 1A(3)>



<Formula 1A(5)>

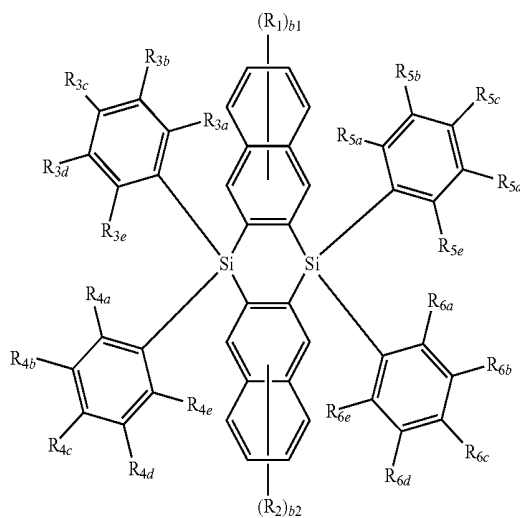
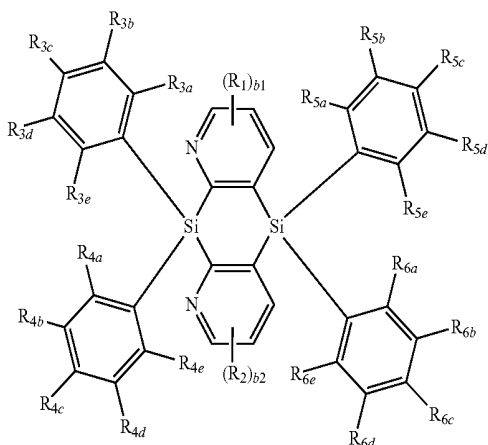
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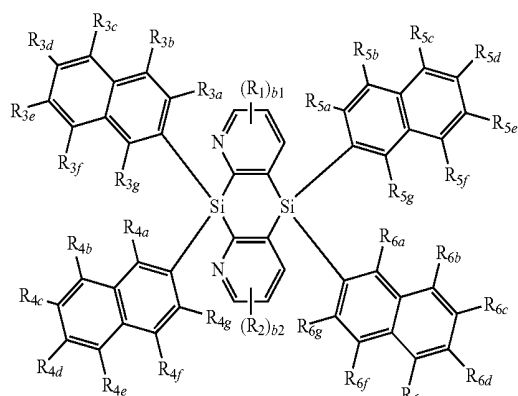
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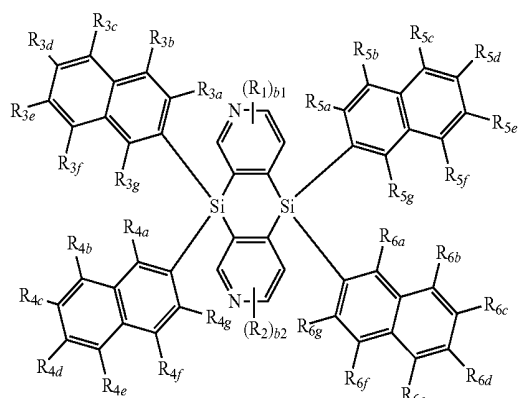
117

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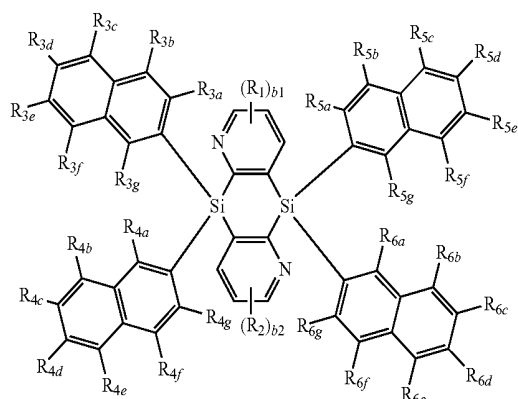
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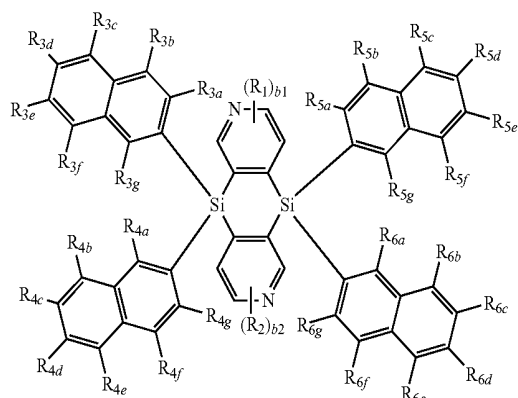
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<Formula 2A(3)>



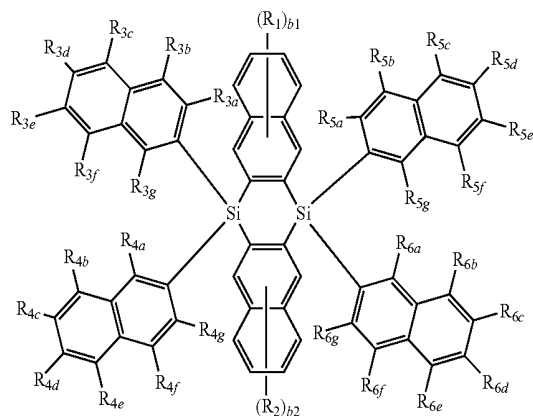
<Formula 2A(4)>



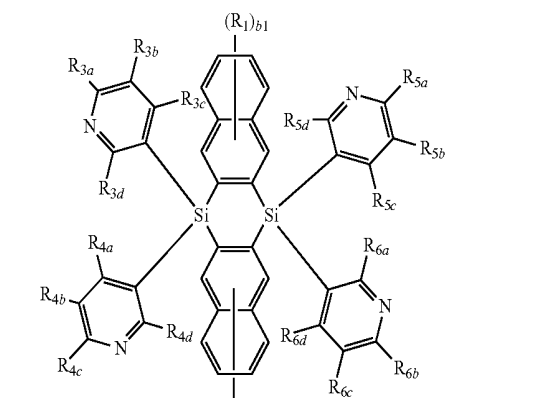
118

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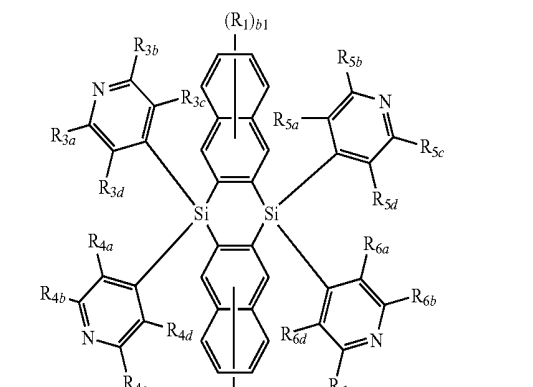
<Formula 2A(5)>



<Formula 3A(1)>



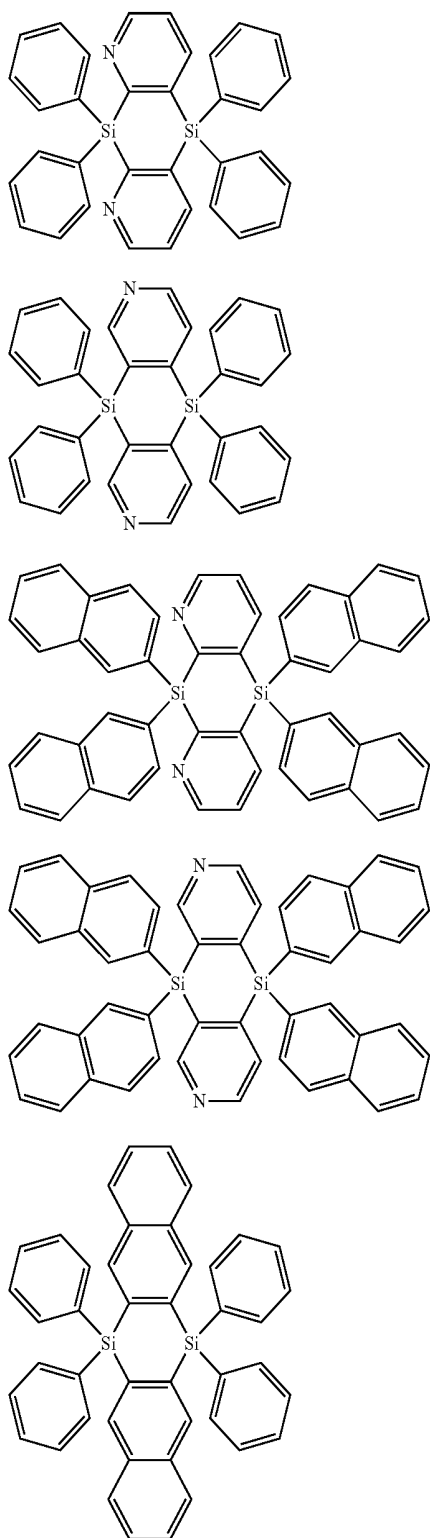
<Formula 4A(1)>



wherein, in Formulae 1A(1) to 1A(3), Formulae 1A(5), Formulae 2A(1) to 2A(5), Formula 3A(1), and Formula 4A(1), R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, b<sub>1</sub>, and b<sub>2</sub> are the same as those defined in claim 1, R<sub>3a</sub> to R<sub>3g</sub> are each independently selected from the same groups as those defined for R<sub>3</sub> in claim 1, R<sub>4a</sub> to R<sub>4g</sub> are each independently selected from the same groups as those defined for R<sub>4</sub> in claim 1, R<sub>5a</sub> to R<sub>5g</sub> are each independently selected from the same groups as those defined for R<sub>5</sub> in claim 1, and R<sub>6a</sub> to R<sub>6g</sub> are each independently selected from the same groups as those defined for R<sub>6</sub> in claim 1.

11. The condensed cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein the condensed cyclic compound is one of Compounds 1 to 7:

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-continued

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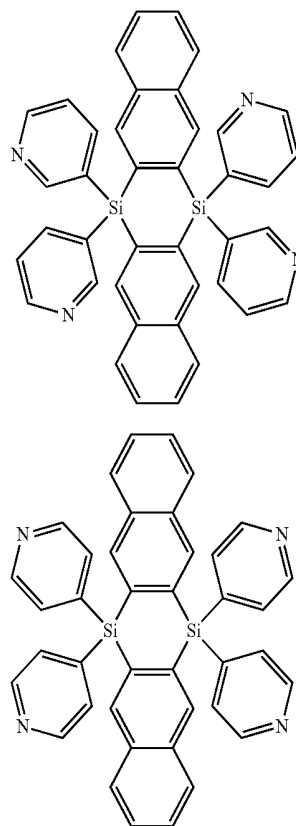
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12. An organic light-emitting device comprising: a first electrode; a second electrode disposed opposite to the first electrode; and an organic layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode and comprising an emission layer, wherein the organic layer comprises at least one of the condensed cyclic compounds of claim 1.

13. The organic light-emitting device of claim 12, wherein the first electrode is an anode,

the second electrode is a cathode, and

the organic layer comprises i) a hole transport region disposed between the first electrode and the emission layer and comprising at least one of a hole injection layer, a hole transport layer, a buffer layer, and an electron blocking layer, and ii) an electron transport region disposed between the emission layer and the second electrode and comprising at least one of a hole blocking layer, an electron transport layer, and an electron injection layer.

14. The organic light-emitting device of claim 12, wherein the emission layer comprises the condensed cyclic compounds of Formula 1A to 1C and 1E.

15. The organic light-emitting device of claim 14, wherein the emission layer further comprises a phosphorescent dopant, and the condensed cyclic compounds serves as a host.

\* \* \* \* \*

专利名称(译)	缩合环状化合物和包括其的有机发光器件		
公开(公告)号	<a href="#">US9818960</a>	公开(公告)日	2017-11-14
申请号	US14/618835	申请日	2015-02-10
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	三星显示有限公司		
申请(专利权)人(译)	三星DISPLAY CO. , LTD. 庆尚大学产学合作基础		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	三星DISPLAY CO. , LTD. 产学合作基础庆尚大学		
[标]发明人	KIM MIKYUNG KIM YUNHI HWANG JAEYOUNG		
发明人	KIM, MIKYUNG KIM, YUNHI HWANG, JAEYOUNG		
IPC分类号	H01L51/00 C07F7/08 H01L51/50		
CPC分类号	H01L51/0094 C07F7/0807 H01L51/5016 H01L51/0085 H01L51/0067		
审查员(译)	LOEWE , ROBERT小号		
优先权	1020140100696 2014-08-05 KR		
其他公开文献	US20160043333A1		
外部链接	<a href="#">Espacenet</a> <a href="#">USPTO</a>		

摘要(译)

缩合环状化合物和有机发光器件，缩合环状化合物由式1表示：

